The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. XCIII. ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 4, 1838. NO. 1.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

WILLIAM BRYAN,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS just received a handsome assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, or to suit customers, at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His stand is directly opposite to Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel.

October 5.

NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the Taxable Inhabitants of School District, No. 38, of Anne Arundel county, comprising the city of Annapolis, will be held on the FIRST SATURDAY, 6th day of JANUARY next, at the Ball Room, at 3 o'clock P. M.

THOS. S. ALEXANDER, Clerk.

December 7, 1837.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court,
December 5th, 1837.

ON application by petition of Jane Gamble, Administratrix of Andrew Gamble, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L. BROWN, Jun'r,
Reg. Wills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel County, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Andrew Gamble, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 5th day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 5th day of December 1837.

JANE GAMBLE, Adm'x.

December 7. 6w.

IN CHANCERY,
15th December, 1837.

ORDERED, That the sales made and reported by Horace Capron and Thomas S. Herbert, trustees for the sale of the real estate of Thomas Snowden, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the 15th day of February next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 15th day of January next. The report states the sales of parcels of said real estate to amount of $14,704 90½.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Dec. 21. 3w.

Maryland, Anne-Arundel County, Sc.

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that Richard Nicholson has this day brought before me as Strays two HORSES, one a black about ten years old with a short nicked tail, has a white spot on his back, very gay, paces, trots and canters, has only one old shoe on; the other is a bay six years old, long tail, trots and canters, a little white on both hind feet, and no shoes on. Given under my hand and seal this 16th December 1837.

BASIL OWINGS,
one of the Justices of the Peace for the Fifth Election District for the County aforesaid.

The owner of the above property is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

RICHARD NICHOLSON,
Bond's Tavern 5th Election District, A. A. County.

Dec. 21.

IN CHANCERY,
4th December, 1837.

ORDERED, That the sale of the real estate of Tobias Boarman, deceased, made and reported by the trustee, Peter Wood Crain, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 4th day of February next, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the fourth day of January next.

The report states the amount of sales to be sixteen hundred and seventeen dollars.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

December 7. 3w.

CITY OF ANNAPOLIS,
December 11th, 1837.

WHEREAS Lewis N. Sewell, Collector of the Tax for the City of Annapolis for the year 1836, hath returned to the Corporation of said City the following List of Real Property on which there is no Personal Property to pay the same, viz:

Persons Assessed.	*Property.*	*Tax Due.*
Bowie, Mrs. E. H.	House & Lot,	$14 00
Carroll & Dulaney,	2 Lots,	1 88
Fulks, Elizabeth's heirs,	House & Lot,	
Hurst, Bennett's heirs,	2 do do	8 12
Shorter, Peter's heirs,	1 do do	1 56
Scott, Leonard,	1 do do	12 50
Williams, Joseph's heirs,	1 do do	4 39

CITY OF ANNAPOLIS,
December 11th, 1837.

WHEREAS Lewis N. Sewell, Collector of the Tax for the City of Annapolis for the year 1837, hath returned to the Corporation of said City the following List of Real Property on which there is no Personal Property to pay the same, viz:

Persons Assessed.	*Property.*	*Tax Due.*
Barber, John T's. heirs,	House & Lot,	$15 75
Bowie, Mrs. E. H.	do do	17 50
Duvall, Mrs. Mary,	do do	10 50
Fulks, Elizabeth's heirs,	do do	3 50
Howard, Samuel's heirs,	do do	5 25
Hurst, Bennett's heirs,	2 Houses & Lots,	11 38
Jones, Mrs. Eliza,	1 do do	3 50
O'Hara, William,	1 do do	3 50
Shorter, Peter's heirs,	1 do do	2 10
Scott, Leonard,	1 do do	17 50
White, Mary,	1 do do	8 75

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That unless the City charges aforesaid are paid within *thirty days* after the publication of this notice, that the said property or such parts thereof as will be sufficient to pay the Tax, and costs thereon, will be sold agreeably to the directions of the Act of Assembly, passed January 10th, 1832, chapter 20.

G. H. DUVALL, Clk.

Dec. 14. R.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on TUESDAY, the 16th day of January next, for the purpose of settling with the Inspectors of Tobacco, hearing appeals and making transfers, and to close the books for the year 1837.

By order,
J. COWMAN, Clk.

December 7. R. tm.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Mrs. Sarah E. Murray, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, legally authenticated, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment.

DANIEL MURRAY, Adm'r.

December 14.

JACOB BASFORD,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS taken a Shop opposite Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, where he has just arrived with an elegant assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which he offers to his friends and the public, and will have them made up in the most fashionable style, at low prices for Cash, or at short dates, to be met when due. He has adopted this method of business, and shall endeavour to pursue this course, and hopes by strict attention and punctuality to give general satisfaction.

☞ TWO or THREE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

BASIL SHEPHARD,

Having declined business in favour of Mr. J. Basford, who has removed his Shop directly in front of Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, wishes those that are indebted to him either by note, bond or open account, on his old business, or to the firm of Basil Shephard & Co. to call at his old stand, opposite Mr. J. Hughes', and settle the same. All who may have claims against him or the firm, will present them for settlement.

Any orders that may be sent to me, will have them attended to.

B. S.

Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

A BY-LAW.

A Supplement to a By-Law passed July 10th, 1835, entitled, "A By-Law compensating the City Commissioners"

[Passed December 1st, 1837.]

BE it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That the acting City Commissioner shall be entitled to receive the same compensation for his services for the year 1837, as is prescribed by the By-Law to which this is a supplement.

And be it established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the same compensation shall hereafter be annually paid to the said acting Commissioner as is prescribed by the By-Law to which this is a supplement.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

COUNTING HOUSE

CALENDAR

FOR THE YEAR

1838.

	Sunday,	Monday,	Tuesday,	Wednesday,	Thursday,	Friday,	Saturday,
JANUARY		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			
FEBRUARY					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28			
MARCH					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
APRIL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30					
MAY			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
JUNE						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
JULY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
AUGUST				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	
SEPTEMBER							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30						
OCTOBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			
NOVEMBER				1	2	3	
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	
DECEMBER							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					

POETRY.

NATIONAL HYMN.

BY THE REV. S. C. SMITH.

My country! 'tis to thee,
Sweet land of liberty,
Of thee I sing:
Land where my father died;
Land of the pilgrim's pride;
From every mountain side,
Let freedom ring.

My native country, thee,
Land of the noble free,
Thy name I love:
I love thy rocks and rills,
Thy woods and templed hills;
My heart with rapture thrills,
Like that above.

Let music swell the breeze,
And ring from all the trees
Sweet freedom's song:
Let mortal tongues awake,
Let all that breathe partake,
Let rocks their silence break,
The sound prolong.

Our father's God! to thee,
Author of liberty,
To thee we sing:
Long may our land be bright
With freedom's holy light;
Protect us by thy might,
Great God our King!

JOURNAL OF PROCEEDINGS
Of the House of Delegates of the State of Maryland,
DECEMBER SESSION, 1837.

WEDNESDAY, December 27th, 1837.

The house met. Present the same members as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

William F. Giles, Solomon Hillen, Jr., and Henry McKinnell, Esquires, delegates returned for the city of Baltimore, and Stephen N. C. White, Esquire, a delegate returned for Montgomery county, severally appeared, qualified, and took their seats.

Mr. Harrison presented a petition of Jonathan Crane, of Queen Anne's county, praying that the clerk of Queen Anne's county may be authorised to insert the date of a deed and acknowledgment therein mentioned.

Mr. Blocher obtained leave to bring in a supplement to an act, to accept the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled, an act for the continuation and repair of the Cumberland Road, in the States of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, passed at December session, 1834, chapter 208.

Mr. Merrick submitted the following order,

Ordered, That there be appointed by the Chair a special committee to consist of seven members, which shall be denominated the Committee on the Currency, and whose duty it shall be diligently and carefully to inquire into the state and condition of the circulating medium in use in this State, and into the situation, practices and condition of each and every of the banking institutions of the State, and to the end that their enquiries shall be as perfect as possible, they shall have power to send for, and cause to be brought before them, persons and papers, and to examine said persons upon oath, and a full report thereon to make to this House at as early a day as conveniently may be, accompanied by such bill or bills for the remedy of existing evils as, upon a full view of the subject referred to them, they may judge to be necessary or expedient.

Which was twice read.

Mr. Bowie moved to amend said order, by striking out "seven," and inserting in lieu thereof "nine;"

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Alexander moved to amend said order by striking out "seven," and inserting in lieu thereof "five;"

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Turner, of Baltimore county, offered as a substitute for said order, the following:

Gentlemen of the Senate,

We propose with your concurrence the appointment of a joint committee of three from this House to act conjointly with such committee as your Honorable body may think proper to appoint, to examine into the condition of the Banks of this State, and inquire into the cause of their suspension of specie payments, and redemption of their notes, in conformity with the stipulation of their charters, and that said committee have full power to examine the books and papers with the amount of specie and other available property or assets on hand, and that said committee be authorised and empowered to take testimony on oath, if necessary, with a due regard to the faithful discharge of their duty, and that they have power to send for persons and papers, and that said committee make report of their investigation to this House at as early a day as practicable.

Which was twice read.

On the question being put, will the house adopt the substitute;

It was determined in the negative.

The question then recurred upon the order as offered by Mr. Merrick;

On motion of Mr. Causin, said order was amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"And be it further ordered, that the said committee be instructed to examine into and report the causes of the suspension of specie payments by the Banks, and to report to this house such remedies as in their opinion may tend to effect a permanent guard against any future suspension;"

The said order was then read as amended and adopted.

Messrs. Hopewell and Parker, the committee appointed to wait on His Excellency the Governor and inform him that a quorum of the house convened, were ready to proceed to business, and receive any communication he might be pleased to lay before them, reported that the committee had performed the duties of their appointment, and that the Governor had answered that he would transmit a communication to this house to-day at 12 o'clock.

Mr. Ford submitted the following order,

Ordered, That a special committee, to consist of one member from each county, and one member from each of the cities of Baltimore and Annapolis, be appointed to take into consideration the act entitled, an act to amend the constitution and form of Government of the State of Maryland, passed at December session, 1836, chap. 197, and to report to this house by bill or otherwise.

Which was read,

The Clerk of the Council delivered the following communication from the Executive.

[See Message published in our last.]

Which was read.

The house then resumed the consideration of the order as offered by Mr. Ford, to appoint a special committee to consist of one member from each of the counties and cities of Baltimore and Annapolis, to take into consideration the act, entitled, an act to amend the constitution and form of government of the State of Maryland, passed at December session, 1836, chapter 197;

The said order was then read the second time and adopted.

In pursuance whereof the speaker appointed the following to compose the committee, viz: Messrs. Ford, McDaniel, Simmons, Bellows, Merrick, Ely, Kerr, Carroll, Frazier, Parker, Bowie, Alexander, Grason, Townsend, Geyer, Maulsby, Carter, Giles, Mann, White, Sprigg, and Shower.

On motion of Mr. Merrick,

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock.

THURSDAY, December 28th.

Mr. Geyer presented a memorial of Anthony Kimmel and others, praying of the General Assembly the creation of a weigh master for Live Stock in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Carter—from Mary Charles, of Caroline county, praying the passage of an act authorising the orphans' court to allow her such portion of the proceeds of the sale of real estate therein mentioned.

Mr. Blocher—a memorial of Margaret McKinley, of Allegany county, praying the repeal of a law therein mentioned.

Also, a petition of sundry citizens of the town of Cumberland, praying the repeal of the act of assembly incorporating said town.

Mr. Roberts—a petition of John Armstrong and others, representatives of Henry and William Pryor, deceased, praying the passage of an act to put them in possession of certain lands.

Mr. Parker—a petition of Jesse Updegrove, of Cecil county, praying to be divorced from his wife.

And, Mr. Causin—a petition of Eliza Causin and others, heirs at law of the late Col. John H Stone, praying an allowance of his pension from the 1st of August 1779, to 1st July 1782.

Mr. Giles asked and obtained the following leave,

Leave to bring in a bill to incorporate the Order of United Brothers of Baltimore.

Mr. Biser asked and obtained the following leave,

Leave to bring in a bill to authorise John Graham, of Loudon county, Virginia, to bring into this state certain slaves therein named.

Mr. Risteau obtained leave to bring in a bill to authorise the election of Judges of Elections of Baltimore county by the people, and also the Constables of said county.

Mr Orrick obtained leave to bring in a bill authorising the commissioners of Baltimore county to appoint trustees for the poor of said county.

On motion of Mr. Mann,

Ordered, That so much of the Governor's message as relates to Internal Improvements be referred to the standing committee on that subject.

On motion of Mr. Mann,

Ordered, That so much of the Governor's message as relates to Education be referred to the standing committee on that subject.

On motion of Mr. Huddleson,

Ordered, That so much of the Governor's message as relates to Agriculture be referred to the committee on agriculture.

On motion of Mr Huddleson,

Ordered, That so much of the Governor's message as relates to Elections and Privileges be referred to the standing committee on that subject.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following special committee upon the Currency, viz.

Messrs. Merrick, Sprigg, Bowie, Maulsby, Grason, Giles and Carroll.

Mr. Bowie obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an act to alter and amend the several laws of this state relative to the inspection of tobacco, and to reduce the same into one uniform system.

Mr. Causin obtained leave to bring in a bill to repeal so much of the License law of this state as renders it penal for retailers of spirituous liquors to permit the same when sold, to be drank in or about the premises.

Mr. Hopewell submitted the following message, which was read and assented to:

Gentlemen of the Senate,

We propose with the concurrence of your honourable body to appoint a committee of three members of the House of Delegates, conjointly with such gentlemen as may be appointed by the Senate, to contract for and regulate the public printing. We have appointed Messrs. Hopewell, Swann and Blocher, on the part of this house, to join such gentlemen as may be appointed by your honourable body.

On motion of Mr. Bowie,

Ordered, That the special committee on the currency be instructed to inquire into the expediency and practicability of changing the banking system of the state in such a manner as may lead to the establishment of a State Bank, with a capital sufficiently large to supply the wants of the trade and commerce of the state by a union of all such solvent banks of the state as may be willing to convert themselves into branches of said State Bank, by a transfer thereto of all their stock and assets, and to report to this house by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Bowie,

Ordered, That the Executive be requested to communicate to this house, and to lay before the same, the correspondence, if any, held between them and the President of the United States, and the Executives of the several States of this Union interested in the cultivation of tobacco, in pursuance of a resolution passed by the last General Assembly, in reference to negotiations proposed to be had with foreign nations upon the subject of diminishing the duties on tobacco, and that he be requested to commu-

nicate to this house all their proceedings under said resolution.

On motion of Mr. Giles,

Ordered, that so much of the Governor's message as relates to the Banks and Banking institutions of the State, be referred to the special committee on the currency.

On motion of Mr. Carroll,

Ordered, That the special committee on the currency be instructed to inquire into the expediency of changing the Banking system of this State, in such a manner that the personal fortunes of the directors and stockholders of each bank shall be held responsible for the solvency of the issues of the banks—and to report to this House by bill of otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Hughes,

Ordered, that the committee on the Currency inquire into the propriety of requiring all persons who may issue their individual notes for the purpose of circulation, to file a bond with and to be approved by the clerks of the several county courts, in the penalty of five times the amount they may propose to issue, so as to ensure a punctual redemption of all such issues.

Mr. Geyer obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an act further supplementary to an act, to provide for the public instruction of youth, in primary schools throughout this State, passed at December session, 1825, so far as relates to Frederick county.

The clerk of the senate delivered the following communication from the Executive, endorsed, referred to the consideration of the House of Delegates.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Annapolis December 28th, 1837.

Gentlemen of the Senate and
of the House of Delegates,

We herewith transmit to you a report, which has just been received from two of the commissioners, appointed under the act of May 1836, to negotiate a loan of eight millions of dollars, appropriated by that act to certain works of Internal Improvement.

With great respect
We have the honour to remain
Your obedient servants,
THOMAS W. VEAZEY.

Which was read and referred to the committee on ways and means.

Mr. Geyer obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an act to authorise and make it obligatory upon the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, to transport produce and goods of whatever kind immediately upon delivery at any of the depots on said road, according to direction.

Mr. Witmer submitted the following order:

Ordered, that the special committee on the currency, be instructed to inquire into the expediency of suppressing the circulation or issuing all bank notes of a less denomination than ten dollars.

Which was twice read.

Mr Callagher moved to amend said order by striking out 'ten' and inserting in lieu thereof twenty,'

Determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Blocher,

Ordered, That the Governor be respectfully requested to furnish this House with all the annual reports of the superintendant of the Cumberland Road in Maryland, now in their possession.

On motion of Mr. Mann,

The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

FRIDAY, December 29th, 1837.

William H. Selby, Esq. a delegate returned for Worcester county, appeared, qualified and took his seat.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following standing committees, viz:

Committee on Elections and Privileges.—Messrs. Hopewell, Carroll, Jump, of Talbot, Comegys, Wilmer, Griffith and Forwood.

Committee on Ways and Means.—Messrs. Alexander, McDaniel, Carpinter, Turner, of Balt. co., Townsend, Wilmer and Hillen.

Committee on Claims.—Messrs. Iglehart, Hughes, Mann, Coombs, Lemmon, Swann and Harrison.

Committee on Grievances and Courts of Justice.—Messrs. Bowie, Kerr, Causin, Dawson, Giles, Goldsborough and Sollers.

Committee on Internal Improvement.—Messrs. Sprigg, Causin, White, McKinnell, Comegys, Grason and Geyer.

Committee on the Coloured Population.—Messrs. Hughes, Kerr, Parran, Bowie, Selby, Orrick and Parker.

Committee on Corporations.—Messrs. Carpinter, McDaniel, Ford, Hillen, Lemmon, Williams and Evans.

Committee on Pensions and Revolutionary Claims.—Messrs. Coombs, Turner, of Caroline, Evans, Huddleson, Boyle, of Talbot, Berret and Tall.

Committee on Education.—Messrs. Carroll, Ghiselin, Shower, Williams, Selby, Turner, of Caroline, and Parker.

Committee on Militia.—Messrs. Gale, Parran, Ely, Hearn, Jones, Neff and Beall.

Committee on Insolvency.—Messrs. Dawson, Eccleston, Ent, Tall, Denny, Boyle, of Carroll, and Swingley.

Committee on Divorces.—Messrs. Risteau, Frazier, Rentch, Welch, Boon, Kent, and Jump, of Talbot.

Committee on Crimes and Punishments.—Messrs. Maulsby, Goldsborough, Ford, Roberts, Beam, Gale and Gallagher.

Committee on Pensions to Indigent Persons by County Assessment.—Messrs. Duke, Simpers, Griffith, Carter, Witmer, Neff and Jones.

Committee on Agriculture.—Messrs. White, Higgins, Beall, Cramer, Welch, Jump, of Caroline, and Powell.

Committee on Manufactures.—Messrs. Ely, Hopewell, Powder, Adams, Nelson, Eccleston and Boon.

Committee on Inspections.—Messrs. Ghiselin, Boyle, of Talbot, Chaudlee, Mann, Shower, Simpers and Crane.

Committee on Roads.—Messrs. Beam, Brown, Gallagher, Dalton, Harrison, Duke and Adams.

Committee on Expiring Laws.—Messrs. Sollers, Roberts, Biser, Jump, of Caroline, Blocher, Brown and Rentch.

Committee on Engrossed Bills.—Messrs. Simmons, Orrick, Wilmer, Kent, Crane, Blocher and Biser.

The Speaker laid before the house a petition of Adam Woolheater, of Indiana county, Pennsylvania, praying for remuneration for his services during the revolutionary war.

Mr. Giles presented a petition of James I. Pattison, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from his wife.

Mr. Parker a petition of John Gillespie, of Cecil county, to be placed on the pension roll of said county.

Mr. Blocher a petition of William Kight and Jefferson M. Price, of Allegany county, praying the passage of an act to make valid a certain sale therein mentioned.

Mr. Boyle, of Carroll, a petition of the citizens of New Windsor, for the passage of an act supplemental to the act, providing for alleys in said town.

And, Mr. Tall a petition of Mary Corner, of Dorchester county, praying to be divorced from her husband Solomon Corner.

Mr. Alexander submitted the following orders, which were twice read and adopted,—

Ordered, that the commissioners appointed under the provisions of the act of the General Assembly, entitled, an act for the promotion of internal improvement, passed at the adjourned May session, 1836, chapter 395, be and they are hereby required to suspend all further proceedings in execution of the contract entered into between the said commissioners and the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, for the sale or transfer to the said companies respectively, of the portions of the public stock which is by the aforesaid act authorised to be issued and sold by the said commissioners.

Ordered, that the said commissioners be and they are hereby directed to make an immediate report to this house of all their proceedings in execution of the trusts reposed in them by the aforesaid act, and that the said commissioners enter into no further or other contract or agreement for sale of any portion of the public stock, authorised to be created and sold as aforesaid, until further action is had on the subject by this house.

Mr. Alexander submitted the following order, which was twice read and adopted,—

Ordered, that the Governor and Council be, and they are hereby requested to furnish to this house all documents, or copies of all documents, which have been filed in the council chamber in virtue of or in consequence of the provisions of the act of the General Assembly, entitled, an act for the promotion of internal improvement, passed at the adjourned May session, 1836, chapter 365, and that they report such other information in their power which may enable this house to determine whether this State is, in law or equity, bound by any subscription to the capital stock of any one or more of the improvement companies mentioned in said act under color of the provisions thereof; and whether the said act or any part thereof may be carefully repealed or modified by this General Assembly.

On motion of Mr. Sollers,

Ordered, that the committee on colored population be instructed to inquire into the expediency of feeing certain disabilities upon the people of color in this State, in relation to their holding property and other matters, as will tend to the encouragement of the colonization of that people, and report by bill or otherwise.

The Clerk of the Council delivered the following communication from the Executive.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Annapolis, December 28th, 1837.

Gentlement of the House of Delegates,

I have just received your order of yesterday's date, requesting me to furnish you all the annual reports of the superintendant of the Cumberland Road, in Maryland, now in my possession, and in compliance therewith, have the honour to lay before you the last annual report of the officer referred to, with the accounts and vouchers mentioned in said reports. All the previous reports of that officer have heretofore been transmitted to the General Assembly.

With the highest consideration,
And regard, I have the honour
To remain your ob't Serv't,
THOMAS W. VEAZEY.

On motion of Mr. Geyer,

The house adjourned.

SATURDAY, December 30th.

Mr. Gallagher presented the following petitions, viz.

Of Ann Lloyd, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband, James Lloyd;

Of Samuel Keplinger, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from his wife, Mary Keplinger; and

Of Elizabeth Jane Kerner, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband, Henry F. Kerner.

Mr. Geyer presented a petition of Joseph Holland, praying an increase of pension for services rendered in the revolutionary war.

Mr. Frazier, a petition of Eliza Harding, of Dorchester county, praying for a divorce, a vinculo matrimonii, from her husband, Matthew Harding.

Mr. Parker, a petition of Francis McNamara, of Cecil county, praying to be placed on the pension roll of said county.

Mr. Witmer, a petition of Hatch D. Dyson, of Washington county, praying for an act to authorise him to practice law in the courts of justice in this state.

Mr. Blocher, a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying the passage of an act authorising the citizens of said county, or of the state, to hire slaves from the state of Virginia.

Mr. Sprigg presented a memorial of John Christy, of Allegany county, praying the passage of an act to make valid a deed therein mentioned.

Mr. Sprigg also presented a memorial of the President, Directors and Company of the Mineral Bank of Maryland, praying an extension of their capital.

And Mr. Mann, a petition of Mary Manning, of Washington county, praying the passage of an act authorising her to receive a distributive portion of her father's estate.

On motion of Mr. Adams,

Ordered, That the committee on grievances and courts of justice be instructed to inquire into the expediency of limiting by law the number of justices of the peace in the several counties of this state.

Mr. Swann submitted the following order:

Ordered, That Joseph J. Speed, Esq. be reappointed State Director on the part of this house, in the bank of Baltimore, for the ensuing year.

Which was twice read.

Mr. Iglehart moved to amend said order by inserting after the word "ordered," the word "unanimously;"

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred upon the adoption of the order, and,

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Causin gave notice that on Monday next he should move the following additional rule,

Ordered. That the following be one of the standing rules of this house: At the proper time in the order of business, the Speaker shall call on the counties by name in the order in which they are placed on the journal, for the presentation of memorials, petitions, and other papers, and no paper shall be presented by any member after the Speaker shall have passed from his county, without a suspension of the rule.

On motion of Mr. Causin,

Ordered, That the resolutions of the General Assembly of Rhode Island, hitherto transmitted to this house, be referred to a special committee of seven, with instructions to report such a response thereto as they may deem becoming and proper in the legislature of Maryland.

In pursuance whereof, the Speaker appointed Messrs. Causin, Maulsby, Parker, Sprigg, Carroll, Bowie and Gallagher to compose the committee.

On motion of Mr. Brown,

Ordered, That the committee on agriculture be and they are hereby required to inquire into the propriety and expediency of establishing Agricultural Schools in the several counties of this state, and report to this house by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Alexander,

Ordered, That the Treasurer for the Western Shore be, and he is hereby required to furnish this house with all documents, or copies of all documents which have been filed in the Treasury Office, in virtue of, or in consequence of the provisions of the act of the General Assembly, entitled, an act for the promotion of Internal Improvement, passed at the adjourned May session of 1836, chapter 395.

Mr. Comegys asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill for the better preservation of estates of minors in the hands of their guardians.

Mr. Beam asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an act fixing the standard for the measurement of oats.

Mr. Alexander obtained leave to bring in a bill to be entitled an act relating to mortgages.

Mr. Blocher reported a supplement to an act, to accept the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled, an act for the continuation and repair of the Cumberland Road in the States of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, passed December session, 1834, chapter 203.

The house adjourned until Monday morning ten o'clock.

MONDAY, January 1st, 1838.

William Grason, Esq. a delegate returned for Queen Anne's county, appeared, qualified, and took his seat.

Mr. Maulsby presented a petition of Thomas Clark and others, heirs and devisees of William Clark, late of Harford county, praying for a law to enable them to sell a portion of the real estate of the deceased.

On motion of Mr. Biser,

Ordered, that the committee on grievances and courts of justice, be instructed to inquire into the expediency of revising and reducing into one, the several enactments in relation to landlord and tenant, so far as relates to Frederick county.

On motion of Mr. White,

Ordered, that the committee on the coloured population, be instructed to inquire into the expediency of abolishing the restrictions upon the removal of slaves into this State by their owners, citizens of, or non-residents seized of land therein, when such removal is made for a bona fide purpose of securing their labour and service, and report to this house by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Mann presented a petition of Charles Wilson, and others, of Washington county, for the passage of an act to enable Daniel H. Schleigh, of Hagerstown, to apply for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this State.

The house then proceeded to the election of a Governor, in conformity with the arrangements made with the senate for that purpose, and the ballots of the members being collected in the ballot box, it was sealed up and delivered to the committee appointed on the part of the house, to meet the committee appointed on the part of the senate, to count the joint ballots of both houses and report the result.

They having retired to the conference room, after a short time returned and reported, that on counting the joint ballot of both houses they had found there were altogether eighty-one votes taken, of which Thomas W. Veazey, Esq. received fifty-two votes, five scattering and twenty-four blank ballots.

Whereupon it was resolved, that Thomas W. Veazey, Esq., be and he is hereby declared to be duly elected Governor of the State of Maryland for the ensuing year.

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, January 4, 1838.

His Excellency Governor Veazey was on Monday re-elected by the Legislature Governor of Maryland for the ensuing year.

On Tuesday, Thomas G. Pratt, B. I. Heard, Wm. F. Johnson, John McKenney, and Thomas H. Hicks, Esquires, were elected the Council to the Governor.

The Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county, with a posse comitatus left here this morning in a Steam Boat, for the purpose of capturing a number of Oyster Boats, in or about West River, engaged in dredging for Oysters in violation of the laws of this State. We learn these desperadoes have recently committed several outrages in the neighbourhood which call loudly for punishment.

[REPORTED FOR THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.]

CIRCUIT COURT, D. C. FOR WASHINGTON COUNTY.

NOVEMBER TERM, 1837.—WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6.

Ex parte William Richardson.

This case came before the Court this morning upon the return of a habeas corpus which had been directed to the Marshal of the District of Columbia on Tuesday last, commanding him to have the body of William Richardson (confined in the prison of Washington county) before the Circuit Court then sitting, with the cause of his capture and detention which proved to be the following warrant of commitment, to wit:

District of Columbia, Washington county, to wit:

To the Marshal of the District of Columbia:

Whereas, F. Burch, constable of the said county, has apprehended and brought before me the subscriber, one of the justices of the peace in and for the county aforesaid, negro William Richardson, charged with being a runaway; and whereas, no proof has been adduced before me that the said William Richardson is not a runaway: you are hereby commanded to receive into your jail and custody the said William Richardson, and him safe keep, until he be thence delivered by due course of law. Hereof fail not at your peril.

Given under my hand and seal this 21st day of October, 1837.

B. K. MORSELL. [L. S.]

To F. BURCH, Constable.

[NOTE.—It may be proper to state, in justice to the committing magistrate, that the preceding is the ordinary printed form of warrents in these cases used, it is believed, without exception, by all the justices in the country, and which may be found in "*Latrobe's Justice*," *Art.* 1057.)

Mr. CARLISLE, the prisoner's counsel, after reviewing the Maryland statutes of 1715, Ch. XLIV, and 1719, Ch. II, and contrasting the practice of the Justices with the laws which had been supposed to justify it, claimed the discharge of the prisoner upon several grounds, the principal of which were as follows:

1. This is not a question of *property*, but of *penal law*.

2. This is a commitment in execution; and as such is bad, in that it only states that the party was "*charged with* being a runaway," and does not set forth that he was by the committing magistrate "*deemed and taken to be a runaway*."—4 D. & E. 220, 6 D. & E. 509. &c. &c.

3. The power of commitment in execution by a justice of the peace is founded entirely on special authority, and regulated by statute; and all proceedings under an authority so created must be strictly conformable to the regulations prescribed by the special law in each instance, from which all their force is derived.—6 *Pet. Ab.* 231, &c.

4. The act of 1715, ch. 44, sec. 6, "*for the better discovery of runaways*," has not been pursued by the warrant, nor by the practice, in the following material points, to wit:

1st. The statute puts upon the justice, expressly, the duty of *judging*, whether the party apprehended be a runaway slave; and authorizes a commitment only where he is, by the justice, "deemed and taken as a runaway;" and it is not sufficient that the warrant state that he was charged, &c. and could produce no proof, &c.

2d. The warrant evidently proceeds upon the error that some substantive proof of freedom must be adduced by the prisoner; whereas the statute declares that if "apprehended, *not being sufficiently known, or unable to give a good account of himself*," the party "*shall be left to the discretion and judgment of such magistrate, to judge thereof*," &c., and he may be discharged upon his own statement, if the magistrate think it consistent and probable; or upon view of the party, if he be manifestly a foreign negro, from a country where there are no slaves;

3d. It does not appear on the face of the warrant that the prisoner was "travelling out of the county where he resided, or found within the county where he resided, or found within the county of Washington; contra *constat* but that he was seized by the constable in the county where he resided, and forcibly and against his will brought into the county of Washington.

It was also contended by the prisoner's counsel that the act of 1719, ch. 2, under which the prisoner had been advertised for sale by the Marshal, did not embrace such a case as the one at bar; but applied solely to those cases where the master *being ascertained*, refused or neglected to redeem his slave from prison, by the payment of the fees and charges for securing and maintaining him.

The prisoner's counsel then stated to their honours that he had chosen thus to present the law for their consideration, from a sincere conviction that it had been greatly abused, and in the firm belief that the judgment of the Court would manifest to the Public, and especially to the violent opponents of slavery, the injustice of the charges which had been heaped upon the laws of the District, upon this subject, which had seemed to him to be based upon sound policy, and to be characterized in all their enactments by a spirit of justice and humanity. For the safety of his client, and to justify the warmth with which he had advocated his cause, he now begged to offer to the Court evidence of the fact that the prisoner is a native of New Brunswick, and as such a British subject, and a free man.

And thereupon the COURT ordered the prisoner to be discharged, and directed the Clerk to furnish him with a sealed copy of the record setting forth that he was released *because the warrant was insufficient*; and *further*, because, *in fact*, the COURT was satisfied that he is a native subject of the Queen of Great Britain.

From the "Tree and its Fruits."

THE POWER OF WOMAN.

I well remember that the first time that I ventured home in a state of intoxication, I knew my situation, and dreaded that my wife should discover it. I exerted myself to conceal it. I affected to be witty, affectionate and social, but it was a total failure. I felt the power of the fatal poison momentarily increasing. I saw the inquiring eye of my wife fixed upon me with a look of unutterable grief. It was only with her aid that I was able to reach my pillow.

The checks which her ignorance had imposed upon me being now removed, all restraint was soon swept away, and I came home night after night in a state most revolting to the feelings of a delicate, affectionate female. In vain my amiable companion wept and expostulated. I was too much entangled and corrupted to break away either from my vices or associates. They neither feared God nor regarded man. I was led captive by their devices.

I became, I will not say an infidel, for I was too ignorant of the theory of skepticism to be one. I became a mocker. "Fools make a mock at sin," and such a fool was I. I knew just enough of the Bible to make it my jest-book. I saw that this part of my conduct was extremely painful to my pious wife, and tried to restrain myself from trifling with the Bible in her presence, but I loved to raise loud laughter among my boisterous companions, and the indulgence served so to strengthen the pernicious habit that I was often detected in the use of this offensive language.

It was not till I became a father that her touching appeals on this subject reached my conscience. "Must this child," she would say, with tears, "be trained up under these baneful influences? Must he be taught by parental example to despise and ridicule the Scriptures with his lisping tongue, before he is able to read its contents, or realize its heavenly origin? No counteracting influence of mine can obliterate from his mind the jest with which his father assailed this or that sacred passage."

Our son now became an interesting little prattler, imitating whatever he heard or saw. I perceived with a sort of diabolical pleasure, that the first efforts of his infant tongue were to imitate my profane language, the recollection of which now sends a thrill of grief and horror through my bosom. In vain did his sorrowing mother endeavour to counteract the influence of my wicked example. I continued to swear, and he to imitate my profanity, unconscious of its turpitude. On a certain occasion I returned from one of my gambling excursions and found my wife and child absent. On inquiry, I ascertained that she had gone to her customary place of retirement in a grove, at some distance from the house. I knew she had gone there for the purpose of devotion. I had been accustomed to see her retire thither at the evening twilight, and, though I thought her piety unnecessary, I had no objection to it; it was a source of happiness to her, but that she should take her child with her excited my surprise. I felt a curiosity to follow her. I did so, and took a position unseen by her, but where I had a full view of her attitude and features. She was kneeling beside a rock, on which lay her bible before her.—One hand was placed on its open pages; the other held the hand of her little boy who was kneeling beside her, his eye intently fixed on her face. She was pale and careworn.—Her eyes were closed, but the tears were

shaking [illegible] her cheeks, as she poured forth her burdened soul in prayer, first for her husband, that he might be reclaimed and saved; and especially did she plead with God, that her son whom she unreservedly dedicated to him, might be saved from those sins which were taught him by his father's example. "Save him," she cried with agony, "save him from taking thy great and holy name in vain, for thou wilt not hold him guiltless that taketh thy name in vain, and give his anxious mother wisdom, fortitude and grace, effectually to correct the habit of profaneness." "Poor mother! Pretty mother!" said the child, rising and wiping off the tears with his soft hand. "Don't cry, mother, father will come pretty soon." Wretch that I am! said I to myself. What pangs have rent that gentle bosom! That child has so often seen her weeping on account of my protracted absence that the little fellow now supposes it the cause of her present agony and tears.

I crept silently from my hiding place, and returned home with a conscience harrowed up by the keenest self-reproaches. I knew that her feelings were not the fitful ebullitions of passion or excitement. I had long been convinced that her conduct was regulated by firm and virtuous principles, and that the bible which I so lightly esteemed, was the rule of her life. On her return to the house she was solemn, but the law of kindness still ruled her tongue. She did not reproach me; but from that day she firmly and faithfully corrected our little son for the use of profane language, even in my presence, when, perhaps, he had just caught it from my lips.

She succeeded in conquering the habit in her child; and when she had restored him, she had cured me. I resolved to abandon forever the use of language which had given her so much pain. I did abandon it from that time. I was now effectually reclaimed from two of my prominent vices. But my habits of intemperance were daily becoming like brass bands. My morning, noon, and evening dram, my loss of appetite, and trembling nerves, proved the strong grasp it had upon my constitution.

I was still associated with my wicked companions, still followed up a system of gambling, which was rapidly bringing ruin on myself and my family. My handsome estate left me by my father, was nearly wasted. Meantime my family increased. I resorted to the lottery, and every species of gambling to meet its increasing demands, but every step plunged me deeper and deeper in guilt, debt and misery.

My wife was in the habit of sitting up till my return, however late it might be. She had no doubt in this way saved me from perishing, as I was often too much intoxicated to find my way even to the door without her assistance.

One cold wintry night, I had been out till a late hour, but returned free from intoxication. On coming silently to the house, I saw my wretched wife through the window, sitting over a handful of embers, with her babe and her bible in her lap, and the big tears gushing from her eyes.

A vivid sense of my own baseness came over me. I paced the yard for some moments in agony. In attempting to enter the house, with a fresh resolution on my tongue, I fainted and fell on the floor.

Upon my return to consciousness, I found my wife had drawn me to the fire, and was preparing me a bed, supposing my swoon to be the usual effect of ardent spirits. I sprang to her side, fell on my knees, and before her and Heaven vowed never to taste another drop of any thing intoxicating. I was then thirty years old. Years have since passed over me, and my vow is still unbroken.

PICKWICK.

"Boz" has, by this time, finished the Pickwick papers, according to the Foreign Correspondent of the New York Star.—Those whose friendly solicitude have been enlisted in behalf of that worthy gentleman, will be interested to know the fate of Mr. Pickwick. The Star Correspondent says: "Mr. Jordan, the celebrated Editor of the London Literary Gazette, was here the other day, and told me that he had seen the manuscript, and "Boz" makes the tale end with the death of Pickwick. He added that "Boz" (who draws $750 a month from this work alone) put Pickwick into the Fleet Prison, in order that he might sketch the life and narrate the death of the unfortunate Crown prisoner for debt. An inferior hand would have overworked this scene. "Boz" tells it (I think in No. 16) briefly and earnestly in half a page. But then, how touching!"

VALID EXCUSE.

On Monday morning, while the grand jury were being impannelled at the Central Criminal Court, several gentlemen applied for exemption, and amongst them was Mr. Henry Gerard Oldham, a citizen of London. A person appeared on his behalf, and begged that the court would excuse Mr. Oldham, under very peculiar circumstances. Recorder: First of all state what those peculiar circumstances are. Applicant: He is going to be married this morning, and therefore he cannot come. (A laugh.) Recorder. Well, as this peculiar circumstance is not likely to arise again, the court will excuse him.

SHOWER OF FISHES.

We have often heard of miraculous showers of fish having fallen in different parts of Scotland, and we believe the cause of such phenomena has been satisfactorily accounted for by philosophers. We have to announce something of this description which happened in this neighbourhood on Monday. The weather was a little showery in the afternoon, accompanied with occasional strong gusts of wind from the west, but in other respects it might be considered good. About this time a gentleman in passing along the railway on the Newton beach, was suddenly arrested on his walk by observing the path covered with small shinning fish, which on examination proved to be young herrings about the size of half a finger length, in very considerable quantities, and to all appearance fresh from the sea. Had there been only a few of these fish, their appearance might have been accounted for, by supposing they had been disgorged by some sea fowl. But as there were several dozen of them as fresh and silvery as from their native element, it is difficult to account for their appearance in any other way, than by supposing that they were caught up by a water-spout, or similar phenomena, and deposited where they were found.—*Ayr Observer.*

BALL-ROOM LEGISLATION.

A cause is pending before one of the provincial tribunals of France, in which the plaintiff sues the defendant for damages, because the defendant's wife refused to dance with the plaintiff at a public ball. The gentleman, it seems, who has arrived at the mature age of 58, solicited the honour of the lady's hand for a quadrille, but the lady excused herself on the plea of indisposition.—A few minutes afterwards a similar invitation from a somewhat less venerable beau was most graciously accepted. The offended *preux chevalier* does not appear to have challenged his more successful rival, but to have contented himself with defying the lady and her husband to the lists of the Court of a Judge de Paix, where he claims an indemnification of sixty francs for the injury inflicted on him, and calls upon the tribunal to command the fair offender to abstain from a repetition of the offence, i e., to submit to dance with him on every festive occasion when it may be his august pleasure to favour her with his commands.

THE TIME-PIECE.

We copy from Governor EVERETT's Address before the Massachusetts Charitable Association, the following extract, descriptive of the value of that ingenious little instrument, which marks the progress of time:

"Consider the influence on the affairs of men, in all their relations, of the invention of the latter machine which I hold in my hands, and the other modern instrument for the measurement of time, various specimens of which are on exhibition in the halls. To say nothing of the importance of an accurate measurement of time in astronomical observations, nothing of the application of time-keepers to the purposes of navigation—how vast must be the aggregate effect on the affairs of life, throughout the civilized world; and, in the progress of ages of a convenient and portable apparatus for measuring the lapse of time! Who can calculate in how many of those critical junctures when the affairs of weightiest import hang upon the issue of an hour, prudence and forecast have triumphed over blind casualty, by being enabled to measure with precision the flight of time, in *its smallest subdivisions!*

"Is it not something more than mere mechanism, which watches with us by the sick bed of some dear friend, through the livelong solitude of night, enabling us to count, in the slackening pulse, Nature's trembling steps toward recovery, and to administer the prescribed remedy at the precise, perhaps the critical moment of its application! By means of a watch, punctuality in all his duties, which in its perfection is one of the incommunicable attributes of Deity, is brought, in no mean measure, within the reach of man. He is enabled, if he will be guided by this, to intimate that sublime precision which led the earth, after a circuit of five hundred millions of miles, back to the solstice at the appointed moment without the loss of one second, no, not the millionth part of a second, for the ages on ages during which it has travelled that road. What a miracle of art, that a man can teach a few brass wheels, and a little piece of elastic steel, to outcalculate himself to give him a rational answer to one of the most important questions which a being travelling towards eternity can ask! What a miracle that a man can put within this little machine a spirit that measures the flight of time with greater accuracy than the unassisted intellect of the profoundest philosopher; which watches and moves when sleep palsies alike the hand of the maker and the mind of the contriver, nay, when the last sleep has come over them both."

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias issued out of the District Court for the 2d Election District of Anne-Arundel county, to me directed, at the suit of Grafton Munroe, Adam & John Miller, and Lemuel G. Taylor, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Edward L. Nicholson, I have seized and taken in execution all the right and interest of the said Edward L. Nicholson, in and to a crop of Corn now in his possession, and I hereby give notice, that on WEDNESDAY the 17th day of January inst., at 11 o'clock A. M at the residence of the said Edward L. Nicholson, I shall proceed to sell the said crop of Corn at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for Cash, to satisfy the aforesaid execution

JOHN S. SELBY, Sheriff
A. A. County.

January 4.

The Managers of the Female Orphan Society of the City of Annapolis hereby give notice to the public, that they intend holding their

ANNUAL FAIR

early in February. They call upon their friends generally to aid them by preparing Articles for the Exhibition, which are much needed, and will be thankfully received. Those who wish materials to work up will be supplied by application to any of the Managers.

December 7, 1837.

A LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office, Annapolis, on the 1st of January, 1838.

Rev. Henry Aisquith, (2)
Charles C. Brice, (2)
Mr. S. Basford,
Wm. A. Bradley,
Tobias Bourke, (2)
Maurice Baker,
Dr. Wm. Brogdon,
Thos. Birmingham,
Gustavus R Barber,
Philip Clayton, (3)
Mrs. Coyle,
Wm. Caton,
Marmaduke Conner, (2)
Thos. R. Cross, (2)
Col. Wm. A. Dulany, (3)
Jno. W. Duvall, (2)
Jno. Duvall,
Professor Ducatel,
Dubois & Weems,
Priscilla Daly,
Miss Margaret Davis,
Sally Davis,
J. D. Evans,
John Field,
John B. Gilpin,
John M Gaither,
Mary Ann Gosler,
Charlotte Gray,
John H. Hall, (17)
Jonathan Hutton, (2)
Joshua Hitch,
Henry Hunt,
Daniel T. Hyde,
Francis M. Jarboe, (67)
Mr. Jones,
Alfred Jenks,
Miss Katharine Kirby, (2)
Wm. Kirby, (2)
George Latilford,
Stephen L. Lee,
S. Maynard,
—— Mockbee,
Bushrod W. Marriott, (2)
Zedekiah Moore,
Miss Ellen Ann Merriken, (2)
Abraham Man,
Miss Sarah Mills,
Rev. Jno. McKenny,
Elizabeth McGill,
Mrs. Rebecca Nicholson,
Thos. A. & Wm. B. Norris, (2)
J. S. Owens,
President of St. John's College,
Benjamin Proud,
John T. Philips,
Mrs. Ann Ridout,
Miss C. N. Ridout,
Martin F. Revell,
George W. Rittew,
Miss Sarah Stewart,
William Stewart, (5)
Capt. John Sewell,
Vachel Sewell,
Mrs. A. A. Stewart,
B. Smith,
Joseph F. Shaw,
Samuel Tyler,
O. Taylor,
Joseph M. Tate,
Rev. R. S. Vinton, (2)
Dr. Waters,
Dr. James Waters,
Jacob Waters,
Richard Weems,
Richard H. Williams,
Dr. J. B. Wells,
John C. Weems,
Lancelot Warfield,

A.
Mr. Isaac Anderson.

B.
Mrs. Susan Brewer,
Mrs. Charity Bishop,
Mrs. Rebecca E. Beard,
Mr. Wm. Brewer,
Dennis Boyd,
Mary Bright,
J. D. Bowling.

C.
Miss Rebecca Cross,
Concordia Lodge,
Miss Martha E. Coulter,
Charles Carroll,
Mrs. Sarah Chesney.

D.
Henrietta Davis, (3)
Enoch Duvall,
George Dunn,
Geo. & Henry Dunn,
Gabriel H. Duvall,
Samuel Deal,
Abigail Duff,
Henry Darnall.

E.
Hugh D. Evans.

F.
Thos. Furgison.

G.
Miss Mary Green,
Rev. Robt. W. Goldsborough.

H.
Rev. Hector Humphreys, (2)
Miss Henrietta M. Hall,
Sarah A. Hardesty,
Mrs. Holland.

J.
Gen. Walter Jones,
Mr. Johnson,
Samuel Johnson.

K.
Dr. R. M. Kilty.

L.
Mrs. P. A. Levely, (4)
P. Lechleitner.

M.
Henry Matthews, (2)
Dr. Richard Marriott,
Francis Meyer,
T. D. Marriott,
J. H. T. Magruder,
Miss N. N. Fitzhugh,
Jno. V. L. McMahon,
Rev. George McIlhenny,
Wm. McNeir, (2)
Gilbert Murdock, (3)

N.
Wm. H. Norris, (2)
Wm. Norris,
J. Nichols.

O.

P.
Nathan Pupper,
Henry Price, (3)
Caroline Parker,
Mrs. Amelia Pinckney.

R.
M. Robison,
Mrs. Mary Robinson,
Stephen J. Raphael.

S.
Edward Summerkamp,
Wm. Shallus,
Mrs. Harriet Teresa Smith,
Charles O. Skeper,
Catharine Sharps,
Abraham Simmons,
Ezra Shockle.

T.
Richd. E. Thomas,
Mary Ann Terry.

V.
Vestry St. Margaret's Parish.

W.
Clement Weedon,
Elizabeth Williams,
Richard White,
Elijah Wells, (8)
N. E. Watkins, (4)
Jona. Weedon & Jno. Lee,
Jonathan Weedon,
Margaret Weedon.

R. J. CRABB, P. M.

January 4.

IN CHANCERY,

15th December, 1837.

ORDERED, That the sales made and reported by Horace Capron and Thomas S. Herbert, trustees for the sale of the real estate of Thomas Snowden, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the 15th day of February next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 15th day of January next. The report states the sales of parcels of said real estate to amount of $14,704 90¢.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

AN ESTRAY COW

TAKEN UP, trespassing on the Farm of the subscriber near Annapolis, about the 1st December 1836, A RED COW about four years old, marked with a hole in each year. The owner of the above Cow is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

CHARLES SEARS.

January 4.

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

ON application to the Judges of Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition, in writing, of William Murdock, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said William Murdock having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said William Murdock having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Robert Welch of Ben. his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said William Murdock a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, it is therefore hereby ordered and adjudged, that the said William Murdock be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months before the third Monday of April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said William Murdock should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed Given under my hand this 24th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
January 4. 3m.

A MANAGER WANTED,

FOR the ensuing year, on the Farm of Commodore Henry E. Ballard, near Annapolis. A person that can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, will find a desirable situation. None other need apply. Application can be made to Mrs. Ballard, at the Farm, or to

TH. FRANKLIN, Annapolis.

December 7, 1837.

WILLIAM BRYAN,

Merchant Tailor,

HAS just received a handsome assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, or to suit customers, at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His stand is directly opposite to Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel.

October 5.

JACOB BASFORD,

Merchant Tailor,

HAS taken a Shop opposite Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, where he has just arrived with an elegant assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which he offers to his friends and the public, and will have them made up in the most fashionable style, at low prices for Cash, or at short dates, to be met when due. He has adopted this method of business, and shall endeavour to pursue this course, and hopes by strict attention and punctuality to give general satisfaction.

☞ TWO or THREE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

BASIL SHEPHARD,

Having declined business in favour of Mr. J. Basford, who has removed his Shop directly in front of Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, wishes those that are indebted to him either by note, bond or open account, on his old business, or to the firm of Basil Shephard & Co. to call at his old stand, opposite Mr. J. Hughes', and settle the same. All who may have claims against him or the firm, will present them for settlement.

Any orders that may be sent to me, I will have them attended to.

B. S.

Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Mrs. Sarah E. Murray, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, legally authenticated, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment.

DANIEL MURRAY, Adm'r.

December 14.

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

ON application to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing of Peter McRoberts, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Peter McRoberts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Peter McRoberts having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Beale Gaither his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Peter McRoberts a conveyance and possession of all his property real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Peter McRoberts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter McRoberts should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

NICH'S. BREWER,
Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, Anne-Arundel County.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
A. A. County Court.

December 29. 3m.

IN CHANCERY,

12th December, 1837.

Rezin Wight
vs.
James McCullough.

THE object of the bill filed in this cause is to obtain a decree for the sale of the mortgaged premises therein mentioned.

The bill states that the defendant being indebted, executed a mortgage to the complainant, to secure the payment of two thousand two hundred and forty nine dollars, with interest—That certain payments have been made, but that there is now due to the complainant the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon from the thirteenth of March eighteen hundred and twenty-three, until paid. The bill further states, that the time limited in the deed of mortgage for the payment of the money therein mentioned, has long since expired, and that the said defendant resides out of the state of Maryland.

It is thereupon Ordered, That the complainant, by causing a copy of this order to be published once a week for three successive weeks in some newspaper before the 12th day of January next, give notice to the said absent defendant of the substance and object of the bill, that he may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by a solicitor, on or before the 12th day of May next, to shew cause, if any he has, why a decree shall not pass as prayed.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

December 14. 3w.

FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE McNEIR & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a lot of superior

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.

November 18. tf.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned from trespassing either with dog or gun, or landing boats on the shores of the farm called Aberdeen, as I am determined to prosecute all offenders to the utmost extent of the law.

BENJAMIN B. WARING,
Manager.

December 14. 3w*

Maryland, Anne-Arundel County, Sc.

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that Richard Nicholson has this day brought before me as Strays two HORSES, one a black about ten years old with a short nicked tail, has a white spot on his back, very gay, paces, trots and canters, has only one old shoe on; the other is a bay six years old, long tail, trots and canters, a little white on both hind feet, and no shoes on. Given under my hand and seal this 16th December 1837.

BASIL OWINGS,
one of the Justices of the Peace for the Fifth Election District for the County aforesaid.

The owner of the above property is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

RICHARD NICHOLSON,
Bond's Tavern 5th Election District, A. A. County.

Dec. 21.

Fourth Year of Waldie's Library.
BOOKS BY MAIL.
PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circulating Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesome.

The *fourth year* will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1836, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only from January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can be given of its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere per centage of their former cost; it has outlived more than thirty puerile attempts at imitation; and has now an extensive list of patrons who are of the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, its use and purpose, is enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, without being compelled to depend on places of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying polite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor, himself a reader from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of an elevated standard of intellect which may be admitted into every family without hesitation by the most fastidious, and become a rallying point for all its members, promoting social belles lettres reading and conversation. The variety thus collected from the whole mass of published works, mostly new, embraces Biography, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Select History, personal memoirs of extraordinary individuals, and curious adventure, &c. &c. An amount equal to fifty London duodecimo volumes is thus annually furnished in weekly numbers, at a cost only equal to one of the London works. The plan thus embraces the whole range of popular literature, and the work has now become so universally diffused in every part of the Union as to form no inconsiderable portion of the literature of the country, and with which an acquaintance has become really necessary for those who mix in society.

The Library as now conducted disseminates books to all parts of the country in from five to six weeks after their issue in London. Five dollars per annum expended in this way will supply good reading for a whole circle or family; for *a cent and a half a day*, postage included, a duodecimo book is sent every week, making in the course of the year more than three volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be bound at an expense little exceeding that of binding either separately, and constitutes a concentrated collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and uncongenial society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk or idle listlessness so apt to employ a large portion of the time of the many.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four quarto pages, entitled, The Journal of Belles Lettres, containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for $5 00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals obtain five copies for $20 00, a reduction which pays the postage. *Payment always in advance.*

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

THIS periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; or *both* are furnished to clubs of five for $6 00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chamber's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, *combined* in such a manner as to enlist the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation; price to single subscribers not taking the Library, $2 50, postage paid.

*** A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio one; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1836 of the Library, and the Port Folio for 1835 and 1836, the whole can be had for $20 00. For this an amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its kind. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

Seventh, two doors south of Chestnut street, Phila.

The Museum of Foreign Literature and Science, price $6 00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for $12 00.

Oct. 3.

NEW PAPER.
THE
BALTIMORE KALEIDOSCOPE,
And Weekly Express.

RECENTLY commenced, and now published every *Saturday*, by YOUNG & ABRAHAMS, at the South East corner of Market and Gay streets, Baltimore, *L. S. Wilmer*, editor. Price $2 per annum.

This paper will contain a great variety of original and selected matter, news, literary and scientific articles, notices of new books, and animadversions on the most popular topics of the day. The publishers have made such arrangements as enable them to promise with confidence that the *Kaleidoscope* shall not be surpassed by any other similar paper in the Union, not only in point of utility, but in the various qualities which make a newspaper attractive and desirable.

One Dollar, in advance, will be received as payment in full for six months. The terms of advertising are moderate. Letters or communications to the editor or publisher, *if post paid*, will receive prompt attention; and the paper will be forwarded to any part of the country, where it may be ordered.—Subscribers at a *distance* are requested to enclose the amount of their subscription, (at least for six months,) when they order the paper

Baltimore, Nov. 9, 1837.

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

On the 1st of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good paper, of an extra large royal octavo size, and neatly stitched in a coloured cover, the first number

OF A NEW PERIODICAL WORK,

ENTITLED,

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE,

Edited by WILLIAM E. BURTON, Philadelphia.
To whom all original Communications will be addressed.

THE announcement of a new Periodical in the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise but having contemplated an alteration in the nature of a very popular monthly publication, "Every Body's Album," the proprietors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome points of the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor, will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation equal to that of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the proprietors.

The contents of the Gentleman's Magazine will, in every respect, be answerable to the meaning of the title. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly as "eagles soar, above the ken of man," nor shall we be content with merely skimming the surface of the ground; our pages will not be filled with abstruse predications, nor shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acumen in matters "caviare to the million." In short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreeable book—an epitome of life's adjunctires—a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlor table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of contents attached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found, from some of the most celebrated writers of the day—essays humorous and didactic—graphic delineations of men and manners—free and spirited translations of the lighter portions of the Literature of continental Europe. A series of original biographical notices of the principal stars in the Dramatic hemisphere. The current Literature will be reviewed in full, and liberal extracts made from rare and valuable works. An original copy right song, not otherwise to be obtained, will be given, with the music, in every number.

The Gentleman's Magazine will contain seventy-two extra sized octavo pages, of two columns each, forming, at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octavo page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year, and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be *THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAPEST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE UNITED STATES.*

To induce subscribers to forward their names immediately, the publisher begs leave to offer the following inducements for Clubbing, the advantages of which proposition can remain in force for a few months only. The subscription to the Gentleman's Magazine will, *for a single copy*, be invariably three dollars per annum, payable in advance—but a five dollar bill will produce two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dollars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to *Charles Alexander*, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet with the earliest attention.

June 39.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, ST. MICHAELS, AND WYE LANDING.

The Steamboat MARYLAND will leave Baltimore on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, at eight o'clock, for the above places from the lower end of Dugan's wharf. Returning the next day, leaving Wye Landing at 8 o'clock for St. Michaels, Annapolis and Baltimore. She will continue this route throughout the season. Passage to Annapolis $1 50, to St. Michaels and Wye Landing $2 50.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

November 9.

CASH FOR
ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,
Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into this market. I can at all times be found at Mrs. Hunter's Tavern in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC F. PURVIS.

Sept. 12.

N. B.—Any communications left with Mr. John Lamb, will be promptly attended to.

I. P.

[illegible] OF EXTENTED AND POPULAR NOVELS,
VIZ:

Peter Simple,	Rattlin the Reefer,
Jacob Faithful,	Poacher, or Many Tales,
Pirate and Three Cutters,	Jacob in Search of his Father.
Frank Mildmay,	
King's Own,	

BY CAPTAIN MARRYATT.

Pelham,	Last Days of Pompeii,
The Disowned,	Rienzi,
Devereux,	Falkland,
Paul Clifford,	Pilgrims of the Rhine,
Eugene Aram,	

BY E. L. BULWER.

Will be given as a premium to any person who will send the names of Ten Subscribers, and Twenty Dollars in cash, to the publisher of

The Saturday News and Literary Gazette.

And to every person who will send Five Subscribers, and Ten Dollars in cash, a complete set of either Bulwer or Marryatt, as may be preferred.

The prices of the novels above mentioned, if purchased of the booksellers, would be $21 25; and in Godey's cheap and uniform edition they cost $6 50. They can be had of the publisher, at $3 50 for Bulwer, $3 for Marryatt, complete.

The SATURDAY NEWS contains more reading matter than any other paper published in the United States. It is devoted to general Literature, Criticism, the Drama, Agriculture, Intelligence, News, &c. Many of the best writers of Philadelphia are contributors to its columns; and its selections are made from the whole range of English literature. A correspondence is maintained with the principal cities of the Union, and letters are expected from a gentleman of high talent about to travel in Europe.—The subscription price is $2 per annum, payable in advance, or three copies for $5.

L. A. GODEY & Co.,

The following notices are taken from many of a similar character, made by the leading presses of this city:—

SATURDAY NEWS—The weekly paper with the above title, which we forecold a few weeks since came to light on Saturday last, under the auspices of Messrs. Godey, McMichael & Neal. Such a trio never got together before.—Neal and McMichael beat all for writing, and Godey beats all for publishing; and a capital job they made of their first number, worthy all that was promised. We prophesy for them great success, and for their readers great satisfaction.—*United States Gazette.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS—We have been favoured with a copy of the first number of this new paper. It is creditable to all concerned. The literary matter is far above the ordinary standard and would not discredit the columns of the most popular newspaper of the British metropolis. Sustained in the same spirit, the News will seem very liberal patronage and merited translation. An amusing extract will be found in a subsequent column.—*Inquirer and Courier.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.—[illegible] number of a new weekly paper, [illegible] "Gentleman's Vade Mecum," and in Philadelphia Saturday last—it is of the largest size of newspapers published in that city, and succeeds the Gentleman's Vade Mecum, formerly issued by Mr. Charles Alexander, which has been by him transferred to Messrs. L. A. Godey, J. C. Neal, and M. McMichael, three gentlemen very favorably known as possessing the requisite qualifications for conducting such a periodical in the most advantageous manner. The first number is a highly satisfactory specimen of what may be expected from the paper, especially as a literary Gazette. The annual subscription is at the very moderate rate of two dollars.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

We have received the first number of the Saturday News, a weekly paper of the largest class, issued by the Messrs. Godey, Neal and McMichael, able and experienced newspaper editors, who will not fail to give a due share of entertainment and interest to their sheet. The Gentleman's Vade Mecum has been transferred to Messrs Godey & Co., and will be continued under the title of the Saturday News, which will contain besides a large amount of interesting intelligence and literary matter, in addition to that heretofore embodied in the Vade Mecum. We intended to publish their prospectus to-day, but have been prevented by want of room.—*Bucks and Schuylkill Journal.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—We have received the first number of a new weekly paper, of the above title, edited by Louis A. Godey, conductor of the Lady's Book; Joseph C. Neal, editor of the Pennsylvanian, and Morton McMichael, the late editor of the Saturday Courier. Judging from the first number we should conclude that it will far exceed, *for original* matter, and new selections, any weekly paper in Philadelphia. It is not a *reprint* of any other Gazette, which is too much the case with the mammoth sheets of that city.—*Newcastle Gazette.*

The first number of the Philadelphia Saturday News has been received at this office, and promises to be one of the very best weekly papers in the Union. The number before us is very creditable to the enterprising publisher and editors, its contents being various, entertaining and instructive. Those who wish a good family paper from this city, cannot do better than to subscribe for the Saturday News. It is published by L. A. Godey, and edited by Morton McMichael, and Joseph C. Neal, Esqrs.—*Darby Republican.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—The new Journal advertised in our paper under the above title, made its appearance last week, and is, very unequivocally on the "go ahead" system.—There is no doubt, but that the publisher, our friend Godey, whose Lady's Book we have in times past laboured to make our *fair* readers *family* in love with, will gain troops of friends in his new enterprise, and line his pockets to some purpose with the "needful." Very well. We are glad of it. The sketch under our police head is by Mr. Neal, and is in his inimitable style. We hope to be able to treat our friends often to such exquisite touches of sly and quiet humour.—*Saturday Courier.*

Sept. 1.

SUBSCRIPTION
FOR VOL. IV. OF
THE CULTIVATOR,
A MONTHLY PUBLICATION, COMPRISING 200 PAGES IN A VOLUME, DEVOTED TO THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE SOIL AND THE MIND.

THE Conductor tenders his acknowledgments to gentlemen, for their kind offices in extending the circulation of the CULTIVATOR, and respectfully solicits the continuance of their good will. Putting out of the question our personal contributions, of the merits of which it does not become us to speak, we venture to say, there is no periodical of its price, that contains more matter directly useful to the great agricultural interest, than is to be found in the columns of the Cultivator. *One* volume contains as much matter, by printer's computation, as *five* ordinary duodecimos, which sell at 75 to 125 cents each. If, then, as we believe, the paper is both cheap and useful, and calculated to promote improvement in the business of husbandry, every gentleman may benefit his community, by a moderate effort to extend its circulation. We plead not for ourselves, but for the great interest which it is our pride and pleasure to serve.

☞ The entire Series of the Cultivator will be sent to order, at 50 cts. the volume, stitched, or $2 for the three volumes bound together. All vols. for $5.

☞ Subscriptions to the above work received by

A. COWAN,
Annapolis.

February 4.

MAMMOTH SHEET.
Genius of the [illegible]
and Literary Gazette.
Philadelphia, [illegible]

THE very liberal patronage bestowed on the SATURDAY NEWS, since its commencement in July last, and a desire to meet that patronage by corresponding exertions, have induced us this week to publish a *Double Number*—being the largest sheet ever printed in Philadelphia for any purpose, and the largest literary paper ever printed in the United States. To those of our friends who are practical printers, it need not be mentioned that this undertaking has involved serious mechanical difficulties. The largest—or one of the largest presses in Philadelphia is used for our ordinary impression—but this would accommodate only a single page of the mammoth sheet, and we were obliged, *therefore, to work four forms* at different periods. The care used in preparing the paper—in removing and folding the sheets, &c., can only be estimated by those who have seen the experiment made; and, added to the necessarily increased amount of composition, press work, &c., these supplementary expenses have made an aggregate cost, which would have deterred many from engaging in the enterprize. A gain of two thousand new subscribers will not repay the actual cost of this single number.

We flatter ourselves that, besides its extraordinary size, this number presents attractions that entitle it to some attention.—It contains the whole of *Friendship's Offering* for 1837, the London copy of which costs $4, and has 384 closely printed pages of letter press. Distinguished as the present age, and particularly our own country, has been for cheap reprints, we believe this surpasses any former instance. For *four cents* subscribers to the *Saturday News* receive, in addition to their ordinary supply of miscellaneous matter, an English annual, the largest yet received for the coming season, and they receive it, moreover, in a form that, from its novelty, gives it additional value.

Of the general character of the *Saturday News* we need not speak. That has now become so well known as to require no comment. We may take occasion to say, however, that in enterprize and resources we yield to no other publishers in this city or elsewhere, and we are determined that our paper shall not be surpassed. We have entered the field prepared for zealous competition, and we stand ready in every way to realize our promise, that no similar publication shall excel that which we issue. Our articles, both original and selected, we are not ashamed to test by any comparison which can be adopted; and there is no periodical in the United States, monthly or weekly, which might not be proud of many of our contributors.

The issuing of this number may be regarded as an evidence of our intention and ability to merit success. Nor will it be the only effort—From time to time, as opportunity offers, we proprose to adopt extraordinary means for the interest and gratification of our subscribers.

L. A. GODEY, & Co.

THE SALMAGUNDI,
AND NEWS OF THE DAY.
EMBELLISHED WITH A MULTITUDE OF
COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

A NEW PERIODICAL, of a novel character, bearing the above appellation, will be commenced on the beginning of January, 1836. While it will furnish its patrons with the leading features of the news of the day, its principal object will be to serve up a humorous compilation of the numerous lively and pungent sallies which are daily floating along the tide of Literature, and which, for the want of a proper channel for their preservation, are positively lost to the Reading world. Original wits and humorists of our time will here have a medium devoted to the faithful record of the scintillations of their genius. It is not necessary to detail the many attractions which this journal will possess, as the publisher will furnish a specimen number to every person who desires it—(those out of the city, will forward their orders, postage paid)—☞ and he pledges himself that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to make each succeeding number superior in every respect to the preceding ones.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be printed on large imperial paper, equal in size and quality to that which is at present used for the Gentleman's Vade Mecum. It is calculated that MORE THAN

500 ENGRAVINGS

will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one year—these, in addition to an extensive and choice selection of Satire, Criticism, Humour and Wit, to be circulated through its columns, will form a Literary Banquet of a superior and attractive order; and the publisher relies with perfect confidence on the liberality of the American public, and the spirit and tact with which this expensive undertaking will be prosecuted, to bear him successfully and profitably along with it.

The Terms of THE SALMAGUNDI will be TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable invariably in advance. No paper will be furnished unless this stipulation is strictly adhered to. ☞ Clubs of three will be supplied with the paper for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note, postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. ☞ The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

☞ THE SALMAGUNDI will be published on alternate weeks—otherwise it would be impossible to procure the numerous Embellishments which each number will contain—and the general interest it will afford must be enhanced by this arrangement.

☞ Address, CHARLES ALEXANDER, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

[illegible]

VOL. XCIII.

Printed and
JONA
At the Brick Bu
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Price—Three D

STATE OF M
Anne Arundel Coun

ON application b
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late of Anne-Arunde
ordered that she giv
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be published once in
of six successive we
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of Anne Arundel Cou
of administration o
Andrew Gamble, lat
ty, deceased. All p
gainst the said dece
to exhibit the same,
of, to the subscribe
day of June next,
aw be excluded fro
estate. Given unde
of December 1837.
JAN

December 7.

ANNE-ARUNDE
ON application
squire, Chief
Court of Anne-Arun
writing of Peter M
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The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. XCIII. ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 11, 1838. NO. 2.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.
Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court,
December 5th, 1837.

ON application by petition of Jane Gamble, Administratrix of Andrew Gamble, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L BROWN, Jun'r.,
Reg. Wills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel County, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Andrew Gamble, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 5th day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 5th day of December 1837.

JANE GAMBLE, Adm'x.
December 7. 6w.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, Sct.

ON application to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing of Peter McRoberts, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Peter McRoberts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Peter McRoberts having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Beale Gaither his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Peter McRoberts a conveyance and possession of all his property real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Peter McRoberts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter McRoberts should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

NICH'S. BREWER,
Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, Anne-Arundel County.
Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
A. A. County Court.
December 29. 3m.

Maryland, Anne-Arundel County, SC.

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that Richard Nicholson has this day brought before me as Strays two HORSES, one a black about ten years old with a short nicked tail, has a white spot on his back, very gay, paces, trots and canters, has only one old shoe on; the other is a bay six years old, long tail, trots and canters, a little white on both hind feet, and no shoes on. Given under my hand and seal this 15th December 1837.

BASIL OWINGS,
one of the Justices of the Peace for the Fifth Election District for the County aforesaid.

The owner of the above property is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

RICHARD NICHOLSON,
Bond's Tavern 5th Election District, A. A. County.
Dec. 21.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned from trespassing either with dog or gun, or landing boats on the shores of the farm called Aberdeen, as I am determined to prosecute all offenders to the utmost extent of the law.

BENJAMIN B. WARING,
Manager.
December 14. 6w

CITY OF ANNAPOLIS,
December 11th, 1837.

WHEREAS Lewis N. Sewell, Collector of the Tax for the City of Annapolis for the year 1836, hath returned to the Corporation of said City the following List of Real Property on which there is no Personal Property to pay the same, viz:

Persons Assessed.	*Property.*	*Tax Due.*
Bowie, Mrs. E. H.	House & Lot,	$14 00
Carroll & Dulaney,	2 Lots,	1 88
Fulks, Elizabeth's heirs,	House & Lot,	
Hurst, Bennett's heirs,	2 do do	8 12
Shorter, Peter's heirs,	1 do do	1 56
Scott, Leonard,	1 do do	12 50
Williams, Joseph's heirs,	1 do do	4 39

CITY OF ANNAPOLIS,
December 11th, 1837.

WHEREAS Lewis N. Sewell, Collector of the Tax for the City of Annapolis for the year 1837, hath returned to the Corporation of said City the following List of Real Property on which there is no Personal Property to pay the same, viz:

Persons Assessed.	*Property.*	*Tax Due.*
Barber, John T's. heirs,	House & Lot	$15 75
Bowie, Mrs. E. H.	do do	17 50
Duvall, Mrs. Mary,	do do	10 50
Fulks, Elizabeth's heirs,	do do	3 50
Howard, Samuel's heirs,	do do	5 25
Hurst, Bennett's heirs,	2 House & Lots,	11 38
Jones, Mrs. Eliza,	1 do do	3 50
O'Hara, William,	1 do do	3 50
Shorter, Peter's heirs,	1 do do	2 19
Scott, Leonard,	1 do do	17 50
White, Mary,	1 do do	8 75

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That unless the City charges aforesaid are paid within *thirty days* after the publication of this notice, that the said property or such parts thereof as will be sufficient to pay the Tax, and costs thereon, will be sold agreeably to the directions of the Act of Assembly, passed January 10th, 1832, chapter 20.

G. H. DUVALL, Clk.
Dec. 14. R.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on TUESDAY, the 16th day of January next, for the purpose of settling with the Inspectors of Tobacco, hearing appeals and making transfers, and to close the books for the year 1837.

By order,
B. J. COWMAN, Clk.
December 7. R. tm.

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

ON application to the Judges of Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition, in writing, of William Murdock, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said William Murdock having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said William Murdock having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Robert Welch of Ben. his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said William Murdock a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, it is therefore hereby ordered and adjudged, that the said William Murdock be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months before the third Monday of April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said William Murdock should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this 24th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
January 4. 3m.

A BY-LAW.

A Supplement to a By-Law passed July 10th, 1835, entitled, "A By-Law compensating the City Commissioners."

[Passed December 1st, 1837.]

BE it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That the acting City Commissioner shall be entitled to receive the same compensation for his services for the year 1837, as is prescribed by the By-Law to which this is a supplement.

And be it established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the same compensation shall hereafter be annually paid to the said acting Commissioner as is prescribed by the By-Law to which this is a supplement.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

JOURNAL OF PROCEEDINGS
Of the House of Delegates of the State of Maryland,
DECEMBER SESSION, 1837.

TUESDAY, January 2d, 1838.

Mr. Bowie, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Prince George's county, praying a repeal of the law passed at the last session, relative to the appointment of Tobacco Inspectors.

Mr. Dawson, petitions of Horatio Thompson and Margaret Mark, of Montgomery county, severally praying to be placed on the pension roll of said county.

Mr. Griffith, a memorial of sundry citizens of Montgomery county, praying for the passage of an act authorising the appointment of weigh-master for live stock in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Ford, a petition of sundry citizens of St. Mary's county, praying for the erection of a public landing and a public road therein mentioned.

Mr. Sprigg, a memorial of Rebecca Devilbiss, of Allegany county, praying the passage of an act authorising her to bring into this State a certain negro slave therein mentioned.

Mr. Gallagher, a petition of a committee appointed by the Washington Lyceum of Baltimore, praying for an act of incorporation.

Mr. Giles, a petition of James H. McCulloh, of the city of Baltimore, praying for an act to change the limitations of a deed of settlement made by him, and for other purposes.

Mr. Giles, a memorial of the President and Directors of the Baltimore and Port Deposite Rail Road Company, praying for a repeal of so much of their act of incorporation, as requires them to carry their road to Port Deposite.

Mr. Comegys, asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, an act, to repeal an act, to establish magistrates courts in the several counties of this State, and to prescribe their jurisdiction, together with all the supplements thereto, so far as the same relates to Cecil county.

On motion of Mr. Ristean,

Ordered, that the treasurer report to this house at as early a day as possible the number of banks in this State, where they are located and the amount of State's stock in each or any of them, and also the amount of capital of each of the banks.

The house then proceeded to the election of a Council to the Governor, in conformity with arrangements made with the senate for that purpose, and the ballots of the members being collected in the ballot box, it was sealed up and delivered to the committee appointed on the part of this house to meet the committee appointed on the part of the senate, to count the joint ballot of both houses and report the result.

They having retired to the conference room, after a short time returned and reported, that on counting the joint ballot of both houses, they had found there were altogether eighty-eight votes taken, of which number Thomas G. Pratt had received sixty-nine votes, Benedict I. Heard had received sixty votes, William F. Johnson had received fifty-eight votes, John McKenny had received fifty-seven votes, and Thomas H. Hicks had received fifty-seven votes, that there were sixteen blank ballots and one scattering, —Whereupon,

Resoved, That Thomas G. Pratt, Benedict I. Heard, William F. Johnson, John McKenney, and Thomas H. Hicks, Esquires, be and they are hereby declared to be duly elected the Council to the Governor.

On motion of Mr. Comegys,

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, January 3d.

Mr. Ghiselin, presented three memorials of sundry citizens of Prince George's county, praying for the repeal of the law of the last session, relating to the appointment of tobacco inspectors in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Giles, a petition of Mary Jane Staylor, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced a vinculo matrimonii, from her husband Robert Galloway.

Mr. Geyer, a memorial of sundry citizens of Frederick and Montgomery counties, praying the passage of an act authorising the appointment of a weigh-master for live stock in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Usilton, a petition of sundry citizens of Kent county, praying the passage of an act to protect the wild fowl in the Chesapeake Bay and its tributary streams in Kent county.

And, Mr. Kerr, a memorial of certain Physicians of Talbot county, by order of the Medical Convention of the Eastern Shore, and in behalf of the Medical Faculty of Talbot county, praying relief from grievances therein mentioned.

On motion of Mr. Parran,

Ordered, that the committee raised on the tobacco inspections, enquire into the propriety of reducing the present rate of outage on tobacco inspected in the city of Baltimore, and report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Blocher,

Ordered, that the joint committee on the library be instructed to enquire into the expediency and propriety of purchasing for the use of the State Library, the files of the "Maryland Gazette," newspaper, from the year 1745, to the year 1838.

Mr. Carter, reported a bill, entitled, an act for the benefit of Mary Charles of Caroline county.

Which was read the first, and, by special order the second time and passed.

Mr. Giles, reported a bill, entitled, an act to provide for the weighing of anthracite or hard coal, and for the measuring bituminous coal in the State of Maryland, and to repeal the act of Assembly heretofore passed in relation to that subject.

The bill reported by Mr. Blocher, entitled a supplement to an act to accept the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled, an act for the continuation and repair of the Cumberland Road, in the States of Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois, passed December session, 1834, chapter 203, was taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The house then proceeded to ballot for a Senator to represent this State in the Senate of the United States until the 4th day of March, 1839.—the ballot box being prepared, the ballots were deposited therein, sealed up, and delivered to the committee of the house of delegates, appointed to meet the committee of the senate, to count the joint ballot, who retired to the conference room, and after some time returned and reported that there were altogether ninety five votes taken, of which number William D. Merrick, Esq. had sixty-one votes, that there were thirty-three blank ballots and one scattering.—Whereupon.

Resolved, that William D. Merrick Esq. be, and he is hereby declared to be a Senator to represent this State in the Senate of the United States until the 4th day of March, 1839.

On motion of Mr. Neff,

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

THURSDAY, January 4th.

The bill, entitled, an act for the benefit of Mary Charles, of Caroline county; and,

The bill, entitled, a supplement to an act, entitled, an act to accept the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled, an act for the continuation and repair of the Cumberland Road in the States of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, passed December session, 1834, chapter 203;

Were sent to the Senate.

The bill from the senate, entitled, a supplement to an act, entitled, an act relating to Run Alley in the city of Baltimore, passed by this house on yesterday,

Was returned to the senate.

Mr. Hughes submitted the following message, which was read, assented to, and sent to the senate.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

The Hon. William D. Merrick having been elected Senator of the United States, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Hon. Joseph Kent, we propose with the concurrence of your honourable body, that a joint letter from the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Delegates, be forthwith forwarded to him informing him of his election.

Mr. Evans presented a report of the West Nottingham Academy, in Cecil county, relative to the condition of said academy.

Mr. Turner, of Baltimore county, presented a memorial of John Jones, of Baltimore county, praying a special act of insolvency;

And, Mr. Giles, a petition of Ebenezer L. Finley, David Hoffman and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying for an act of incorporation to improve several squares of ground in said city.

Mr. Biser obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an act to change the compensation of judges and clerks of election, so far as relates to Frederick county.

Mr. Giles obtained leave to bring in a bill to provide for the appointment of commissioners out of the state of Maryland, to take the acknowledgments of deeds and instruments of writing under seal.

Mr. Blocher obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, a further supplement to an act passed at December session 1835, chapter 305.

Mr. Crane obtained leave to bring in a bill to regulate fences in St. Mary's county.

Mr. Sellers obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an act relating to the repairs of public roads in Calvert county.

Mr. Hughes obtained leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, an act relating to the repairs of public roads in Charles county.

Mr. Ely obtained leave to bring in a further supplement to an act relating to the people of colour in this state.

Mr. Powder obtained leave to bring in a bill to repeal so much of an act to provide for making a new and complete map and geological survey of this state.

On motion of Mr. Giles,

Ordered, That the committee on ways and means be, and they are hereby required to inquire into the propriety and expediency of providing by law for the punctual payment in gold and silver, or its equivalent, of the principal and interest now due, or which may hereafter become due to the creditors of this state.

Mr. Risteau, chairman of the committee on divorces, made an unfavourable report upon the petition of Ann Lloyd, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband, James Lloyd;

Also, on the petition of Elizabeth Jane Kerner, praying to be divorced from her husband, Henry Kerner.

Mr. Risteau, chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill, entitled, an act to divorce Samuel Keplinger, of the city of Baltimore, from his wife Mary Keplinger;

Which was read the first, and by special order the second time, and passed.

Mr. Giles submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That this legislature will not receive and act on any testimony brought here to support an application for a divorce, which shall not appear to have been taken according to the act of assembly heretofore passed in relation to that subject, or which shall not have been taken upon ten days notice to the opposite party of the time, place and mode of taking such testimony.

Mr. Sprigg reported a bill, entitled, an act securing to mechanics and others payment for their labour in the erection of any house or other building in Allegany county,

Which was read the first, and by special order the second time and passed.

Mr. Sellers asked leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an act for guarding against fraud in the exercise of the elective franchise in the several cities and counties of this state.

The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

FRIDAY, January 5th.

Mr. Brown presented a petition signed by 620 persons, citizens and voters of the 5th and 6th election districts in Anne-Arundel county, praying for the erection of a new county, to be called Howard.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, entitled, an act for the benefit of Mary Charles, of Caroline county, endorsed, "will pass;" ordered to be engrossed.

On motion of Mr. Hughes,

Ordered, That the speaker be requested to issue a warrant of election to the sheriff of Charles county, to hold an election to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of William D. Merrick, Esq. a delegate elected and returned for said county.

A warrant of election was accordingly issued, signed by the speaker and clerk, and transmitted by express to the sheriff of Charles county.

On motion of Mr. Simmons,

Ordered, That the speaker appoint a committee of five to inquire whether any further legislation be necessary or expedient for the preservation of oysters in the waters of this State, and that they have leave to report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Bowie, chairman of the select committee on certain memorials, praying the repeal of an act, limiting the time for which tobacco inspectors shall continue to hold their offices, delivered the following report:

The select committee to whom were referred the several memorials from sundry citizens of Prince-George's county, and other citizens of the state, praying the repeal of an act passed at the last session of the General Assembly, limiting the time for which Tobacco Inspectors in the city of Baltimore shall continue to hold their offices, beg leave respectfully to report,

That they have had the said memorials under consideration, and have come to the conclusion that the prayer of the memorialists ought to be granted. Your committee are of opinion that it is inexpedient for the legislature, if not beyond their constitutional powers, to proscribe by legislative enactments, any citizens of this state from holding any office to which they may be called by the Executive department of the government, in the exercise of a clearly constitutional prerogative. To the Executive has been confided by the constitution the power of appointment to office, and in the exercise of that power they must necessarily possess a discretion which cannot be trammeled by legislative interposition, without manifest danger of an entire destruction of that union and order which is so essentially necessary to a sound administration of the government.

Your committee believe that fidelity in the discharge of official duties is one of the surest guarantees for public protection, and whilst the best interests of the public imperiously requires that the faithless and dishonest should receive no favour at the hands of the appointing power of the government, yet on the other hand the public safety demands that faithful, efficient and well tried public servants should not be removed for slight and frivolous causes. But when the legislature undertake to pass laws by which certain citizens of the state are removed from offices to which they have been properly appointed, without any complaint or charge being preferred against them, and without even affording to them the benefit of a hearing in their own defence, your committee think they discover in such a course a violation of the constitutional right of the citizen, and the infliction of oppressive and grievous wrongs wholly at war with all our republican institutions.

Your committee therefore beg leave to report the following bill.

THOMAS F. BOWIE, Chairman.

Which was read the first time;

And reported a bill, entitled, an act supplementary to an act, entitled, an act to limit the time for which Tobacco Inspectors shall conti-

PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circulating Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesome.

The fourth year will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1836, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only from January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can be given of its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere per centage of their former cost; it has outlived more than thirty puerile attempts at imitation; and has now an extensive list of patrons who are of the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, its use and purpose, is enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, without being compelled to depend on places of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying pelite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor, himself a reader from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of an elevated standard of intellect which may be admitted into every family without hesitation by the mos fastidious, and become a rallying point for all its members, promoting social belles lettres reading and conversation. The variety thus collected from the whole mass of published works, mostly new, embraces Biography, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Select History, personal memoirs of extraordinary individuals, and curious adventure, &c. &c. An amount equal to fifty London duodecimo volumes is thus annually furnished in weekly numbers, at a cost only equal to one of the London works. The plan thus embraces the whole range of popular literature, and the work has now become so universally diffused in every part of the Union as to form no inconsiderable portion of the literature of the country, and with which an acquaintance has become *really necessary for* those who mix in society.

The Library as now conducted disseminates books to all parts of the country in from *five to six weeks* after their issue in London. Five dollars per annum expended in this way will supply good reading for a whole circle or family; for a *cent and a half a day*, postage included, a duodecimo book is sent every week, making in the course of the year more than three volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be bound at an expense little exceeding that of binding either separately, and constitutes a concentrated collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and uncongenial society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk or idle listlessness so apt to employ a large portion of the time of the many.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four quarto pages, entitled, The Journal of Belles Lettres, containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for $5 00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals obtain five copies for $20 00, a reduction which pays the postage. *Payment always in advance.*

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

This periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; or *both* are furnished to clubs of five for $6 00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chamber's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, combined in such a manner as to enlist the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation; price to single subscribers not taking the Library, $2 50, postage paid.

*** A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio one; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1836 of the Library, and the Port Folio for 1835 and 1836, the whole can be had for $30 00. For this amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its class. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

Second, two doors north of Chestnut street, Philad.

The Museum of Foreign Literature and Science, price $5 00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for $15.

Oct. 4.

NEW PAPER.

THE BALTIMORE SATURDAY EXPRESS,

And Weekly Express.

RECENTLY commenced, and now published every *Saturday*, by YOUNG & ABRAHAMS, at the South East corner of Market and Gay streets, Baltimore, *L. A. Wilmer*, editor. Price $2 per annum.

This paper will contain a great variety of original and selected matter, news, literary and scientific articles, notices of new books, and animadversions on the most popular topics of the day. The publishers have made such arrangements as enable them to promise with confidence that the *Kaleidoscope* shall not be surpassed by any other similar paper in the Union, not only in point of utility, but in the various qualities which make a newspaper attractive and desirable.

One Dollar, in advance, will be received as payment in full for six months. The terms of advertising are moderate. Letters or communications to the editor or publisher, *if post paid*, will receive prompt attention; and the paper will be forwarded to any part of the country, where it may be ordered.—Subscribers at a *distance* are requested to enclose the amount of their subscription, (at least for six months,) when they order the paper.

Baltimore, Nov. 9, 1837.

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

On the 1st of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good paper, of an extra large royal octavo size, and neatly stitched in a coloured cover, the first number

OF A NEW PERIODICAL WORK,

ENTITLED,

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE,

Edited by WILLIAM E. BURTON, Philadelphia.

To whom all original Communications will be addressed.

THE announcement of a new Periodical in the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise but having contemplated an alteration in the nature of a very popular monthly publication, "Every Body's Album," the proprietors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome points of the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor, will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation equal to that of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the proprietors.

The contents of the Gentleman's Magazine will, in *every respect*, be answerable to the multiplicity of its title. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly as "eagles soar, above the lion of man," nor shall we be content with merely skimming the surface of the ground; our pages will not be filled with abstruse predictions, nor shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acumen in matters "caviare to the million." In short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreeable book—an epitome of life's adjunctives—a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlour table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of contents attached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found, from some of the most celebrated writers of the day—essays humorous and didactic—graphic delineations of men and manners—free and spirited translations of the lighter portions of the Literature of continental Europe. A series of original biographical notices of the principal stars in the Dramatic hemisphere. The current Literature will be reviewed in full, and liberal extracts made from rare and valuable works. An original copy right song, not otherwise to be obtained, will be given, *with the music, in every* number.

The Gentleman's Magazine will contain seventy-two extra sized octavo pages, of two columns each, forming, at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octavo page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year, and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be *THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAPEST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE UNITED STATES.*

To induce subscribers to forward their names immediately, the publisher begs leave to offer the following inducements for Clubbing, the advantages of which proposition can remain in force for a few months only. The subscription to the Gentleman's Magazine will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum, payable in advance—but a five dollar bill will produce two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dollars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to *Charles Alexander*, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet with the earliest attention.

June 39.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, ST. MICHAELS, AND WYE LANDING.

The Steamboat MARYLAND will leave Baltimore on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, at eight o'clock, for the above places from the lower end of Dugan's wharf. Returning the next day, leaving Wye Landing at 8 o'clock for St. Michaels, Annapolis and Baltimore. She will continue this route throughout the season. Passage to Annapolis $1 50, to St. Michaels and Wye Landing $2 50.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

November 9.

CASH FOR

ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,

Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into this market. I can at all times be found at Mrs. Hunter's Tavern in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC W. BEVIS.

Sept. 12.

N. B.—Any communications left with Mr. John Lamb, will be promptly attended to.

I. W. B.

POPULAR NOVELS.

Peter Simple,
Jacob Faithful,
Hale and Times Cutlass, Jacob in Search of his Relatives,
Frank Mildmay,
King's Own,

AT CERTAIN PERIODS.

Pelham, Last Days of Pompeii,
The Disowned, Rienzi,
Devereux, Falkland,
Paul Clifford, Pilgrims of the Rhine,
Eugene Aram,

BY B. L. BULWER.

Will be given as a premium to any person who will send the names of Ten Subscribers, and Twenty Dollars in cash, to the publisher of

The Saturday News and Literary Gazette.

And to every person who will send Five Subscribers, and Ten Dollars in cash, a complete set of either Bulwer or Marryatt, as may be preferred.

The prices of the novels above mentioned, if purchased of the booksellers, would be $21 25; and in Godey's cheap and uniform edition they cost $6 50. They can be had of the publisher, at $2 50 for Bulwer, $3 for Marryatt, complete.

The SATURDAY NEWS contains more reading matter than any other paper published in the United States. It is devoted to general Literature, Criticism, the Drama, Agriculture, Intelligence, News, &c. Many of the best writers of Philadelphia are contributors to its columns; and its selections are made from the whole range of English literature. A correspondence is maintained with the principal cities of the Union, and letters are expected from a gentleman of high talent about to travel in Europe.—The subscription price is $2 per annum, payable in advance, or three copies *for $5.*

L. A. GODEY & Co.

The following notices are taken from many of a similar character, made by the leading presses of this city:—

SATURDAY NEWS—The weekly paper with the above title, which we foretold a few weeks since came to light on Saturday last, under the auspices of Messrs. Godey, McMichael & Neal. Such a trio never got together before.—Neal and McMichael beat all for writing, and Godey beats all for publishing; and a capital jollyfy made of their first number, worthy all that was promised. We prophesy for them great success, and for their readers great satisfaction.—*United States Gazette.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS—We have been favoured with a copy of the first number of this new paper. It is creditable to all concerned. The literary matter is far above the ordinary standard and would not discredit the columns of the most popular newspaper of the British metropolis. Sustained in the same spirit, the *News* will seem win liberal patronage and enviable reputation. An amusing extract will be found in a subsequent column.—*Inquirer and Courier.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.—The first number of a new weekly paper, with the above title, issued in Philadelphia on Saturday last—it is of the largest size of newspapers published in that city, and succeeds the Gentleman's Vade Mecum, formerly issued by Mr. Charles Alexander, which has been by him transferred to Messrs. L. A. Godey, J. C. Neal, and M. McMichael, three gentlemen very favourably known as possessing the requisite qualifications for conducting such a periodical in the most advantageous manner. The first number is a highly satisfactory specimen of what may be expected from the paper, especially as a literary Gazette. The annual subscription is at the very moderate rate of two dollars.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

We have received the first number of the Saturday News, a weekly paper of the largest class, issued by the *Messrs. Godey, Neal* and McMichael, able and experienced newspaper editors, who will not fail to give a due share of entertainment and interest to their sheet. The Gentleman's Vade Mecum has been transferred to Messrs Godey & Co., and will be continued under the title of the Saturday News, which will contain besides a large amount of interesting intelligence and literary matter, in addition to that heretofore embodied in the Vade Mecum. We intended to publish their prospectus to-day, but have been prevented by want of room.—*Berks and Schuylkill Journal.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—We have received the first number of a new weekly paper, of the above title, edited by Louis A. Godey, conductor of the Lady's Book; Joseph C. Neal, editor of the Pennsylvanian, and Morton McMichael, the late editor of the Saturday Courier. Judging from the first number we should conclude that it will far exceed, for *original* matter, and new selections, any weekly paper in Philadelphia. It is not a *reprint* of any other Gazette, which is too much the case with the mammoth sheets of that city.—*Newcastle Gazette.*

The first number of the Philadelphia Saturday News has been received at this office, and promises to be one of the very best weekly papers in the Union. The number before us is very creditable to the enterprising publisher and editors, its contents being various, entertaining and instructive. Those who wish a good family paper from the city, cannot do better than to subscribe for the Saturday News. It is published by L. A. Godey, and edited by Morton McMichael, and Joseph C. Neal, Esqrs.—*Darby Republican.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—The new Journal advertised in our paper under the above title, made its appearance last week, and is, very unequivocally on the "go ahead" system.—There is no doubt, but that the publisher, our friend Godey, whose Lady's Book we have in times past laboured to make our *fair readers fairly* in love with, will gain troops of friends in his new enterprise, and his pockets to some purpose with the "needful." Very well. We are glad of it. The sketch under our police head is by Mr. Neal, and is in his inimitable style. We hope to be able to treat our friends often to such exquisite touches of sly and quiet humour.—*Saturday Courier.*

Sept. 1.

SUBSCRIPTION

FOR VOL. IV. OF

THE CULTIVATOR,

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION, COMPRISING 200 PAGES IN A VOLUME, DEVOTED TO THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE SOIL AND THE MIND.

THE Conductor tenders his acknowledgments to gentlemen, for their kind offices in *extending the circulation of the* CULTIVATOR, and respectfully solicits the continuance of their good will. Putting out of the question *our personal* contributions, of the merits of which it does not become us to speak, we venture to say, there is no periodical of its price, that contains more matter directly useful to the great agricultural interest, than is to be found in the columns of the Cultivator. *One* volume contains as much matter, by printer's computation, as *five* ordinary duodecimos, which sell at 75 to 125 cents each. If, then, as we believe, the paper is both cheap and useful, and calculated to promote improvement in the business of husbandry, every gentleman may benefit his community, by a moderate effort to extend its circulation. We plead not for ourselves, but for the great interest which it is our pride and pleasure to serve.

☞ The entire Series of the Cultivator will be sent to order, at 50 cts. the volume, stitched, or $3 for the three volumes bound together in 3 vols. for $5.

☞ Subscriptions to the above work received by

A. GOWAN,

Annapolis.

February 4.

THE very [illegible] the SATURDAY [illegible] commencement in July last, [illegible] meet that patronage by correspondent [illegible] tions, have induced us this week [illegible] a *Double Number*—being the largest sheet *ever* printed in Philadelphia for any purpose, and the largest literary paper ever printed in the United States. To those of our friends who are practical printers, it need not be mentioned that this undertaking has involved serious mechanical difficulties. The largest—or one of the largest presses in Philadelphia is used for our ordinary impression—but this would accommodate only a single page of the mammoth sheet, and we were obliged, therefore, to work four forms at different periods. The care used in preparing the paper—in removing and folding the sheets, &c., can only be estimated by those who have seen the experiment made; and, added to the necessarily increased amount of composition, press work, &c., these supplementary expenses have made an aggregate cost, which would have deterred many from engaging in the enterprize. A gain of two thousand new subscribers will not repay the actual cost of this single number.

We flatter ourselves that, besides its extraordinary size, this number presents attractions that entitle it to some attention.—It contains the whole of *Friendship's Offering* for 1837, the London copy of which costs $4, and has 384 closely printed pages of letter press. Distinguished as the present age, and particularly our own country, has been for cheap reprints, we believe this surpasses any former instance. For *four cents* subscribers to the *Saturday News* receive, in addition to their ordinary supply of miscellaneous matter, an English annual, the largest yet received for the coming season, and they receive it, moreover, in a form that, from its novelty, gives it additional value.

Of the general character of the *Saturday News* we need not speak. That has now become so well known as to require no comment. We may take occasion to say, however, that in enterprize and resources we yield to no other publishers in this city or elsewhere, and we are determined that our paper shall not be surpassed. We have entered the field prepared for zealous competition, and we stand ready in every way to realize our promise, that no similar publication shall excel that which we issue. Our articles, both original and selected, we are not ashamed to test by any comparison which can be adopted; and there is no periodical in the United States, monthly or weekly, which might not be proud of many of our contributors.

The issuing of this number may be regarded as an evidence of our intention and ability to merit success. Nor will it be the only effort—From time to time, as opportunity offers, we propose to adopt extraordinary means for the interest and gratification of our subscribers.

L. A. GODEY, & Co.

THE SALMAGUNDI,

AND NEWS OF THE DAY.

ENBELLISHED WITH A MULTITUDE OF COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

A NEW PERIODICAL, of a novel character, bearing the above appellation, will be commenced on the beginning of January, 1836. While it will furnish its patrons with the leading features of the news of the day, its principal object will be to serve up a humorous compilation of the numerous lively and pungent sallies which are daily floating along the tide of Literature, and which, for want of a proper channel for their preservation, are positively lost to the Reading world. Original wits and humorists of our time will here have a medium devoted to the faithful record of the scintillations of their genius. It is not necessary to detail the many attractions which this journal will possess, as the publisher will furnish a specimen number to every person who desires it—(those out of the city, will forward their orders, postage paid)—☞ and he pledges himself that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to make each succeeding number superior in every respect to the preceding ones.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be printed on large imperial paper, equal in size and quality to that which is at present used for the Gentleman's Vade Mecum. It is calculated that MORE THAN

500 ENGRAVINGS

will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one year—these, in addition to an extensive and choice selection of Satire, Criticism, Humour and Wit, to be circulated through its columns, will form a Literary Banquet of a superior and attractive order; and the publisher relies with perfect confidence on the liberality of the American public, and the spirit and tact with which this expensive undertaking will be prosecuted, to bear him successfully and profitably along with it.

The Terms of THE SALMAGUNDI will be TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable invariably in advance. No paper will be furnished unless this stipulation is strictly adhered to. ☞ Clubs of three will be supplied with the paper for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note, postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. ☞ The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

☞ THE SALMAGUNDI will be published on alternate weeks—otherwise it would be impossible to procure the numerous Embellishments which each number will contain—and the general interest it will afford must be enhanced by this arrangement.

☞ Address, THE SALMAGUNDI, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

VOL. XCII

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THE SATURDAY NEWS,

AND LITERARY GAZETTE.

NOVELS, TALES, BIOGRAPHY, VOYAGES, TRAVELS, REVIEWS, AND THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

IT was one of the great objects of "Waldie's Literary," "to make good reading cheaper, and to bring literature to every man's door." That object has been accomplished; we have given to books wings, and they have flown to the utermost parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the secluded, occupation to the literary, information to all. We now propose still further to reduce prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall continue to give in the quarto library a volume weekly for two cents a day; we now propose to give a volume in the same period for less than *four cents a week*, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a few columns of shorter literary matters, and a summary of the news and events of the day. We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of reduction, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim at offering to an increasing literary appetite that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great a favourite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the same. But we shall, in the first week of January 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on very superior paper, also *filled with books* of the newest and most entertaining, though in their several departments of Novels, Tales, Voyages, Travels, &c., select in their character, joined with reading such as usually *should* fill a weekly newspaper. By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enliven and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, at an expense which shall be no consideration to any, a mass of reading that in book form would alarm the pockets of the prudent, and to do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall acknowledge "the power of concentration can go farther go." *No book which appears in Waldie's Quarto Library will be published in the Omnibus*, which will be an *entirely distinct* periodical.

TERMS.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS will be issued every Friday morning, printed on paper of a quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and of the largest size. It will contain,

1st. Books, the newest and the best that can be procured, equal every week to a London duodecimo volume, embracing Novels, Travels, Memoirs, &c., *and only chargeable with newspaper postage.*

2d. Literary Reviews, Tales, Sketches, notices of books, and information from "the world of letters," of every description.

3d. The news of the week concentrated to a small compass, but in a sufficient amount to embrace a knowledge of the principal events, political and miscellaneous, of Europe and America.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five subscribers where the paper is forwarded *to one address*. To clubs of two individuals, five dollars; single mail subscribers, three dollars. The discount on uncurrent money will be charged to the remitters; the low price and superior paper absolutely prohibit paying a discount.

On no condition will a copy ever be sent until the payment is received in advance.

As the arrangements for the prosecution of this great literary undertaking are all made, and the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a generous public for many years, no fear of the non fulfilment of the contract can be felt. The Omnibus will be regularly issued, and will contain in a year reading matter equal in amount to two volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned above.

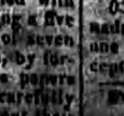
Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

46 Carpenter St. Philadelphia.

☞ Editors throughout the Union, and Canada, will confer a favour by giving the above one or more conspicuous insertions, and accepting the work for a year as compensation.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE AND EASTON.



The Steam Boat MARYLAND, leaves Baltimore every TUESDAY & FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock for the above places, starting from the lower end [illegible] where she returns on Wednesday and Saturday.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. XCIII. ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 11, 1838. NO. 2.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.
Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court,
December 5th, 1837.

ON application by petition of Jane Gamble, Administratrix of Andrew Gamble, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L. BROWN, Jun'r.,
Reg. Wills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel County, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Andrew Gamble, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 5th day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 5th day of December 1837.

JANE GAMBLE, Adm'x.
December 7. 6w.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, Sct.

ON application to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing of Peter McRoberts, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Peter McRoberts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Peter McRoberts having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Beale Gaither his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Peter McRoberts a conveyance and possession of all his property real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Peter McRoberts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter McRoberts should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

NICH'S. BREWER,
Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, Anne-Arundel County.
Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
A. A. County Court.
December 29. 3m.

Maryland, Anne-Arundel County, SC.

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that Richard Nicholson has this day brought before me as Strays two HORSES, one a black about ten years old with a short nicked tail, has a white spot on his back, very gay, paces, trots and canters, has only one old shoe on; the other is a bay six years old, long tail, trots and canters, a little white on both hind feet, and no shoes on. Given under my hand and seal this 15th December 1837.

BASIL OWINGS,
one of the Justices of the Peace for the Fifth Election District for the County aforesaid.

The owner of the above property is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

RICHARD NICHOLSON,
Bond's Tavern 5th Election District, A. A. County.
Dec. 21.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned from trespassing either with dog or gun, or landing boats on the shores of the farm called Aberdeen, as I am determined to prosecute all offenders to the utmost extent of the law.

BENJAMIN B. WARING,
December 14. 6w Manager.

CITY OF ANNAPOLIS,
December 11th, 1837.

WHEREAS Lewis N. Sewell, Collector of the Tax for the City of Annapolis for the year 1836, hath returned to the Corporation of said City the following List of Real Property on which there is no Personal Property to pay the same, viz:

Persons Assessed.	*Property.*	*Tax Due.*
Bowie, Mrs. E. H.	House & Lot,	$14 00
Carroll & Dulaney,	2 Lots,	1 88
Fulks, Elizabeth's heirs,	House & Lot,	
Hurst, Bennett's heirs,	2 do do	8 12
Shorter, Peter's heirs,	1 do do	1 56
Scott, Leonard,	1 do do	12 50
Williams, Joseph's heirs,	1 do do	4 39

CITY OF ANNAPOLIS,
December 11th, 1837.

WHEREAS Lewis N. Sewell, Collector of the Tax for the City of Annapolis for the year 1837, hath returned to the Corporation of said City the following List of Real Property on which there is no Personal Property to pay the same, viz:

Persons Assessed.	*Property.*	*Tax Due.*
Barber, John T's. heirs,	House & Lot	$15 75
Bowie, Mrs. E. H.	do do	17 50
Duvall, Mrs. Mary,	do do	10 50
Fulks, Elizabeth's heirs,	do do	3 50
Howard, Samuel's heirs,	do do	5 25
Hurst, Bennett's heirs,	2 Houses & Lots,	11 38
Jones, Mrs. Eliza,	1 do do	3 50
O'Hara, William,	1 do do	3 50
Shorter, Peter's heirs,	1 do do	2 19
Scott, Leonard,	1 do do	17 50
White, Mary,	1 do do	8 75

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That unless the City charges aforesaid are paid within *thirty days* after the publication of this notice, that the said property or such parts thereof as will be sufficient to pay the Tax, and costs thereon, will be sold agreeably to the directions of the Act of Assembly, passed January 10th, 1832, chapter 20.

G. H. DUVALL, Clk.
Dec. 14. R.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on TUESDAY, the 16th day of January next, for the purpose of settling with the Inspectors of Tobacco, hearing appeals and making transfers, and to close the books for the year 1837.

By order,
R. J. COWMAN, Clk.
December 7. R. tm.

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

ON application to the Judges of Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition, in writing, of William Murdock, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said William Murdock having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said William Murdock having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Robert Welch of Ben. his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said William Murdock a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, it is therefore hereby ordered and adjudged, that the said William Murdock be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months before the third Monday of April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said William Murdock should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this 24th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
January 4. 3m.

A BY-LAW.

A Supplement to a By-Law passed July 10th, 1835, entitled, "A By-Law compensating the City Commissioners"

[Passed December 1st, 1837.]

BE it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That the acting City Commissioner shall be entitled to receive the same compensation for his services for the year 1837, as is prescribed by the By-Law to which this is a supplement.

And be it established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the same compensation shall hereafter be annually paid to the said acting Commissioner as is prescribed by the By-Law to which this is a supplement.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

JOURNAL OF PROCEEDINGS
Of the House of Delegates of the State of Maryland,
DECEMBER SESSION, 1837.

TUESDAY, January 2d, 1838.

Mr. Bowie, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Prince George's county, praying a repeal of the law passed at the last session, relative to the appointment of Tobacco Inspectors.

Mr. Dawson, petitions of Horatio Thompson and Margaret Mark. of Montgomery county, severally praying to be placed on the pension roll of said county.

Mr. Griffith, a memorial of sundry citizens of Montgomery county, praying for the passage of an act authorising the appointment of weigh-master for live stock in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Ford, a petition of sundry citizens of St. Mary's county, praying for the erection of a public landing and a public road therein mentioned.

Mr. Sprigg, a memorial of Rebecca Devilbiss, of Allegany county, praying the passage of an act authorising her to bring into this State a certain negro slave therein mentioned.

Mr. Gallagher, a petition of a committee appointed by the Washington Lyceum of Baltimore, praying for an act of incorporation.

Mr. Giles, a petition of James H. McCulloh, of the city of Baltimore, praying for an act to change the limitations of a deed of settlement made by him, and for other purposes.

Mr. Giles, a memorial of the President and Directors of the Baltimore and Port Deposite Rail Road Company, praying for a repeal of so much of their act of incorporation, as requires them to carry their road to Port Deposite.

Mr. Comegys, asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, an act, to repeal an act, to establish magistrates courts in the several counties of this State, and to prescribe their jurisdiction, together with all the supplements thereto, so far as the same relates to Cecil county.

On motion of Mr. Risteau,

Ordered, that the treasurer report to this house at as early a day as possible the number of banks in this State, where they are located and the amount of State's stock in each or any of them, and also the amount of capital of each of said banks.

The house then proceeded to the election of a Council to the Governor, in conformity with arrangements made with the senate for that purpose, and the ballots of the members being collected in the ballot box, it was sealed up and delivered to the committee appointed on the part of this house to meet the committee appointed on the part of the senate, to count the joint ballot of both houses and report the result.

They having retired to the conference room, after a short time returned and reported, that on counting the joint ballot of both houses, they had found there were altogether eighty-eight votes taken, of which number Thomas G. Pratt had received sixty-nine votes, Benedict I. Heard had received sixty votes, William F. Johnson had received fifty-eight votes, John McKenny had received fifty-seven votes, and Thomas H. Hicks had received fifty-seven votes, that there were sixteen blank ballots and one scattering,—Whereupon,

Resoved, That Thomas G. Pratt, Benedict I. Heard, William F. Johnson, John McKenney, and Thomas H. Hicks, Esquires, be and they are hereby declared to be duly elected the Council to the Governor.

On motion of Mr. Comegys,

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, January 3d.

Mr. Ghiselin, presented three memorials of sundry citizens of Prince George's county, praying for the repeal of the law of the last session, relating to the appointment of tobacco inspectors in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Giles, a petition of Mary Jane Staylor, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced a vinculo matrimonii, from her husband Robert Galloway.

Mr. Geyer, a memorial of sundry citizens of Frederick and Montgomery counties, praying the passage of an act authorising the appointment of a weigh-master for live stock in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Usilton, a petition of sundry citizens of Kent county, praying the passage of an act to protect the wild fowl in the Chesapeake Bay and its tributary streams in Kent county.

And, Mr. Kerr, a memorial of certain Physicians of Talbot county, by order of the Medical Convention of the Eastern Shore, and in behalf of the Medical Faculty of Talbot county, praying relief from grievances therein mentioned.

On motion of Mr. Parran,

Ordered, that the committee raised on the tobacco inspections, enquire into the propriety of reducing the present rate of outage on tobacco inspected in the city of Baltimore, and report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Blocher,

Ordered, that the joint committee on the library be instructed to enquire into the expediency and propriety of purchasing for the use of the State Library, the files of the "Maryland Gazette," newspaper, from the year 1745, to the year 1838.

Mr. Carter, reported a bill, entitled, an act for the benefit of Mary Charles of Caroline county.

Which was read the first, and, by special order the second time and passed.

Mr. Giles, reported a bill, entitled, an act to provide for the weighing of anthracite or hard coal, and for the measuring bituminous coal in the State of Maryland, and to repeal the act of Assembly heretofore passed in relation to that subject.

The bill reported by Mr. Blocher, entitled a supplement to an act to accept the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled, an act for the continuation and repair of the Cumberland Road, in the States of Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois, passed December session, 1834, chapter 203, was taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The house then proceeded to ballot for a Senator to represent this State in the Senate of the United States until the 4th day of March, 1839,—the ballot box being prepared, the ballots were deposited therein, sealed up, and delivered to the committee of the house of delegates, appointed to meet the committee of the senate, to count the joint ballot, who retired to the conference room, and after some time returned and reported that there were altogether ninety five votes taken, of which number William D. Merrick, Esq. had sixty-one votes, that there were thirty-three blank ballots and one scattering.—Whereupon,

Resolved, that William D. Merrick Esq. be, and he is hereby declared to be a Senator to represent this State in the Senate of the United States until the 4th day of March, 1839.

On motion of Mr. Neff,

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

THURSDAY, January 4th.

The bill, entitled, an act for the benefit of Mary Charles, of Caroline county; and,

The bill, entitled, a supplement to an act, entitled, an act to accept the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled, an act for the continuation and repair of the Cumberland Road in the States of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, passed December session, 1834, chapter 203;

Were sent to the Senate.

The bill from the senate, entitled, a supplement to an act, entitled, an act relating to Run Alley in the city of Baltimore, passed by this house on yesterday,

Was returned to the senate.

Mr. Hughes submitted the following message, which was read, assented to, and sent to the senate.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

The Hon. William D. Merrick having been elected Senator of the United States, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Hon. Joseph Kent, we propose with the concurrence of your honourable body, that a joint letter from the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Delegates, be forthwith forwarded to him informing him of his election.

Mr. Evans presented a report of the West Nottingham Academy, in Cecil county, relative to the condition of said academy.

Mr. Turner, of Baltimore county, presented a memorial of John Jones, of Baltimore county, praying a special act of insolvency;

And, Mr. Giles, a petition of Ebenezer L. Finley, David Hoffman and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying for an act of incorporation to improve several squares of ground in said city.

Mr. Biser obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an act to change the compensation of judges and clerks of election, so far as relates to Frederick county.

Mr. Giles obtained leave to bring in a bill to provide for the appointment of commissioners out of the state of Maryland, to take the acknowledgments of deeds and instruments of writing under seal.

Mr. Blocher obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, a further supplement to an act passed at December session 1835, chapter 305.

Mr. Crane obtained leave to bring in a bill to regulate fences in St. Mary's county.

Mr. Sellers obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an act relating to the repairs of public roads in Calvert county.

Mr. Hughes obtained leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, an act relating to the repairs of public roads in Charles county.

Mr. Ely obtained leave to bring in a further supplement to an act relating to the people of colour in this state.

Mr. Powder obtained leave to bring in a bill to repeal so much of an act to provide for making a new and complete map and geological survey of this state.

On motion of Mr. Giles,

Ordered, That the committee on ways and means be, and they are hereby required to inquire into the propriety and expediency of providing by law for the punctual payment in gold and silver, or its equivalent, of the principal and interest now due, or which may hereafter become due to the creditors of this state.

Mr. Risteau, chairman of the committee on divorces, made an unfavourable report upon the petition of Ann Lloyd, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband, James Lloyd;

Also, on the petition of Elizabeth Jane Keyner, praying to be divorced from her husband, Henry Kerner.

Mr. Risteau, chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill, entitled, an act to divorce Samuel Keplinger, of the city of Baltimore, from his wife Mary Keplinger;

Which was read the first, and by special order the second time, and passed.

Mr. Giles submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That this legislature will not receive and act on any testimony brought here to support an application for a divorce, which shall not appear to have been taken according to the act of assembly heretofore passed in relation to that subject, or which shall not have been taken upon ten days notice to the opposite party of the time, place and mode of taking such testimony.

Mr. Sprigg reported a bill, entitled, an act securing to mechanics and others payment for their labour in the erection of any house or other building in Allegany county,

Which was read the first, and by special order the second time and passed.

Mr. Sellers asked leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an act for guarding against fraud in the exercise of the elective franchise in the several cities and counties of this state.

The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

FRIDAY, January 5th.

Mr. Brown presented a petition signed by 620 persons, citizens and voters of the 5th and 6th election districts in Anne-Arundel county, praying for the erection of a new county, to be called Howard.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, entitled, an act for the benefit of Mary Charles, of Caroline county, endorsed, "will pass;" ordered to be engrossed.

On motion of Mr. Hughes,

Ordered, That the speaker be requested to issue a warrant of election to the sheriff of Charles county, to hold an election to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of William D. Merrick, Esq. a delegate elected and returned for said county.

A warrant of election was accordingly issued, signed by the speaker and clerk, and transmitted by express to the sheriff of Charles county.

On motion of Mr. Simmons,

Ordered, That the speaker appoint a committee of five to inquire whether any further legislation be necessary or expedient for the preservation of oysters in the waters of this State, and that they have leave to report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Bowie, chairman of the select committee on certain memorials, praying the repeal of an act, limiting the time for which tobacco inspectors shall continue to hold their offices, delivered the following report:

The select committee to whom were referred the several memorials from sundry citizens of Prince-George's county, and other citizens of the state, praying the repeal of an act passed at the last session of the General Assembly, limiting the time for which Tobacco Inspectors in the city of Baltimore shall continue to hold their offices, beg leave respectfully to report,

That they have had the said memorials under consideration, and have come to the conclusion that the prayer of the memorialists ought to be granted. Your committee are of opinion that it is inexpedient for the legislature, if not beyond their constitutional powers, to proscribe by legislative enactments, any citizens of this state from holding any office to which they may be called by the Executive department of the government, in the exercise of a clearly constitutional prerogative. To the Executive has been confided by the constitution the power of appointment to office, and in the exercise of that power they must necessarily possess a discretion which cannot be trammeled by legislative interposition, without manifest danger of an entire destruction of that union and order which is so essentially necessary to a sound administration of the government.

Your committee believe that fidelity in the discharge of official duties is one of the surest guarantees for public protection, and whilst the best interests of the public imperiously requires that the faithless and dishonest should receive no favour at the hands of the appointing power of the government, yet on the other hand the public safety demands that faithful, efficient and well tried public servants should not be removed for slight and frivolous causes. But when the legislature undertake to pass laws by which certain citizens of the state are removed from offices to which they have been properly appointed, without any complaint or charge being preferred against them, and without even affording to them the benefit of a hearing in their own defence, your committee think they discover in such a course a violation of the constitutional right of the citizen, and the infliction of oppressive and grievous wrongs wholly at war with all our republican institutions.

Your committee therefore beg leave to report the following bill.

THOMAS F. BOWIE, Chairman.

Which was read the first time;

And reported a bill, entitled, an act supplementary to an act, entitled, an act to limit the time for which Tobacco Inspectors shall conti-

nue to hold their offices, passed at December session 1836;

Which was read the first time.

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

SATURDAY, January 6th.

The Speaker announced the following message as having been received from the senate on yesterday, viz.

The bill, to divorce Samuel Keplinger, of the city of Baltimore, from his wife Mary Keplinger, endorsed "will pass," ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the bill, to authorise the clerk of Queen Anne's county, to insert the date of the year of a deed and acknowledgment; endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments."

Which amendments were assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

And delivered a bill originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, an act to incorporate the Springfield Academy, of Carroll county.

Mr. Coombs, presented a petition of Levi Ridgeway, and others, of Prince George's county, praying that the infant children of Richard Haslip, may be placed upon the pension list of said county.

Mr. Hughes, a report of the commissioners to divide the fourth election district in Charles county into convenient School districts.

Mr. Causin, a petition of sundry citizens of Saint Mary's county, praying to extend by law, a further aid to the protection of Oysters.

Mr. Gallager, a memorial of Lydia Moore, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband John Moore.

Mr. Hillen, a petition of Z. Collins Lee, of the city of Baltimore, praying the passage of an act authorising him to bring into this State certain slaves therein mentioned.

Mr. Hopewell, a petition of sundry citizens of Saint Mary's county, praying a act of incorporation for certain purposes therein mentioned.

And, Mr. Mann, a petition of Elizabeth Jay, of Washington county, praying to be divorced from her husband William Jay.

Mr. Huddleson submitted the following order,

Ordered, that His Excellency the Governor, be respectfully requested to cause the Flag of our Country to be displayed at the top of the State House steeple on Monday the 8th inst. and to cause a federal salute to be fired at 12 o'clock (noon) of said day, in commemoration of the victory achieved by the American forces over the enemy, on the 8th day of January, 1815.

Which was twice read.

Mr. Carroll moved to lay said order on the table.

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred upon the adoption of the order.

Mr. Bowie moved to amend said order, by adding at the end thereof, the following:

"And also on the 4th, 5th, and 6th, days of November next, in commemoration of the great Whig victory in New York."

Which was read.

Mr. Townsend, moved to amend the amendment to the order, by adding at the end thereof, the following:

"And the victories obtained by the sovereign people throughout the States of North Carolina, Rhode Island, New Jersey, Ohio, Kentucky and Massachusetts, in opposition to the successor of the Hero of New Orleans,"

Which was read.

Mr. Carroll moved to lay the order and amendments on the table.

Resolved in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Comegys, the yeas and nays were ordered and appeared as follows:—

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. Hopewell, Causin, Ford, Crane, McDaniel, Usilton, Welch, Brown, Lanhart, Simmons, Sellers, Beall, Hughes, Baker, Demsy, Boyle, of Tal. Jump, of Tal. Carroll, Adams, Lemmon, Frazier, Eccleston, Goldsborough, Tall, Simpers, Bowie, Ghislin, Coombs, Swann, Alexander, Townsend, Selby, Hearn, Powell, Boon, Jump, of Caro. Benn, Griffith, White, Dawson, Spragg—41.

NEGATIVE.

Messrs. Tuck, Higgins, Duke, Orrick, Risteau, Ely, Turner, of Balt. Jones, Comegys, Evans, Grason, Roberts, Harrison, Wilmer, Biser, Geyer, Ent, Cramer, Forwood, Nelson, Maulsby, Giles, Hillen, Gallagher, Mann, Swingley, Witmer, Neff, Blocher, Huddleson, Boyle, of Carr. Shower, Berret, Powder—34.

So the order and amendments were laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Hughes,

Ordered, that Marsham Queen be allowed to withdraw from the files of this house, the petition and accompanying documents filed by him at December session, 1829.

Mr. Maulsby, chairman of the special committee to which was referred the communication of the Governor, in relation to the demand of the Executive of Pennsylvania upon the Governor of Maryland, for the surrender of Nathan S. Bemis, Jacob Forwood, Edward Prigg and Stephen Lewis, citizens of Maryland, as fugitives from justice, delivered the following report:

The special committee to which was referred the communication of the Governor, with the accompanying correspondence and papers in relation to the demand of the Executive of Pennsylvania upon the Governor of Maryland, for the surrender of Nathan S. Bemis, Jacob Forward, Edward Prigg and Stephen Lewis, citizens of Maryland, as fugitives from justice, made in pursuance of an order of this house on the 26th of December ultimo, have had the same under consideration, and ask leave to report, in part,

That your Committee have ascertained that the only offence alledged against the citizens demanded, was the arrest and bringing into Maryland certain slaves which had absconded from Margaret Ashmore, of Harford county; as whose agents the citizens demanded acted without complying with the laws of Pennsylvania, although it appears, application had been made by them to justice of the peace of that State for the county where the negroes were, and a warrant obtained for their arrest, which was executed by a constable of the county, and the negroes brought before the justice who refused to act further in the case, and that the negroes thus arrested had, upon coming into Maryland, filed their petitions for freedom in the Harford county court, at the August term last of said court, and had been found by a jury and adjudged by the court not to be free.

Your Committee further report that the citizens so demanded have been agreed to be surrendered by his excellency the Governor of Maryland, and authority for their arrest and removal to Pennsylvania for trial, forwarded by him on the 27th day of November last, to the agent of Pennsylvania, but that the warrant so issued has not yet been executed.

That the Governor of Maryland before agreeing to surrender the said citizens consulted the Attorney General of this State, whose written opinions he required on that subject; and that the Attorney General was of opinion and so advised his excellency, that he was bound under the Federal Constitution to surrender the persons demanded. That the Executive of Maryland then despatched a deputation to the Executive of Pennsylvania in order to induce him, if possible, to withdraw the demand, and that the mission was attended with no other success than delay until the result of the trials of the petitioners for freedom; and that the demand not having been withdrawn, the Governor has felt himself constrained to comply therewith and order the arrest and delivery over of the citizens demanded.

Your Committee view the principle involved in this case, of the utmost importance to the interests of Maryland, and are of opinion if yielded to, will to a great and injurious extent, admit the power of the non slaveholding States in effect to nullify that Article of the Federal Constitution which recognises the relation of master and slave, and guarantees the right of property in persons held to service. They are also unable to perceive any moral, or even legal guilt in the citizens demanded in the capture and bringing away their slaves. Your Committee are not yet prepared to report the legislative enactments proper to be adopted by Maryland upon this all important subject. They are of opinion however that conciliatory measures should be first resorted to, and with this view your Committee respectfully submit the following message to the senate:

Gentlemen of the Senate,

We propose with the concurrence of your honourable body, to appoint a deputation from the Legislature of Maryland, to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, to consist of three members, whose duty it shall be immediately to proceed to Harrisburg and confer with the Legislature now in session at that place, and demand from them the dismissal of the indictments now pending in York county court against Nathan S. Bemis, Jacob Forward, Edward Prigg and Stephen Lewis, citizens of Maryland, for the alledged crime of kidnapping, and such modification of the laws of that State relating to negroes, as will effectually recognize the right of the master to arrest and bring away his absconding slave, and we have appointed Messrs.

to join such gentlemen as may be named by your honourable body to constitute such deputation.

All which is respectfully submitted,

I. D. MAULSBY, Chairman.

Which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Grason, submitted the following order, which was twice read and adopted:

Ordered, that the Governor and Council be requested to inform this house of any claims against the State, which may have been made within the last two years, by the clerk of the council or the messenger of the council, for fees, perquisites, or compensation of any kind, beyond their regular salaries; and of the sums paid out of the treasury, or executive contingent fund, either to the said clerk or messenger, during the time aforesaid, beyond their regular salaries, and of the law or authority under which such sums, if any, were allowed.

The house adjourned until Monday morning, ten o'clock.

MONDAY, January 8th.

Mr. Tall presented a petition of Mary Ann Bayley, of Dorchester county, praying to be divorced from her husband, Josiah Bayley, Jr.

Mr. Hughes, a petition of J. H. McKenney, Josias Hawkins and others, of Charles county, praying a donation to Milton Hill Academy, in said county.

Mr. Witmer presented a petition signed by two hundred and thirty citizens of Washington county, praying the passage of an act authorising the Botanical or Thompsonian System of medical practice, &c.

Mr. Biser, a petition of Sophia Large, of Frederick county, praying to be divorced from her husband, Constantine Large.

The Clerk of the Council delivered the following communication from the Executive.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Annapolis, Jan. 6, 1838.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

Your order of the 6th inst. requesting the Governor and Council to inform you of any claims against the State, which may have been made within the last two years by the clerk of the council or the messenger of the council, for fees, perquisites or compensation of any kind beyond their regular salaries; and of the sums paid out of the Treasury or Executive contingent fund, either to the said clerk or messenger, during the time aforesaid, beyond their regular salaries, and the law or authority under which such sums (if any) were allowed, was laid before me on the day of its date, after you had adjourned, by the clerk of the council.

At the session of the council in June last, Mr. Culbreth, the clerk, being confined to his house by indisposition, put into my hands an account against the State for recording commissions of civil officers, amounting to $4,625 25, and referred me to the act of 1805, chapter 65, section 50, under which he claims payment thereof. The section of the act is in the following words:—And be it enacted, that all commissions which issue to civil officers shall be recorded by the clerk of the council, in a book to be furnished and kept by him for that purpose, and he shall be allowed the same fees for his trouble that have heretofore been allowed to the clerk of the general court, to be paid at such times as the Governor and Council may think proper, by orders drawn on the Treasury of the Western Shore. He also placed in my hands with his account, several accounts of the late Ninian Pinkney, his predecessor in office, for similar services, which had been allowed and paid to Mr. P., and he requested me to submit his account to the consideration of the council, which I did. Upon a hasty examination of the law under which Mr. Culbreth claimed the payment of his account, and the several laws fixing the regular salary of the clerk of the council, as well while Mr. Pinkney was clerk, as since Mr. Culbreth has held that office, there appeared but little, if any doubt, of Mr. Culbreth's account being a legal claim, which the act of 1805 made it the duty of the Governor and Council to pay. But as he had foreborne to claim payment for services rendered under the act of 1805, during the time of former Executive officers under whom he acted as clerk of the council, the council deemed it proper to have the official opinion of the Attorney General, their legal adviser, before finally acting on his claim, which Mr. Culbreth was directed to request. We herewith lay before you copies of the letter of Mr. Culbreth and of the opinion of the Attorney General in reply thereto, and also one of the accounts of Mr. Pinkney which was submitted to us. At the next meeting of the council, Mr. Culbreth's account with the Attorney General's opinion was laid before the council, when the account was allowed, and an order on the treasury for its amount passed in his favour.

At the meeting in October last, Mr. Thompson, the messenger, laid before the Council an account for taking care of the State House and other public property, from the year 1824 to the year 1830, inclusive, being 7 years, at £25 per annum, amounting to $466 66 2-3, and referred us to resolution passed at November session 1785, under which he claimed payment thereof. That resolution is in the following words:—Whereas it is necessary that a fit and proper person should be appointed to take charge of and preserve the State House from being damaged as much as possible;—therefore,

Resolved, That the messenger to the Governor and Council for the time being, be, and he is hereby authorised, to take charge of all that part of the State House, except the public offices, and that he keep the same clean, and prevent damages from being committed thereon, as much as possible, and that he be directed to permit no persons whatever to use any of the said buildings without first obtaining leave from the Governor and the Council.

Resolved, That the Governor and Council be and they are hereby authorised and requested to make such allowance to the said messenger to the Governor and Council, for taking care of the said building, as they may think reasonable, not exceeding the sum of twenty five pounds, current money." Before examining this resolution, and the several laws fixing the regular salary of the messenger, within the time embraced by Mr. Thompson's account, we were satisfied that he was entitled to the allowance claimed, and therefore passed his account and gave him an order on the Treasury for its amount. He has also received in quarterly payments, with his regular salary, since February, 1831, fifty dollars per annum for services rendered under the resolution of 1785, and consequently received on that account, $100 for the last two years.

The Messenger of the Council has long purchased and attended to putting away the necessary fuel for the public offices. I know of no authority, but custom, which I suppose has become "common law," for his doing so, and for the compensation paid him for these services, which as I understand, has always been a commission of ten per centum, and which for the last two years, as far as his accounts have been settled, amounted to $121 19, which has been paid to him.

With the highest respect,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS W. VEAZEY.

Which was read and referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Grason, Alexander, Giles, Townsend and Dawson.

On motion of Mr. Causin,

Ordered, That the clerk to the house furnish the clerk to the special committee on the currency, with copies of all the orders which have been or may hereafter be referred by this house to that committee.

The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

TUESDAY, January 9th, 1838.

Mr. Forwood, presented petitions of Mary Carroll and Rachel Gallion, of Harford county, severally praying to be placed on the pension roll of said county.

Mr. Giles, a petition of Susan McGinnies, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband Patrick McGinnies.

Also, a petition of Elizabeth Harvey, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband Joseph Harvey.

Mr. Adams, obtained leave to bring in a bill, to alter and amend the criminal code of this State, so far as the same relates to free negroes in this State.

Mr. Harrison, submitted the following order,

Ordered, That the committee appointed to contract for the public printing be instructed to cause to be published in at least four newspapers of this State, two of which shall be in the city of Baltimore, a notice inviting proposals for the public printing, of the next Legislature of this State, and that the said committee be further instructed, to give the contract for said public printing to such person or persons, as shall propose to execute the same correctly and neatly, and upon the most advantageous terms to the State.

Which was twice read.

Mr. Hopewell moved to lay said order on the table,

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Alexander moved to refer the order to the joint committee of public printing.

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred upon the adoption of the order.

And resolved in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Maulsby, the house took up for consideration the report submitted by him on Saturday last, from the special committee, in relation to the demand of the Executive of Pennsylvania upon the Governor of Maryland, for the surrender of Nathan S. Bemis, Jacob Forwood, Edward Prigg and Stephen Lewis, citizens of Maryland, as fugitives from justice.

On motion of Mr. Maulsby, said report was amended by striking out in the message proposed to the senate, the words "demand from them," and inserting in lieu thereof, the word "request."

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, January 11, 1838.

RE-ACCESSION OF GEORGETOWN, D. C.

The Mayor of Georgetown has called a meeting for the purpose of taking into consideration "the improper and wanton interference with their property and Constitutional rights, on the part of the people of some of the States, as evidenced by the petitions daily thrust upon Congress, seeking the abolition of Slavery in the District—and finally, to judge and determine the expediency, necessity, and importance of procuring a re-cession of that town and the portion of Washington County west of Rock Creek to Maryland."

From the Baltimore Republican.

☞ We observe that William D. Merrick was introduced to his seat in the Senate by Henry Clay. This was very kind in the Kentucky Senator,—most particularly so, when it is remembered, that this same man who so unscrupulously threw himself upon the attention of Clay, in 1828, was one of the boldest in charging the then Secretary of State, with *bargain, unholy ambition, not addicted to scruples, a nefarious conspirator against morals*, and a thousand hard sayings. We have before us, an Address signed by William D. Merrick, from which we take the subjoined extract, for the special consideration of the *originals*, as well as to show of what materials the political conscience of a renegade is constituted, when after uttering such language as we here see, he now can have the unblushing effrontery to seek the courtesy of a public introduction to the Senate from the very man whom but the other day he denounced as every thing vile and profligate. The whole affair however, is only a portrait to the life of William D. Merrick.

The Address refers to the previous political dislike and personal rivalry of Mr. Adams and Mr. Clay, and their subsequent coalition, by which the one was elevated to the Presidency in opposition to the will of the people, and the other to the station of Secretary of State as a part of the special bargain. It then says:

"To what can we trace this mysterious, and, apparently, inconsistent conduct of Mr. Clay, and the consequent strange coalition between avowed political rivals and enemies—but to *self?* The ambition of each was to be gratified, and neither was, in any way, *addicted to scruples.* A treaty of political amity and reciprocity is *patched* up between these high contracting parties, and the *country and the constitution betrayed to their unholy ambition.* It was not to be expected that such a *bargain* should possess the usual formalities and solemnities of open and *fair contracts.* It was not to be expected that it should be reduced to writing, and attested by witnesses. *All such transactions shun the light of day.* The parties shroud their proceedings under the mantle of an impenetrable security—"they love darkness rather than light, because their deeds were evil." But every day is lifting the curtain, which conceals the *nefarious conspiracy against public morals and the public good.* The investigation before the Senate of Kentucky, and the diligence of the Jackson Central Committee of Washington, have accumulated a mass of testimony which no impartial inquirer after truth can resist. It establishes that Mr. Clay had brought himself into the political market, and that his friends were determined, reckless of all consequences, to make the best bargain they could for him. Gen. Jackson was inaccessible to the approaches of corruption—and *therefore* Mr. Adams became the President, and *Mr. Clay* his Secretary of State.

CANADA AFFAIRS.

The Buffalo Journal of the 1st instant, gives the correspondence between the District Attorney of Erie County and Col. McNabb, commander of the British forces on the Niagara frontier. The first document is a letter addressed to Col. McNabb by H. W. Rogers, Esq. District Attorney, informing him that certain armed forces had been reported to have landed upon Grand Island, within the territory of the United States, and informing Col. McNabb that the bearer of the letter would explain its object.—To this Col. McNabb replies—

"That so far from occupying or intending to occupy that or any other portion of the American territory, aggressions of a serious and hostile nature have been made upon the forces under my command from that island. Two affidavits are now before me, stating that a volley of musketry from Grand Island, was yesterday fired upon a party of unarmed persons, some of whom were females, without the slightest provocation having been offered. That on the same day one of my boats, manned by British subjects, passing along the American shore, and without any cause being given, was fired upon from the American side near Fort Schlosser, by cannon, the property I am told, of the United States.

"I have also before me the most positive information that a steamboat, called the Caroline, was sold to the pirates on Navy Island, and loaded with provisions and munitions of war, not only within your country, but immediately under the notice of the authorities of the United States, and of the citizens of Buffalo, whom you state to have been in commotion, and that these stores and munitions were forwarded to Navy Island, for the use and assistance of a band of pirates assembled there for the purpose of invading and plundering this country, and dividing Her Britannic Majesty's land amongst their deluded followers."

The bearer of Mr. Rogers's letter, also makes the following report of the execution of his mission.

"On my arrival at Chippewa, I was immediately presented to Col. McNabb as the officer in command. I delivered to him the despatch with which I was entrusted, and after perusing it, he promptly disclaimed for himself and the officers and troops under his command all occupancy of Grand Island, and protested that it was not, nor had there been, any intention on their part to occupy that or any other portion of the Territory of the United States. Moreover, he declared that by such an act he should not only violate our treaty obligations, but that that he should subject himself to an immediate arrest, and trial by a Court Martial, for a palpable disobedience of orders.

"In the course of further conversation upon the subject, he observed, that in the event of an invasion of that, or any other portion of our Territory, by any individual in arms from Upper Canada, he desired it to be distinctly understood, that such individual shall be deemed an outlaw, and dealt with accordingly."

General Rensselaer Van Rensselaer, at Navy Island, writes a reply to a similar letter of Mr. Rogers, in which he thus expresses himself:

"In answer, I have to say it never was my intention to send any armed force to Grand Island, or any other part of the United States. On the contrary, I have been so fully satisfied that soil would be held sacred by both belligerent parties, that I had not even made any preparations for defence against that quarter until yesterday morning, when it was reported to me that an armed force of the enemy supposed to be 100 strong was seen there about daylight. How much I have been deceived as to the judgment I had formed of the good faith of the enemy, you yourself, sir, may judge when you shall have heard of the bloody tragedy on board the United States Steamer Caroline."

The Albany Argus says the Evening Journal was misinformed in a statement it makes that a letter had been addressed by Gov. Head to Gov. Marcy, respecting the Navy Island proceeding, so disrespectful as to forbid reply.

"All letters," adds the Argus, "and communication from Gov. Head to Gov. Marcy, have been respectful and courteous in language, and no exception has been taken to any of them.

A letter from Mr. Van Rensselaer, dated Navy Island, 1 o'clock Monday morning Jan. 1—states that an attack is momentarily expected.

Great excitement prevails along the frontier, but the Argus says—

"We are gratified to learn that, notwithstanding the excitement on the frontier, and the military requisitions by the local authorities, retaliatory measures met with no encouragement from any quarter."

No attempt has been made to disguise the fact that the attack came from the British forces at Chippewa. It is said, however, to be disavowed and regretted by Col. McNabb—his orders having been to seize the boat at Navy Island. On the contrary, it is alleged that it was well known at Chippewa, when the attack was planned, that the boat was not at Navy Island, but at Schlosser; and that McNabb's professions are insincere.

Correspondence of the Argus.

NIAGARA FALLS, Dec. 31, 1837.

SIR—The inhabitants of this village yesterday organized themselves into a company, for defending the country against all attacks. During the night the British reconnoitering boats again appeared several times in the waters of the United States, above the Falls of Niagara, and near the scene of their wanton attack upon the Caroline. They were warmly received by our guards, and they disappeared. They landed on Grand Island, and captured a physician and six or seven sick persons, who had been sent to that from Navy Island. A small firing took place on Navy Island between 11 and 12, the result not known, but supposed to be unimportant. Two regiments of militia have been called out in this county, and they are beginning to arrive.

James Smith, Esq. one of the special deputy marshals, has just arrived from Watertown, whither he went for a boy, taken prisoner on

oard of the Chieftain. The boy belongs to this city, and is about fifteen years of age, by the name of Luke Walker. Yesterday Col. McNabb expressed a willingness to give up the boy, but to-day, he refuses to let him return! There can be but two reasons for this: he either considers him a prisoner of war, or fears that his affidavits will be used by our authorities; the latter is most probable.

[From the Rochester Democrat of Monday.]

In the course of Saturday forenoon, Mr. West, of this city, crossed over to the Canada side, below the falls for the purpose of ascertaining whether any bodies had floated upon shore. After encountering the fiery glances of 40 or 50 savages stationed at this point he was escorted into the officers' apartment, and bluntly told that no bodies had been discovered, and he was at liberty immediately to return.

He did return; and on his way back observed in the eddy many portions of the wreck, and a part of the body of one of the murdered inmates of the unfortunate steamboat!

Correspondence of the Albany Evening Journal.

NIAGARA FALLS, Dec. 30.—Gov. Head is at Lundy's Lane, and has not far from four thousand men and 300 Indians; and has scoured both Lakes and collected near 100 boats to attack Navy Island. As near as we can get at the numbers on Navy Island, there are 1600 men and 22 pieces of artillery, with abundance of ammunition. It will be a desperate fought battle, for the orders in Canada are to give the rebels no quarter, and the Islanders know it must be victory or death with them. I understand that orders are given for an attack on New Year's day.

From the New Orleans Picayune, Dec. 31.

MORE STEAMBOAT DISASTERS!—LOSS OF THE BLACK HAWK AND VICKSBURG!

The steamboat Bridgewater, Capt. Wright, from Manchester, arrived last evening, brings the melancholy news of the loss of two boats within the last few days. We give the particulars below:

THE BLACK HAWK.

The steamer Black Hawk, Capt. Taylor, on her passage from Natchez to Natchitoches, burst her boilers on Wednesday night the 27th inst. a short distance above the mouth of Red River. She had a full freight, a large number of passengers and horses, together with $90,000 in specie, belonging to the United States. The pilot and engineer were instantly killed—several more were supposed to be lost—number not known. Four or five were severely and several mortally wounded. Most of the passengers were saved by the timely arrival of a flat boat, which conveyed them to shore. The principal part of the cargo was saved in the same way. Seven horses were lost. $75,000 of the specie saved. The wreck, partly under water, remains near where the accident occurred.

THE VICKSBURG.

On Friday morning, Dec. 29, the steamboat Vicksburg, Captain Auter, was burnt, while on her way from Vicksburg to New Orleans. The accident took place at half past 4 o'clock, 12 miles above Baton Rouge. The fire commenced among some cotton bales, near the boilers, and in six or seven hours the boat was burnt down to the water's edge. Fortunately, all the passengers escaped with the trifling loss of some of their property, the boat lying at the shore at the time, having stopped only ten minutes before, on account of the fog—otherwise there would have been an immense destruction of life.

The Vicksburg had on board 1177 bales of cotton, of which 800 were shipped by the Planters' Bank of Vicksburg; 275 by the Commercial and Rail Road Bank of Vicksburg; 100 by the Grand Gulf Rail Road and Banking Company; and the remainder by individuals. The vessel and cargo (excepting 7 bales) are a total loss. The cargo, excepting that belonging to the banks, is supposed to have been insured at the places where it was shipped. The boat was estimated at $85,000—of which $20,000 was insured; 10,000 in this city, and 10,000 in Vicksburg. Capt. Auter's own loss is $10,000.

The accident is said to have been purely accidental—no blame could be attached to Captain Auter, or any of the officers or crew. The captain was up when the fire occurred, and made every exertion to arrest it, as we see by a card to that effect, signed by the passengers.

HYMENEAL.

Married, in Washington City, on Tuesday evening the 2d inst. by the Rev. Mr. Hamilton, Mr. ISAAC HOLLAND, to Mrs. ELIZABETH DISNEY.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Friday last, after a lingering illness, at the residence of Col. Boyle, Miss ELIZABETH LYONS, of this city. She was esteemed by all who knew her, and lamented by a numerous acquaintance.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias issued out of the District Court for the 2d Election District of Anne-Arundel county, to me directed, at the suit of Grafton Munroe, Adam & John Miller, and Lemuel G. Taylor, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Edward L. Nicholson, I have seized and taken in execution all the right and interest of the said Edward L. Nicholson, in and to a crop of Corn now in his possession, and I hereby give notice, that on WEDNESDAY the 17th day of January inst. at 11 o'clock A. M. at the residence of the said Edward L. Nicholson, I shall proceed to sell the said crop of Corn at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for Cash, to satisfy the aforesaid execution.

JOHN S. SELBY, Sheriff
A. A. County.
January 4.

INFORMATION WANTED.

THE subscriber wants the following information:

Some time in the year 1821 or 22, a certain OLIVER POLLOCK, formerly a resident of Baltimore, Maryland, but at the above time a resident of Annapolis, Maryland, left Annapolis for the western country. The said O. Pollock is now dead. Any person that knows of his death, will confer a favour on the subscriber by enclosing him a few lines to Annapolis, Maryland.

N. B. Will the Editors of papers be so good as to insert the above, and by so doing they will confer a great favour on an aged man, with a large family.

WM. CATON.
Annapolis, Md. Sept. 12th, 1837.

NOTICE.

THE creditors of John M. Robinson, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby notified to meet the subscriber at the Orphans Court of said county on the 1st of February 1838, to receive their respective dividends of said deceased's estate.

JOHN S. SELLMAN, Adm'r.

Note. All persons having books belonging to the deceased, are requested to leave them with Mrs. Shaw in Annapolis.
January 11.

A BY-LAW,

Entitled, A Supplement to the By-Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise Street in the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th of September 1837.

[Passed 11th December, 1837.]

SECTION 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That three Commissioners be appointed by the Mayor for the purpose of ascertaining, by competent evidence, and in the usual way, what damages will be sustained by the owners of property on the line of said street, and that they shall report to this Board what damage will accrue to each of the said owners by opening the same.

Sec 2. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That in making the said assessment and valuation, the said Commissioners shall take into consideration the benefits which will in their judgment, result to said owners by opening the aforesaid street, and that said benefit shall be deducted from the damages which the commissioners may be of opinion the aforesaid owners would otherwise be entitled to.

Sec. 3. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That after the said commissioners shall have made their report to this Board in manner aforesaid, it will be for this Board to decide whether the said street shall be opened, any thing in the by-law, to which this is a supplement, to the contrary notwithstanding.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.
January 11.

A Supplement to the By-Law entitled, A Supplement to the By Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise-Street, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th of September 1837.

[Passed January 8th, 1838.]

Whereas by the By Law passed on the 11th day of December 1837, entitled, A supplement to the By-Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise-street in the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th day of September 1837, it was provided that the Mayor should appoint three Commissioners to ascertain the damages which will be sustained by the owners of property on the line of said street; And whereas the Mayor was himself interested in the matters involved—Therefore,

Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That Andrew Slicer, Philip Clayton, and Aaron Duvall, be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners to assess said damages, and that they be and they are hereby vested with the same powers and authorities, and subjected to the same duties, as if they had been appointed by the Mayor in virtue of the By-Law to which this is a supplement.

JNO. MILLER, Mayor.
January 11.

JACOB BASFORD,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS taken a Shop opposite Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, where he has just arrived with an elegant assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which he offers to his friends and the public, and will have them made up in the most fashionable style, at low prices for Cash, or at short dates, to be met when due. He has adopted this method of business, and shall endeavour to pursue this course, and hopes by strict attention and punctuality to give general satisfaction.

☞ TWO or THREE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

BASIL SHEPHARD,

Having declined business in favour of Mr. J. Basford, who has removed his Shop directly in front of Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, wishes those that are indebted to him either by note, bond or open account, on his old business, or to the firm of Basil Shephard & Co. to call at his old stand, opposite Mr. J. Hughes', and settle the same. All who may have claims against him or the firm, will present them for settlement.

Any orders that may be sent to me, I will have them attended to.

B. S.
Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

I know of no pursuit in which more real or important services can be rendered to any country, than by improving its Agriculture.

WASHINGTON.

SUBSCRIPTION
FOR THE
FIFTH VOLUME OF
THE CULTIVATOR,
CONDUCTED BY J. BUEL,
Office, No. 3, Washington-street, Albany.

THE CULTIVATOR is a monthly publication of 16 pages, devoted to agriculture, on a sheet of the largest size of paper—28 by 40 inches. The price is ONE DOLLAR per annum, payable in advance. The postage on a volume of the *Cultivator* will not exceed 18¾ cents to any part of the Union, and within the state, and a circle of 100 miles, it will be but 12½ cents. A volume will contain more than 200 pages quarto, will be illustrated with cuts of animals, implements, &c. and be furnished with a copious index. It will comprise as much letter press print as 1500 pages of common duodecimo—as much as the Penny Magazine, published by the British Society for the Promotion of Useful Knowledge, and which, at two dollars per annum, has been reputed to be the cheapest periodical any where published.

The *Cultivator* will continue to treat of the science of agriculture, to furnish instructions for the best models of practice in all the departments of husbandry, in horticulture, and other rural affairs, and to furnish useful lessons for the improvement of the young mind. The Conductor will endeavour to render it a *present help*, and a volume of *useful reference*, to all who have the ambition to distinguish themselves in rural labours and rural improvements—to help themselves and to benefit society.

☞ Subscriptions to the above work received by

A COWAN, Annapolis.
January 11, 1838.

AN ESTRAY COW

TAKEN UP, trespassing on the Farm of the subscriber, near Annapolis, about the 1st December 1836, A RED COW about four years old, marked with a hole in each ear. The owner of the above Cow is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

CHARLES SEARS.
January 4.

A MANAGER WANTED,

FOR the ensuing year, on the Farm of Commodore Henry E. Ballard, near Annapolis. A person that can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, will find a desirable situation. None other need apply. Application can be made to Mrs. Ballard, at the Farm, or to

TH. FRANKLIN, Annapolis.
December 7, 1837.

WILLIAM BRYAN,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS just received a handsome assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, or to suit customers, at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His stand is directly opposite to Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel.
October 5.

FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE McNEIR & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a lot of superior

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.
November 18. tf.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Mrs. Sarah E. Murray, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, legally authenticated, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment.

DANIEL MURRAY, Adm'r.
December 14.

Maryland, Anne-Arundel County, Sc.

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that Richard Nicholson has this day brought before me as Strays, two HORSES, one a black about ten years old with a short nicked tail, has a white spot on his back, very gay, paces, trots and canters, has only one off shoe on; the other is a bay six years old, long tail, trots and canters, a little white on both hind feet, and no shoes on. Given under my hand and seal this 16th December 1837.

BASIL OWINGS,
one of the Justices of the Peace for the Fifth Election District for the County aforesaid.

The owner of the above property is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

RICHARD NICHOLSON,
Bond's Tavern 5th Election District, A. A. County.
Dec. 21.

The Managers of the Female Orphan Society of the City of Annapolis hereby give notice to the public, that they intend holding their

ANNUAL FAIR

early in February. They call upon their friends generally to aid them by preparing Articles for the Exhibition, which are much needed, and will be thankfully received. Those who wish materials to work up will be supplied by application to any of the Managers.
December 7, 1837.

A LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office, Annapolis, on the 1st of January, 1838.

A.
Rev. Henry Alsquith, (2)
Charles C. Brice, (2)
Mr. S. Basford,
Wm. A. Bradley,
Tobias Bourke, (2)
Maurice Baker,
Dr. Wm. Brogden,
Thos. Birmingham,
Gustavus R. Barber,
Philip Clayton, (3)
Mrs. Coyle,
Wm. Caton,
Marmaduke Conner, (2)
Thos. R. Cross, (2)
Col. Wm. A. Dulany, (2)
Jno. W. Duvall, (2)
Jno. Duvall,
Professor Ducatel,
Dubois & Weems,
Priscilla Daly,
Miss Margaret Davis,
Sally Davis,
J. D. Evans,
John Field,
John B. Gilpin,
John M Gaither,
Mary Ann Gosler,
Charlotte Gray,
John H. Hall, (17)
Jonathan Hutton, (2)
Joshua Hitch,
Henry Hunt,
Daniel T. Hyde,
Francis M. Jarboe, (67)
Mr. Jones,
Alfred Jenks,
Miss Katharine Kirby, (2)
Wm. Kirby, (2)
George Latilford,
Stephen L. Lee,
S. Maynard,
—— Mockbee,
Bushrod W. Marriott, (2)
Zedekiah Moore,
Miss Ellen Ann Merriken, (2)
Abraham Man,
Miss Sarah Mills,
Rev. Jno. McKenny,
Elizabeth McGill,
Mrs. Rebecca Nicholson,
Thos. A. & Wm. B. Norris, (2)
J. S. Owens.
President of St. John's College,
Benjamin Proud,
John T. Phillips,
Mrs. Ann Ridout,
Miss C. N. Ridout,
Martin F. Revell,
George W. Rittew,
Miss Sarah Stewart,
William Stewart, (5)
Capt. John Sewell,
Vachel Sewell,
Mrs. A. A. Stewart,
B. Smith,
Joseph F. Shaw,
Samuel Tyler,
O. Taylor,
Joseph M. Tate,
Rev. R. S. Vinton, (2)
Dr. Waters,
Dr. James Waters,
Jacob Waters,
Richard Weems,
Richard H. Williams,
Dr. J. B. Wells,
John C. Weems,
Lancelot Warfield,

B.
Mr. Isaac Anderson,
Mrs. Susan Brewer,
Mrs. Charity Bishop,
Mrs. Rebecca E. Beard,
Mr. Wm. Brewer,
Dennis Boyd,
Mary Bright,
J. D. Bowling.

C.
Miss Rebecca Cross,
Concordia Lodge,
Miss Martha E. Coulter,
Charles Carroll,
Mrs. Sarah Cheaney.

D.
Henrietta Davis, (3)
Enoch Duvall,
George Dunn,
Geo & Henry Dunn,
Gabriel H. Duvall,
Samuel Deal,
Abigail Duff,
Henry Darnall.

E.
Hugh D. Evans.

F.
Thos. Furgison.

G.
Miss Mary Green,
Rev. Robt. W. Goldsborough.

H.
Rev. Hector Humphreys, (2)
Miss Henrietta M. Hall,
Sarah A. Hardesty,
Mrs. Holland.

J.
Gen. Walter Jones,
Mr. Johnson,
Samuel Johnson.

K.
Dr. R. M. Kilty.

L.
Mrs. P. A. Levely, (4)
P. Lechleitner.

M.
Henry Matthews, (2)
Dr. Richard Marriott,
Francis Meyer,
T. D. Marriott,
J. H. T. Magruder,
Miss N. N. Fitzhugh,
Jno. V. L. McMahon,
Rev. George McIlhenny,
Wm. McNeir, (2)
Gilbert Murdeck, (3)

N.
Wm. B. Norris, (2)
Wm. Norris,
J. Nichols.

O.

P.
Nathan Pupper,
Henry Price, (3)
Caroline Parker,
Mrs. Amelia Pinckney.

R.
M. Robison,
Mrs. Mary Robinson,
Stephen J. Raphael.

S.
Edward Summerkamp,
Wm. Shallus,
Mrs. Harriet Teresa Smith,
Charles O. Skeper,
Catharine Sharps,
Abraham Simmons,
Ezra Sheckle.

T.
Richd. E. Thomas,
Mary Ann Terry.

V.
Vestry St. Margaret's Parish.

W.
Clement Weedon,
Elizabeth Williams,
Richard White,
Elijah Wells, (8)
N. E. Watkins, (4)
John Weedon & Jno. Lee,
Jonathan Weedon,
Margaret Weedon.

R. J. CRABB, P. M.
January 4.

IN CHANCERY,

15th December, 1837.

ORDERED, That the sales made and reported by Horace Capron and Thomas S. Herbert, trustees for the sale of the real estate of Thomas Snowden, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the 15th day of February next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 15th day of January next. The report states the sales of parcels of said real estate to amount of $14,764 90½.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

A NEW AND CHEAP PERIODICAL.

Attention is requested from one week hence to the following prospectus of a new and even a cheaper book periodical, which will be issued from this office in the first week of next January. It will not be in so convenient a form for binding as the present, with which it will in no way interfere, but it will make books cheap beyond all precedent. It will contain the works of the day, which are most sought after, but are *comparatively* dear, and which cannot penetrate the interior in any a inside half so rapidly as by mail, in which volumes of books are prohibited. A different American reprint will be furnished entire for from *four* to *six cents*; a Marryat novel for twelve cents, and others in proportion.

As but very few copies will be printed but what are actually subscribed for, those who wish the Omnibus, must make their remittances at once.

Books at Newspaper Postage.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS,

NOVEL AND IMPORTANT LITERARY ENTERPRISE!!

NOVELS, TALES, BIOGRAPHY, VOYAGES, TRAVELS, REVIEWS, AND THE NEWS OF THE DAY

IT was one of the great objects of "Waldie's Literary," "to make good reading cheaper, and to bring literature to every man's door." That object has been accomplished; we have given to books wings, and they have flown to the uttermost parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the secluded, occupation to the literary, information to all. We now propose still further to reduce prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall continue to give in the quarto library a volume weekly for two cents a day; we now propose to give a volume in the same period for less than *four cents a week*, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a few columns of shorter literary matters, and a summary of the news and events of the day. We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of reduction, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim at offering to an increasing literary appetite that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great a favourite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the same. But we shall, in the first week of January 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on very superior paper, also *filled with books* of the newest and most entertaining, though in their several departments of Novels, Tales, Voyages, Travels, &c., select in their character, joined with reading such as usually *should* fill a weekly newspaper. By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enliven and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, at an expense which shall be no consideration to any, a mass of reading that in book form would alarm the pockets of the prudent, and to do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall acknowledge "the power of concentration can no farther go." *No book which appears in Waldie's Quarto Library will be published in the Omnibus*, which will be an *entirely distinct* periodical.

TERMS.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS will be issued every Friday morning, printed on paper of a quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and of the largest size. It will contain,

1st. *Books, the newest and the best that* can be procured, equal every week to a London duodecimo volume, embracing Novels, Travels, Memoirs, &c., *and only chargeable with newspaper postage.*

2d. Literary Reviews, Tales, Sketches, notices of books, and information from "the world of letters," of every description.

3d. The news of the week concentrated to a small compass, but in a sufficient amount to embrace a knowledge of the principal events, political and miscellaneous, of Europe and America.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five subscribers where the paper is forwarded *to one address*. To clubs of two individuals, five dollars; single mail subscribers, three dollars. The discount on uncurrent money will be charged to the remitter; the low price and superior paper absolutely prohibit paying a discount.

On no condition will a copy ever be sent until the payment is received in advance.

As the arrangements for the prosecution of this great literary undertaking are all made, and the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a generous public for many years, no fear of the non fulfilment of the contract can be felt. The Omnibus will be regularly issued, and will contain in a year reading matter equal in amount to two volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned above.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,
46 Carpenter St. Philadelphia.

☞ Editors throughout the Union, and Canada, will confer a favour by giving the above one or more conspicuous insertions, and accepting the work for a year as compensation.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE AND EASTON.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND, leaves Baltimore, every TUESDAY & FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock for the above places, starting from the lower end Dugan's wharf, and returns on Wednesday and Saturday.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

Seventh Year of Waldie's Library.

BOOKS BY MAIL.

PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circulating Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesome.

The fourth year will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1836, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only from January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can be given of its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere per centage of their former cost; it has outlived more than thirty puerile attempts at imitation; and has now an extensive list of patrons who are of the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, in use and purpose, is enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, without being compelled to depend on places of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying polite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor, himself a reader from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of an elevated standard of intellect which may be admitted into every family without hesitation by the most fastidious, and become a rallying point for all its members, promoting social belles lettres reading and conversation. The variety thus collected from the whole mass of published works, mostly new, embraces Biography, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Select History, personal memoirs of extraordinary individuals, and curious adventure, &c. &c. An amount equal to fifty London duodecimo volumes is thus annually furnished in weekly numbers, at a cost only equal to one of the London works. The plan thus embraces the whole range of popular literature, and the work has now become so universally diffused in every part of the Union as to form no inconsiderable portion of the literature of the country, and with which an acquaintance has become really necessary for those who mix in society.

The Library as now conducted disseminates books to all parts of the country in from five to six weeks after their issue in London. Five dollars per annum expended in this way will supply good reading for a whole circle or family; for a *cent and a half a day*, postage included, a duodecimo book is sent every week, making in the course of the year more than three volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be bound at an expense little exceeding that of binding either separately, and constitutes a concentrated collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and uncongenial society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk or idle listlessness so apt to employ a large portion of the time of the many.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four quarto pages, entitled, The Journal of Belles Lettres, containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for $5 00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals obtain five copies for $20 00, a reduction which pays the postage. *Payment always in advance.*

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

THIS periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; or *both* are furnished to clubs of five for $6 00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chamber's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, combined in such a manner as to enlist the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation; price to single subscribers not taking the Library, $2 50, postage paid.

*** A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio one; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1836 of the Library, and the Port Folio for 1835 and 1836, the whole can be had for $20 00. For this an amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its kind. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

Philadelphia, two doors south of Chestnut street, Philad.

The Museum of Foreign Literature and Science, price $6 00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for $12.

NEWSPAPER.

THE BALTIMORE KALEIDOSCOPE, And Weekly Express,

RECENTLY commenced, and now published every *Saturday*, by YOUNG & ABRAHAMS, at the South East corner of Market and Gay streets, Baltimore, *J. S. Wilmer*, editor. Price $2 per annum.

This paper will contain a great variety of original and selected matter, news, literary and scientific articles, notices of new books, and animadversions on the most popular topics of the day. The publishers have made such arrangements as enable them to promise with confidence that the *Kaleidoscope* shall not be surpassed by any other similar paper in the Union, not only in point of utility, but in the various qualities which make a newspaper attractive and desirable.

One Dollar, in advance, will be received as payment in full for six months. The terms of advertising are moderate. Letters or communications to the editor or publisher, *if post paid*, will receive prompt attention; and the paper will be forwarded to any part of the country, where it may be ordered.—Subscribers at a *distance* are requested to enclose the amount of their subscription, (at least for six months,) when they order the paper

Baltimore, Nov. 9, 1835.

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

On the 1st of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good paper, of an extra large royal octavo size, and neatly stitched in a coloured cover, the first number

OF A NEW PERIODICAL WORK,

ENTITLED,

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE,

Edited by WILLIAM E. BURTON, Philadelphia.

To whom all original Communications will be addressed.

THE announcement of a new Periodical in the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise but having contemplated an alteration in the nature of a very popular monthly publication, "Every Body's Album," the proprietors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome points of the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor, will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation equal to that of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the proprietors.

The contents of the Gentleman's Magazine will, in every respect, be answerable to the meaning of the title. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly as "eagles soar, above the ken of man," nor shall we be content with merely skimming the surface of the ground; our pages will not be filled with abstruse predications, nor shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acumen in matters "caviare to the million." In short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreeable book—an epitome of life's adjunctives—a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlour table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of contents attached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found, from some of the most celebrated writers of the day—essays humorous and didactic—graphic delineations of men and manners—free and spirited translations of the lighter portions of the Literature of continental Europe. A series of original biographical notices of the principal stars in the Dramatic hemisphere. The current Literature will be reviewed in full, and liberal extracts made from rare and valuable works. An original copy right song, not otherwise to be obtained, will be given, with the music, in every number.

The Gentleman's Magazine will contain seventy-two extra sized octavo pages, of two columns each, forming, at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octavo page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year; and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be *THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAPEST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE UNITED STATES.*

To induce subscribers to forward their names immediately, the publisher begs leave to offer the following inducements for Clubbing, the advantages of which proposition can remain in force for a few months only. The subscription to the Gentleman's Magazine will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum, payable in advance—but a five dollar bill will produce two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dollars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to *Charles Alexander*, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet with the earliest attention.

June 30.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, ST. MICHAELS, AND WYE LANDING.

The Steamboat MARYLAND will leave Baltimore on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, at eight o'clock, for the above places from the lower end of Dugan's wharf. Returning the next day, leaving Wye Landing at 8 o'clock for St. Michaels, Annapolis and Baltimore. She will continue this route throughout the season. Passage to Annapolis $1 50, to St. Michaels and Wye Landing $2 50.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

November 9.

CASH FOR

ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,

Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into this market. I can at all times be found at Mrs. Hunter's Tavern in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC F. PURVIS.

Sept. 12. R

P. S.—Any communications left with Mr. John Rennie, will be promptly attended to.

I. F.

SEVENTEEN OF POPULAR NOVELS,

VIZ:

Peter Simple,
Jacob Faithful,
Pirate and Three Cutters,
Frank Mildmay,
King's Own,

BY CAPTAIN MARRYATT,

Pelham,
The Disowned,
Devereux,
Paul Clifford,
Eugene Aram,

Newton Forster,
Tales of Many Tales,
Japhet in Search of his Father,

BY E. L. BULWER,

Last Days of Pompeii,
Rienzi,
Falkland,
Pilgrims of the Rhine,

Will be given as a premium to any person who will send the names of Ten Subscribers, and Twenty Dollars in cash, to the publisher of

The Saturday News and Literary Gazette.

And to every person who will send Five Subscribers, and Ten Dollars in cash, a complete set of either Bulwer or Marryatt, as may be preferred.

The prices of the novels above mentioned, if purchased of the booksellers, would be $21 25; and in Godey's cheap and uniform edition they cost $6 50. They can be had of the publisher, at $3 50 for Bulwer, $3 for Marryatt, complete.

The SATURDAY NEWS contains more reading matter than any other paper published in the United States. It is devoted to general Literature, Criticism, the Drama, Agriculture, Intelligence, News, &c. Many of the best writers of Philadelphia are contributors to its columns; and its selections are made from the whole range of English literature. A correspondence is maintained with the principal cities of the Union, and letters are expected from a gentleman of high talent about to travel in Europe.—The subscription price is $2 per annum, payable in advance, or three copies for $5.

L. A. GODEY & Co.

The following notices are taken from many of a similar character, made by the leading presses of this city:—

SATURDAY NEWS—The weekly paper with the above title, which we foretold a few weeks since came to light on Saturday last, under the auspices of Messrs. Godey, McMichael & Neal. Such a trio never got together before.—Neal and McMichael beat all for writing, and Godey beats all for publishing; and a capital job they made of their first number, worthy all that was promised. We prophesy for them great success, and for their readers great satisfaction.—*United States Gazette.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS—We have been favoured with a copy of the first number of this new paper. It is creditable to all concerned. The literary matter is far above the ordinary standard and would not discredit the columns of the most popular newspaper of the British metropolis. Sustained in the same spirit, the News will soon win liberal patronage and enviable reputation. An amusing extract will be found in a subsequent column.—*Enquirer and Courier.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.—The first number of a new weekly paper, with the above title, issued in Philadelphia on Saturday last—it is of the largest size of newspapers published in that city, and succeeds the Gentleman's Vade Mecum, formerly issued by Mr. Charles Alexander, which has been by him transferred to Messrs. L. A. Godey, J. C. Neal, and M. McMichael, three gentlemen very favourably known as possessing the requisite qualifications for conducting such a periodical in the most advantageous manner. The first number is a highly satisfactory specimen of what may be expected from the paper, especially as a literary gazette. The annual subscription is at the very moderate rate of two dollars.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

We have received the first number of the Saturday News, a weekly paper of the largest class, issued by the Messrs. Godey, Neal and McMichael, able and experienced newspaper editors, who will not fail to give a due share of entertainment and interest to their sheet. The Gentleman's Vade Mecum has been transferred to Messrs Godey & Co., and will be continued under the title of the Saturday News, which will contain besides a large amount of interesting intelligence and literary matter, in addition to that heretofore embodied in the Vade Mecum. We intended to publish their prospectus to-day, but have been prevented by want of room.—*Berks and Schuylkill Journal.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—We have received the first number of a new weekly paper, of the above title, edited by Louis A Godey, conductor of the Lady's Book; Joseph C. Neal, editor of the Pennsylvanian, and Morton McMichael, the late editor of the Saturday Courier. Judging from the first number we should conclude that it will far exceed, for original matter, and new selections, any weekly paper in Philadelphia. It is not a *reprint* of any other Gazette, which is too much the case with the mammoth sheets of that city.—*Newcastle Gazette.*

The first number of the Philadelphia Saturday News has been received at this office, and promises to be one of the very best weekly papers in the Union. The number before us is very creditable to the enterprising publisher and editors, its contents being various, entertaining and instructive. Those who wish a good family paper from the city, cannot do better than to subscribe for the Saturday News. It is published by L. A. Godey, and edited by Morton McMichael, and Joseph C. Neal, Esqrs.—*Darby Republican.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—The new Journal advertised in our paper under the above title, made its appearance last week, and is, very unequivocally on the "go ahead" system.—There is no doubt, but that the publisher, our friend Godey, whose Lady's Book we have in times past laboured to make our *fair* readers *fairly* in love with, will gain troops of friends in his new enterprise, and line his pockets to some purpose with the "needful." Very well. We are glad of it. The sketch under our police head is by Mr. Neal, and is in his inimitable style. We hope to be able to treat our friends often to such exquisite touches of sly and quiet humour.—*Saturday Courier.*

Sept. 1.

SUBSCRIPTION

FOR VOL. IV. OF

THE CULTIVATOR,

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION, COMPRISING 200 PAGES IN A VOLUME, DEVOTED TO THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE SOIL AND THE MIND.

THE Conductor tenders his acknowledgments to gentlemen, for their kind offices in extending the circulation of the CULTIVATOR, and respectfully solicits the continuance of their good will. Putting out of the question our personal considerations, of the merits of which it does not become us to speak, we venture to say, there is no periodical of its price, that contains more matter directly useful to the great agricultural interest, than is to be found in the columns of the Cultivator. *One* volume contains as much matter, by printer's computation, as *five* ordinary duodecimos, which sell at 75 to 125 cents each. If, then, as we believe, the paper is both cheap and useful, and calculated to promote improvement in the business of husbandry, every gentleman may benefit his community, by a moderate effort to extend its circulation. We plead not for ourselves, but for the great interest which it is our pride and pleasure to serve.

☞ The entire Series of the Cultivator will be sent to order, at 50 cts. the volume, stitched, or $6 for the three volumes bound together. 11 vols. for $5.

☞ Subscriptions to the above work received by A. COWAN,

Annapolis.

February 4.

MAMMOTH SHEET.

OFFICE OF THE SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.

Philadelphia, November 26, 1836.

THE very liberal patronage bestowed on the SATURDAY NEWS, since its commencement in July last, and a desire to meet that patronage by corresponding exertions, have induced us this week to publish a *Double Number*—being the largest sheet ever printed in Philadelphia for any purpose, and the largest literary paper ever printed in the United States. To those of our friends who are practical printers, it need not be mentioned that this undertaking has involved serious mechanical difficulties. The largest—or one of the largest presses in Philadelphia is used for our ordinary impression—but this would accommodate only a single page of the mammoth sheet, and we were obliged, therefore, to work four forms at different periods. The care used in preparing the paper—in removing and folding the sheets, &c., can only be estimated by those who have seen the experiment made; and, added to the necessarily increased amount of composition, press work, &c., these supplementary expenses have made an aggregate cost, which would have deterred many from engaging in the enterprize. A gain of two thousand new subscribers will not repay the actual cost of this single number.

We flatter ourselves that, besides its extraordinary size, this number presents attractions that entitle it to some attention.—It contains the whole of *Friendship's Offering* for 1837, the London copy of which costs $4, and has 384 closely printed pages of letter press. Distinguished as the present age, and particularly our own country, has been for cheap reprints, we believe this surpasses any former instance. *For four cents* subscribers to the *Saturday News* receive, in addition to their ordinary supply of miscellaneous matter, an English annual, the largest yet received for the coming season; and they receive it, moreover, in a form that, from its novelty, gives it additional value.

Of the general character of the *Saturday News* we need not speak. That has now become so well known as to require no comment. We may take occasion to say, however, that in enterprize and resources we yield to no other publishers in this city or elsewhere, and we are determined that our paper shall not be surpassed. We have entered the field prepared for zealous competition, and we stand ready in every way to realize our promise, that no similar publication shall excel that which we issue. Our articles, both original and selected, we are not ashamed to test by any comparison which can be adopted; and there is no periodical in the United States, monthly or weekly, which might not be proud of many of our contributors.

The issuing of this number may be regarded as an evidence of our intention and ability to merit success. Nor will it be the only effort—From time to time, as opportunity offers, we propose to adopt extraordinary means for the interest and gratification of our subscribers.

L. A. GODEY, & Co.

THE SALMAGUNDI,

AND NEWS OF THE DAY.

EMBELLISHED WITH A MULTITUDE OF COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

A NEW PERIODICAL, of a novel character, bearing the above appellation, will be commenced on the beginning of January, 1836. While it will furnish its patrons with the leading features of the news of the day, its principal object will be to serve up a humorous compilation of the numerous lively and pungent sallies which are daily floating along the tide of Literature, and which, for the want of a proper channel for their preservation, are positively lost to the Reading world. Original wits and humorists of our time will here have a medium devoted to the faithful record of the scintillations of their genius. It is not necessary to detail the many attractions which this journal will possess, as the publisher will furnish a specimen number to every person who desires it—(those out of the city, will forward their orders, postage paid)—☞ and he pledges himself that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to make each succeeding number superior in every respect to the preceding ones.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be printed on large imperial paper, equal in size and quality to that which is at present used for the Gentleman's Vade Mecum. It is calculated that MORE THAN

500 ENGRAVINGS

will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one year—these, in addition to an extensive and choice selection of Satire, Criticism, Humour and Wit, to be circulated through its columns, will form a Literary Banquet of a superior and attractive order; and the publisher relies with perfect confidence on the liberality of the American public, and the spirit and tact with which this expensive undertaking will be prosecuted, to bear him successfully and profitably along with it.

The Terms of THE SALMAGUNDI will be TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable invariably in advance. No paper will be furnished unless this stipulation is strictly adhered to. ☞ Clubs of three will be supplied with the paper for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note, postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. ☞ The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

☞ THE SALMAGUNDI will be published on alternate weeks—otherwise it would be impossible to procure the numerous Embellishments which each number will contain—and the general interest it will afford must be enhanced by this arrangement.

☞ Address, CHARLES ALEXANDER, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

A NEW AND CHEAP EDITION OF

Attention is respectfully directed to the following [illegible] of a new and even a cheaper book [illegible], which will be issued from this office in the first week of next January. It will not be in so convenient a form for binding as the present, with which it will in no way interfere, but it will make *books cheap beyond all precedent*. It will contain the works of the day, which are much sought after, but are *comparatively* dear, and which cannot penetrate the interior in any mode half so rapidly as by mail, in which *volumes* of books are prohibited. A fifty cent American reprint will be furnished entire for from *four* to *six cents*; a Marryat novel for twelve cents, and others in proportion.

As but very few copies will be printed but what are actually subscribed for, those who wish the Omnibus, must make their remittances at once.

Books at Newspaper Postage.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS.

NOVEL AND IMPORTANT LITERARY ENTERPRISE!!

NOVELS, TALES, BIOGRAPHY, VOYAGES, TRAVELS, REVIEWS, AND THE NEWS OF THE DAY

IT was one of the great objects of "Waldie's Literary," "to make good reading cheaper, and to bring literature to every man's door." That object has been accomplished; we have given to books wings, and they have flown to the uttermost parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the secluded, occupation to the literary, information to all. We now propose still further to reduce prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall continue to give in the quarto library a volume weekly for two cents a day; we now propose to give a volume in the same period for less than *four cents a week*, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a *few columns* of shorter literary matters, and a summary of the news and events of the day. We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of reduction, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim at offering to an increasing literary appetite that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great a favourite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the same. But we shall, in the first week of January 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on very superior paper, also *filled with books* of the newest and most entertaining, though in their several departments of Novels, Tales, Voyages, Travels, &c., select in their character, joined with reading such as usually *should* fill a weekly newspaper. By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enliven and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, at an expense which shall be no consideration to any, a mass of reading that in book form would alarm the pockets of the prudent, and to do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall acknowledge "the power of concentration can no farther go." *No book which appears in Waldie's Quarto Library will be published in the Omnibus*, which will be an *entirely distinct* periodical.

TERMS.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS will be issued every Friday morning, printed on paper of a quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and of the largest size. It will contain,

1st. Books, the newest and the best that can be procured, equal every week to a London duodecimo volume, embracing Novels, Travels, Memoirs, &c., *and only chargeable with newspaper postage.*

2d. Literary Reviews, Tales, Sketches, notices of books, and information from "the world of letters," of every description.

3d. The news of the week concentrated to a small compass, but in a sufficient amount to embrace a knowledge of the principal events, political and miscellaneous, of Europe and America.

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On no condition will a copy ever be sent until the payment is received in advance.

As the arrangements for the prosecution of this great literary undertaking are all made, and the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a generous public for many years, no fear of the non fulfilment of the contract can be felt. The Omnibus will be regularly issued, and will contain in a year reading matter equal in amount to two volumes of Ree's Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned above.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

46 Carpenter St, Philadelphia.

☞ Editors throughout the Union, and Canada, will confer a favour by giving the above one or more conspicuous insertions, and accepting the work for a year as compensation.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE AND EASTON.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND, leaves Baltimore, every TUESDAY & FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock for the above places, starting from the lower end Dugan's wharf, and returns on Wednesday and Saturday.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. XCIII. ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 18, 1838. NO. 3.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE McNEIR & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a lot of superior

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.

November 18. tf.

A LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office, Annapolis, on the 1st of January, 1838

Rev. Henry Aisquith, (2)
Charles C. Brice, (2)
Mr. S. Basford,
Wm. A. Bradley,
Tobias Bourke, (2)
Maurice Baker,
Dr. Wm. Brogden,
Thos. Birmingham,
Gustavus R Barber,

Philip Clayton, (3)
Mrs. Coyle,
Wm. Caton,
Marmaduke Conner, (2)
Thos. R. Cross, (2)

Col. Wm. A. Dulany, (3)
Jno. W. Duvall, (2)
Jno. Duvall,
Professor Ducatel,
Dixons & Weems,
Priscilla Daly,
Miss Margaret Davis,
Sally Davis,

J. D. Evans,

John Field,

John B. Gilpin,
John M Gaither,
Mary Ann Gosler,
Charlotte Gray,

John H. Hall, (17)
Jonathan Hutton, (2)
Joshua Hitch,
Henry Hunt,
Daniel T. Hyde,

Francis M. Jarboe, (67)
Mr. Jones,
Alfred Jenks,

Miss Katharine Kirby, (2)
Wm. Kirby, (2)

George Latilford,
Stephen L. Lee,

S. Maynard,
—— Mockbee,
Boshrod W. Marriott, (2)
Zedekiah Moore,
Miss Ellen Ann Merriken, (2)
Abraham Man,
Miss Sarah Mills,
Rev. Jno. McKenny,
Elizabeth McGill,

Mrs. Rebecca Nicholson,
Thos. A. & Wm. B. Norris, (2)

J. S. Owens.

President of St. John's College,
Benjamin Proud,
John T. Philips,

Mrs. Ann Ridout,
Miss C. N. Ridout,
Martin F. Revell,
George W. Ritchie,

Miss Sarah Stewart,
William Stewart, (5)
Capt. John Sewell,
Vachel Sewell,
Mrs. A. A. Stewart,
B. Smith,
Joseph P. Shaw,

Samuel Tyler,
C. Taylor,
Joseph M. Tate,

Rev. R. S. Vinton, (2)

Dr. Waters,
Dr. James Waters,
Jacob Waters,
Richard Weems,
Richard H. Williams,
Dr. J. D. Wells,
John C. Weems,
Lancelot Warfield,

A.
Mr. Isaac Anderson.

B.
Mrs. Susan Brewer,
Mrs. Charity Bishop,
Mrs. Rebecca E. Board,
Mr. Wm Brewer,
Dennis Boyd,
Mary Bright,
J. D. Bowling.

C.
Miss Rebecca Cross,
Concordia Lodge,
Miss Martha E. Coulter,
Charles Carroll,
Mrs. Sarah Cheaney.

D.
Henrietta Davis, (3)
Enoch Duvall,
George Dunn,
Geo. & Henry Dunn,
Gabriel H. Duvall,
Samuel Deal,
Abigail Duff,
Henry Darnall.

E.
Hugh D. Evans.

F.
Thos. Furgison.

G.
Miss Mary Green,
Rev. Robt. W. Goldsborough.

H.
Rev. Hector Humphreys, (2)
Miss Harriotte M. Hall,
Sarah A. Hardesty,
Mrs. Holland.

J.
Gen. Walter Jones,
Mr. Johnson,
Samuel Johnson.

K.
Dr. R. M. Kilty.

L.
Mrs. P. A. Lovely, (4)
P. Lochleitner.

M.
Henry Matthews, (2)
Dr. Richard Marriott,
Francis Meyer,
T. D. Marriott,
J. H. T. Magruder,
Miss N. N. Fitzhugh,
Jno. V. L. McMahon,
Rev. George Mellheney,
Wm. McNeir, (2)
Gilbert Murdock, (3)

N.
Wm. B. Norris, (2)
Wm. Norris,
J. Nichols.

O.

P.
Nathan Pupper,
Henry Price, (3)
Caroline Parker,
Mrs. Amelia Pinckney.

R.
M. Robison,
Mrs. Mary Robinson,
Stephen J. Raphael.

S.
Edward Summerkamp,
Wm. Shallus,
Mrs. Harriet Teresa Smith,
Charles O. Skeper,
Catharine Sharps,
Abraham Simmons,
Ezra Shackle.

T.
Richd. E. Thomas,
Mary Ann Tarry.

W.
Vestry St. Margaret's Parish.

W.
Clement Weedon,
Elizabeth Williams,
Richard White,
Elijah Wells, (8)
N. E. Watkins, (4)
John Weedon & Jno. Lee,
Jonathan Weedon,
Margaret Weedon.

R. J. CHASE, P. M.

January 4.

ADAM WALDIE,
...ter St, Philadelphia.
...ont the Union, and Ca...
...vour by giving the above
...ous insertions, and ac...
...year as compensation.

...ES, CAMBRIDGE
...ASTON.
The Steam Boat MA...
...RYLAND, leaves Balti...
...more, every TUESDAY
...& FRIDAY MORN...
...INGS, at 7 o'clock for
...ing from the lower end
...returns on Wednesday
...
...s at the owner's risk.
...M'L. T. TAYLOR.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, Set.

ON application to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing of Peter McRoberts, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Peter McRoberts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Peter McRoberts having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Beale Gaither his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Peter McRoberts a conveyance and possession of all his property real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Peter McRoberts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter McRoberts should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

NICH'S. BREWER,
Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, Anne-Arundel County.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
A. A. County Court.

December 29. 4 3m.

Anne-Arundel County, Set.

ON application to the Judges of Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition, in writing, of William Murdock, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said William Murdock having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said William Murdock having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Robert Welch of Ben. his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said William Murdock a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, it is therefore hereby ordered and adjudged, that the said William Murdock be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months before the third Monday of April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said William Murdock should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed Given under my hand this 24th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.

January 4. 3m.

Maryland, Anne-Arundel County, Sc.

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that Richard Nicholson has this day brought before me as Strays two HORSES, one a black about ten years old with a short nicked tail, has a white spot on his back, very gay, paces, trots and canters, has only one old shoe on; the other is a bay six years old, long tail, trots and canters, a little white on both hind feet, and no shoes on. Given under my hand and seal this 16th December 1837.

BASIL GWINN,
one of the Justices of the Peace for the Fifth Election District for the County aforesaid.

The owner of the above property is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

RICHARD NICHOLSON,
Bond's Tavern 5th Election District A. A. County.

Dec. 21.

JOURNAL OF PROCEEDINGS
of the House of Delegates of the State of Maryland.

DECEMBER SESSION, 1837.

WEDNESDAY, January 10th, 1838.

The speaker announced the following message as having been received from the senate on yesterday, by their clerk, viz—

A bill, originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, an act to make valid a certain instrument of writing therein named, and for other purposes.

Also, a bill, further to continue an act to incorporate the Maryland Insurance Company.

And, returned the resolution directing his Excellency the Governor, to cause to be delivered to Captain Thomas Dowden, two hundred stand of muskets, accoutrements, &c., endorsed, "assented to, with the proposed amendments,"

Which amendments were severally read, assented to, and the resolution ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Bowie, presented a petition of certain citizens of Anne Arundel county, praying the repeal of the law limiting the time of service of Inspectors of Tobacco, in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Berret, a petition of sundry citizens of Carroll county praying that the commissioners of the tax for said county, may be elected by the people.

Mr. Iglehart, a petition of sundry citizens of Prince George's and Anne Arundel counties, praying the passage of a law authorising the rebuilding a bridge over Patuxent river.

Mr. Mann, a petition of Samuel Read and others, citizens of Washington county, praying the passage of an act authorising the Botanical or Thompsonian system to be practised by persons not members of the Medical Faculty.

On motion of Mr. Simmons,

Ordered, that the special committee on the State's Tobacco Warehouses and Inspections, be directed to enquire into the expediency of condemning a portion of the wharves adjoining said warehouses in Baltimore, for the exclusive use of the tobacco trade, and said wharves be placed under the control of the tobacco inspectors.

On motion of Mr. Simmons,

Ordered, that the committee on inspections be directed to report a bill, requiring the Executive to appoint an inspector and clerk to the new State Tobacco Warehouse in Baltimore.

Mr. Sollers submitted the following preamble and resolution:

Whereas a demand has been made by the Executive of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the Executive of the State of Maryland, to surrender Nathan S. Bemis and others, as fugitives from justice, under the constitution and laws of the U. States; and whereas, His Excellency the Governor of this State, conceiving the demand to be imperative upon him, and that it could not be refused without a violation of the constitution and law of the U. States, did cause a warrant to issue for the arrest of said Nathan S. Bemis and others, and for their surrender to the constituted authorities of Pennsylvania; and whereas, it has been established to the satisfaction of this General Assembly, that the said parties have committed no moral impropriety in re-capturing property, which a court of competent jurisdiction of this State, has solemnly decided to be rightfully theirs, and it is apprehended that consequences may arise out of this matter, alike injurious to the fixed principles and feelings of the good people of this State, and calculated to disturb the friendly relations, and to mar that harmony which have always subsisted, and which this Legislature sincerely desires should be continued, between the State of Maryland and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and it is hoped and believed, that upon a fair representation of all the facts and circumstances of this case, the proper authorities of our sister State will cause all proceedings in this matter to be forthwith arrested, and will consent to such modification of the law of Pennsylvania, of 1826, in relation to this subject, as will effectually guard the interests of slave-holders of this State.

Be it therefore resolved, That a special agent, not a member of either branch of this Assembly, be deputed to repair to Harrisburg, and endeavour by a candid, earnest and respectful representation of the circumstances of this case, to remove all the difficulties which at present unfortunately exist between the two States, in relation to this matter, and that the said agent be appointed by the Governor and Council.

Which was read the first time;

Mr. Sollers moved that the preamble and resolution be read a second time by special order,

Determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Maulsby, the house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, being the report submitted by him on Saturday last, from the special committee, in relation to the demand of the Executive of Pennsylvania upon the Governor of Maryland, for the surrender of Nathan S. Bemis, Jacob Forwood, Edward Prigg and Stephen Lewis, citizens of Maryland, as fugitives from justice.

Mr. Sollers offered as a substitute for said report the preamble and resolution submitted by him this morning, proposing a special agent, not a member of either branch of Assembly, be deputed to repair to Harrisburg and endeavour to remove all the difficulties which at present unfortunately exist between the two States, in relation to this matter;

Which was read the first and second time.

Mr. Alexander moved to amend said substitute by striking out all after the preamble, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it is inexpedient to suspend, or in any manner to interfere with the action of the Executive of this state upon the requisition made by the Governor of Pennsylvania on the Executive of this State, for the delivery of Nathan S. Bemis, and others, as fugitives from Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That this State should avail itself of the opportunity which is now afforded for settling, by the highest judicial authority, the sufficiency of the guarantee afforded by the Constitution of the United States to the slave-holding States of this Union, for the reclamation of their fugitive slaves.

Resolved, That the Executive of this State be requested to appoint a special agent on behalf of this State, with the assent of the Executive of Pennsylvania, to conduct or assist the the said Nathan S Bemis, and others, in conducting their defence of the prosecutions now pending against them in York County Court of Oyer and Terminer, in the State of Pennsylvania, and that the said special agent request that the Attorney General of Pennsylvania be instructed by the Executive of said State to conduct the trial of said prosecutions in such manner that every matter of constitutional defence may be stated on the record, so that the same may be presented for adjudication of the Supreme Court of the United States.

Resolved, That said agent also request that the said Nathan S. Bemis, and others, be permitted to remain at large on reasonable bail being given for their surrender to the competent authorities of Pennsylvania, in case the said prosecutions shall be finally determined in favour of the said State, and that in the event of such determination the power and authority of this State shall be exercised for the apprehension and delivery of said Bemis and others, to the authorities of the State of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That the said agent be instructed to suggest the anxiety of this State, that some concurrent legislation shall be had by the States of Pennsylvania and Maryland, for the inforcement of their reciprocal obligations to surrender, each to the other, fugitives from justice and fugitive slaves, and that the said agent be authorised to communicate with the Governor or the Legislature of Pennsylvania, as may from time to time be expedient, and appear to be the best calculated to advance the purposes of his mission.

Resolved, That the expenses attending the execution of the foregoing resolutions, and the employment of such additional counsel as the Executive of this State shall deem expedient to employ in defence of the aforesaid prosecutions, shall be defrayed out of any unappropriated money in the Treasury.

Determined in the negative.

The question was then put, will the house adopt the substitute as offered by Mr. Sollers,

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred upon concurring in the report of the committee, and

Resolved in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr Alexander, the yeas and nays were ordered and appeared as follows:—

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. Tuck, Speaker, Hopewell, Ford, Crane, Welch, Gale, Higgins, Simmons, Sollers, Duke, Kent, Beall, Hughes, Orrick, Denny, Jones, Adams, Frazier, Evans, Simpers, Bowie, Coombs, Harrison, Wilmer, Townsend, Byser, Geyer, Ent, Maulsby, Boon, Jump, of Car. Gallagher, Mann, Swingley, Witmer, Griffith, White, Dawson, Neff, Blocher, Huddleson, Boyle, of Car. Ely, Turner, of Balt. Kerr, Cramer, Forwood, Nelson, Barrett, Powder—50.

NEGATIVE.

Messrs. McDaniel, Brown, Iglehart, Alexander—4.

The report of the committee was concurred in.

The blanks in the message recommended by the report of the committee having been filled by the chair, with the names of Messrs. Maulsby and Alexander.

The said message was then read the second time and assented to.

The house then adjourned.

THURSDAY, January 11th.

The speaker laid before the house a communication from the Treasurer of the Western Shore, in obedience to an order of the house of delegates of the 2d inst. enclosing an exhibit of the number of banks in this state, where they are located, and the amount of State's stock in each or any of them, and also the amount of capital of each of said banks;

Which was read; and,

On motion of Mr Alexander, referred to the special committee on the currency.

Mr. Jump, of Caroline, presented a petition of Thomas Roe, and Louisa B. Roe, of Caroline county, praying the passage of an act to authorise and empower the said Louisa B. Roe to execute a certain deed.

Mr. Witmer, a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying to amend an act passed in 1798, chapter 106, whereby certain medical gentlemen therein named, are invested with certain exclusive privileges of practising medicine in this state.

Mr. Powder obtained leave to bring in a bill relative to the compensation of judges of the orphans' court of Carroll county.

The clerk of the senate returned the resolution requiring the sheriff of Allegany county to pay over to the treasurer of the poor school funds of said county, the amount forfeited by the securities of Samuel Warnick, endorsed, "assented to;" ordered to be engrossed.

And, delivered a bill, originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, an act to divorce William Harris, of Talbot county, from his wife Elizabeth L Harris;

Also, a petition of Purnell Toadvine, John W. Rider and others, merchants of the town of Salisbury, praying the repeal of an act of assembly, endorsed, "referred to the consideration of the house of delegates;"

And, a petition of Benjamin Dashiell, president of the board of trustees of Wetipquin academy, on behalf of said board, praying a donation to the institution from the state.

On motion of Mr. Risteau,

Ordered, That the committee on the currency are hereby authorised and clothed with full and ample power to examine into the accounts of the directors of the differents banks of the state; and also to ascertain whether or not, there is any connection between the brokers and said banks; and furthermore, to inquire into the issues of said banks for the last six months preceding their suspension of specie payments, and for the last six months since that period, and report to this house at as early a period as practicable.

On motion of Mr. Risteau,

Ordered, That it be considered a part of the duty of the committee on the currency, in their investigations and examinations of those banks in which any part of the state's portion of the surplus revenue has been deposited, to inquire into and make it a part of their business, and a portion of their report to this house, whether said sums of money so deposited, in their sound discretion and judgment, are perfectly safe or not.

On motion of Mr. Risteau,

Ordered, That the committee on ways and means inquire into the expediency or propriety of imposing a tax by license, on the brokers of the state.

Mr. Neff reported a supplement to an act to provide for electing commissioners for Allegany county, and prescribing their powers and duties; and,

Mr. Huddleson, from the select committee, a further supplement to the act to incorporate the George's Creek Mining Company;

Which were severally read the first, and by a special order the second time, and passed.

Mr. Tall reported a supplement to an act to prohibit the owners of vessels and others, from navigating the same by and under the sole command of negroes or mulattoes.

Mr. Brown reported a bill supplementary to an act to establish magistrates courts in the several counties of this state, and to prescribe their jurisdiction, so far as it relates to Anne-Arundel county.

Mr. McDaniel reported a bill relating to manufacturers and venders of coaches, gigs and other carriages of pleasure; and,

Mr. Alexander reported a bill relating to mortgages.

Mr. Hopewell reported a bill to incorporate the Leonard Town Steam Mill Manufacturing Company.

Mr. Alexander reported a bill to amend and reduce into one the act to incorporate the Life Insurance and Trust Company, and the several supplements thereto.

The bill reported by Mr. Risteau to authorise the election of judges of elections, and constables of Baltimore county by the people, was taken up for consideration, and read the second time;

The question was then put, shall the said bill pass?

Determined in the negative.

The bill reported by Mr. McDaniel, supplementary to an act to establish magistrates' courts in the several counties of this state, and to prescribe their jurisdiction;

The bill reported by Mr. Powell to authorise the clerk of Worcester county court to record a deed therein mentioned; and,

The bill reported by Mr. Boyle, of Carroll, a supplement to an act to incorporate the citizens of Taneytown, in Carroll county,

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The bill reported by Mr. Frazier, from the committee on divorces, entitled, an act to divorce Mary Ann Bayley, of Dorchester county, from her husband, Josiah Bayley, Jr. was taken up for consideration;

Mr. Risteau moved to lay said bill on the table.

Determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Huddleson, said bill was amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "with the privilege allowed the petitioner to resume her maiden name;"

The said bill was then read the second time as amended, and passed.

The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

FRIDAY, January 12th.

Mr. Ghiselin presented a petition of George R. Maxwell, of Prince-George's county, praying to be divorced from his wife Mary Maxwell.

Mr. Turner, of Baltimore county, a petition of John E. Taylor, praying the passage of an act authorising him to bring into this state a certain negro slave therein named.

Mr. Geyer, a memorial of W. C. Russell, crier of Frederick county court, praying to be allowed a per diem for his services.

Mr. Orrick, a petition of sundry citizens of the 6th, 9th and 13th election districts in Baltimore county, praying the erection of an additional district in said county.

Mr. Biser, a petition of Richard English, of Frederick county, praying the allowance of a sum of money therein mentioned.

Mr. Nelson, a petition of James Thompson, of Harford county, to be placed on the pension roll of said county.

Mr. Dawson, a petition of Norman West, of Montgomery county, to be placed on the pension roll of said county.

Mr. Geyer, a memorial of W. D. Jenks. Lewis Ramsburgh and others, of Frederick county, praying for the use of the eastern wing of the state barracks in said county, as a cocoonery.

Mr. Ghiselin, a petition of Singleton Duvall, of Prince-George's county, praying redress of the grievances therein mentioned;

And, Mr. Gallagher, a petition of the victuallers and others, citizens of Baltimore county, counter to the memorial of certain citizens of Frederick county, praying the appointment of a weigher of live stock in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, reported a bill, entitled, an act for the maintenance of the public faith.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill to divorce Mary Ann Bayley, of Dorchester county, from her husband, Josiah Bayley, Jr. endorsed, "will pass," and ordered to be engrossed.

The speaker laid before the house the following communication from the treasurer:

WESTERN SHORE TREASURY,
Annapolis, 12th Jan. 1838.

The Honourable the House of Delegates,

Gentlemen,—In obedience to your order of the 9th inst. I have the honour to report, that the several sums of money paid as donations by the state for the purposes of education in Frederick county, during the last year, were

To the President and Visitors of Frederick College,	$800 00
To John McElroy, Principal of Saint John's Literary Institution of Frederick,	400 00

Most respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
GEORGE MACKUBIN.
Treas. W. S. Md.

Which was read.

On motion of Mr. Ford the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, entitled, an additional supplement to the act, entitled, an act for the relief of the poor of Saint Mary's county;

The said bill was then read the second time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Blocher the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, entitled, a further supplement to an act, entitled, an act for the preservation and repair of that part of the United States road within the limits of the State of Maryland;

The said bill was then read the second time and passed.

Mr. Simmons, chairman of the special committee on public buildings, delivered the following report:

The special committee on public buildings to whom was referred the order of the house directing an inquiry into the expediency of procuring one or more chandeliers for the use of this hall, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report—

That from the best information they have been able to obtain on the subject, have come to the conclusion that a chandelier with eight lamps, and six bracket lamps, would be the most suitable both for ornament and utility, and they recommend that the same be ordered, and that the committee on claims be authorised to allow such sum for the same as may seem just and proper.

Which was read the first and by special order the second time and concurred in.

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

SATURDAY, January 13th.

Mr. Simmons, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Anne Arundel county, praying that the law passed at the last session of the legislature, limiting the term of service of the tobacco inspectors in Baltimore city, may not be repealed.

Mr. Turner, of Baltimore county, a memorial of the Trustees of the Union Academy or School, of Baltimore, praying for an act of incorporation.

Mr. Risteau, a memorial of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying an alteration of an ordinance of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, in relation to the inspection of charcoal.

On motion of Mr. Mann,

Ordered, That the committee on the currency be instructed to enquire into the propriety of requiring the banks of this State to resume specie payments on or before the first day of May next, and to report to this house by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Orrick,

Ordered, That the committee on public buildings be instructed to enquire into the propriety of having a footway substantially paved from the front door of the State House to the front gate of the premises.

Mr. Risteau, chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill, entitled an act to divorce George W. Maxwell, of Prince George's county, from his wife Mary Maxwell.

Which was read the first, and by a special order the second time and passed.

Mr. Blocher, submitted the following resolution.

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, that the agents of this state, representing the state's stock in the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company be, and they are hereby directed in all future elections to use their exertions in the election of one or more of the citizens of this state, as directors in the said company—believing as we do that the large amount of stock held by Maryland in the said company, justly entitles her to a portion of the board of directors.

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this General Assembly, that the deposite of that portion of the funds of said company, obtained from the State of Maryland, ought, and of right should be made in good and solvent banks of this State, and should only be drawn therefrom in such sums as the actual necessities of the company may require. The state's agents are therefore instructed, and requested to use their efforts to induce the company so to deposit its funds.

Resolved, That his Excellency the Governor be requested to furnish a copy of the above resolutions to the President and each of the Directors of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal company, as well also to each of the State's Agents.

On motion of Mr. Comegys,

The house adjourned until Monday morning, ten o'clock.

MONDAY, January 15th.

Mr. Parker, presented a petition of James S. Purnell, of Cecil county, praying the passage of an act authorising him to bring into this State a negro girl, a slave for a term of years.

Mr. Jones, a petition of Thomas W. Overly, of Somerset county, praying for the passage of an act authorising him to bring into this State, certain slaves therein mentioned, and

Mr. Coombs, a petition of Moses O. B. Cawood, praying the passage of an act authorising him to bring into this State certain slaves therein mentioned.

Mr. Parker, a petition of James Lynch, of Cecil county, praying to be divorced from his wife Mary Ann Lynch.

Mr. Hillen, presented a memorial of Edward P. Roberts, of Baltimore county, in relation to the culture of silk in Maryland.

Mr. Goldsborough, a petition of Milly Lord, praying for a pension.

Mr. Powder, a petition of Michael Barnitz, of Carroll county, praying the passage of an act authorising the opening of an alley in Westminster, in said county.

Mr. Forwood, a memorial of the trustees of Abingdon Academy, in Harford county, praying for a donation to said academy.

Mr. Coombs, a petition of Thomas Martin, jr. praying to bring into this State certain slaves therein named.

Mr. Risteau, a memorial of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying the erection of an additional election district in said county.

On motion of Mr. McDaniel,

Leave was given to the committee on ways and means to bring in a bill, entitled, a supplement to the act, entitled, an act to invest the State's share of the surplus revenue of the United States and for other purposes, passed at December session, 1836, ch. 220.

On motion of Mr. Kerr,

Leave was given to the committee on grievances and courts of justice to bring in a bill, entitled, and act relating to promissory notes and bills of exchange.

On motion of Mr. Blocher,

Ordered, That the committee on the currency be instructed to enquire into the expediency and propriety of prohibiting by law, the issuing of any note or certificate for circulation, by any individual or individuals, or companies, of a less denomination than five dollars, and report to this house by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Sollers, from the committee on grievances and courts of justice, reported a bill, entitled, an act to make valid certain deeds therein mentioned.

Which were severally read the first, and by a special order the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

The clerk of the Senate, returned the bill, to authorise John Milbourn, to bring into this State a negro slave for life,—Also

The bill, authorising the commissioners of Baltimore county, to provide a suitable apartment in some of the public buildings for the accommodation of the trustees of the poor of said county, severally endorsed "will pass," and ordered to be engrossed.

And, delivered a bill, originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, an act the relief of Thomas Brown, an insolvent debtor,

Which was read and referred to the committee on insolvency.

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

TUESDAY, January 16th,

Mr. Wilmer, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Queen Anne's county, praying that John E. Thompson may be placed on the pension roll of said county.

Mr. Parker, a petition of sundry citizens of Cecil county, praying the legislature to authorise the commissioners of Cecil county, to levy the sum of six hundred dollars, for the purpose of building a bridge over Little Elk Creek.

Mr. Parker, also a petition of sundry citizens of Cecil county, praying for the extension of the Eastern Rail Road to a point on the Pennsylvania line therein mentioned.

Mr. Gallagher, a memorial of the Baltimore and Susquehanna Rail Road Company, showing a statement of the receipts and expenditures of said company, from the 1st July 1835, to 31st December 1837.

Mr. Roberts, a petition of sundry citizens of Kent and Queen Anne's counties, praying a special act, restoring the rights of citizenship of Henry Miller.

Mr. Brown, a petition of sundry citizens of the sixth election district, in Anne Arundel county, praying that the law of December session 1836, as it regards the appointment of tobacco inspectors, may not be repealed.

Mr. Williams, a petition of William Watson, of Harford county, praying that the clerk of Harford county court may be authorised and directed to record the deed therein mentioned.

Mr. Gallagher, a memorial of Samuel Stump, jr. and other property holders in the city of Baltimore, praying the passage of an act to condemn, as a public highway, a certain alley there in mentioned.

Mr. Geyer, reported a supplement to an act, relating to charges for transportation upon the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road, passed at December session, 1836, chapter 361.

Mr. Carpinter, chairman of the committee on corporations, reported a bill, entitled, an act to incorporate the Washington Lyceum of Baltimore.

And Mr. McDaniel from the committee on ways and means, reported a bill, entitled a supplement to the act, entitled, an act to invest the States share of the surplus revenue of the United States, and for other purposes, passed at December session, 1836, chapter 220.

The bill from the senate, entitled, an act, further to continue an act, passed at November session, 1795, entitled, an act to incorporate the Maryland Insurance Company, was taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The bill from the senate, entitled, an act to divorce William Harris, of Talbot county, from his wife Elizabeth L. Harris, was taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The house then adjourned.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, January 18, 1838.

"THE BALTIMORE BOOK."

Among the Annuals for 1838, in point of execution, poetry and taste, we have seen none superior to the "Baltimore Book." In truth it is got up in a style of elegance and literary merit unsurpassed by any of the Annuals of this year. Among the engravings we notice McKim's Free School, erected at an expense of $30,000, by that truly munificent and patriotic gentleman, Hon. Isaac McKim, and which contains at this time 200 Boys educated at the expense of that gentleman—likewise "Beech Hill," the seat of Robert Gilmor, Esq. Where the prose and poetry are so excellent it is difficult to discriminate. We have selected the following, because the subject is local, and peculiarly interesting:

TO MARY IN HEAVEN.

Inscribed affectionately to Mrs. Susan M. Boyle, of Annapolis.

Mary, only daughter of Col. James Boyle, died in September of 1836 after an insidious though fatal illness of a few days. For months had the parents and brothers of this idolized being, looked forward with hearts throbbing high with pleasure, to the period which should terminate her residence at the school of the "Visitation" at Georgetown, where, under the careful and judicious direction of the Sisters, her naturally talented mind had been richly cultivated and stored with ample knowledge and lady-like accomplishments. Every scheme of pleasure was postponed until Mary's return. Every improvement procrastinated until Mary's eye should give its sanction and her good taste its direction. At length she returned to her home, blooming in all the fascinating charms of seventeen, bright and beautiful. Surrounded soon by a fond circle of love and friendship, admired, sought after and caressed, it is wonderful that her mind retained its unsullied purity. The breath of flattery and praise left not the "serpent's trail" over the fair Eden of her heart. She heard it as the whispering of a tainted breeze. In her holy religion she was an example, and the world in which she moved, blessed her and it, for when mingling with the gay and thoughtless which her station in life required of her, it shed an atmosphere of purity around her which defied the jests of infidels and commanded the veneration of sinners. Sweet Mary Boyle! She returned home, but came to *die*—and out on a green hill-side where spring-daisies blossom in the sun, and where the humming bird glitters among the roses, she sleeps in the cold stillness of Death! The partial pen of a relative and friend fails in its office—it cannot portray justly the pure virtues of her mind and the effects of her undefiled piety—Requiescat in pace, and when the day of God's light beams on a troubled world, may a place high amid the Seraphim be given her.

A. H. D.

As sweep the cold autumnal winds
Amid the shivering leaves and flowers,
As flashes brighter cloud and sky,
To gild the fading summer hours;
I dream of thee my gentle one,
And feel thy breath upon my cheek;
I hear thy voice, and see a smile
Enthroned upon thy forehead meek;
And when the cold, dull sounds of earth
Arouse me from my vision blest,
My heart cords quiver and I fain
Would call thee from thy Saviour's breast.

My Mary! when the last bright hues
Of glowing autumn lit the earth,
Thy harp-like voice and sunny smile,
A halo shed around our hearth.
But stilled that tone, and frozen up
The fount which sparkled with a smile;
And dimmed and closed those soft dark eyes,
Which beamed with light and love the while.
Upon thy silent bosom rests
The valley's cold and heavy clod,
And night winds sigh a requiem sad,
Through the long grass upon the sod.
There sleeps my bright—my beautiful—
The star that lit my path on high—
A transient glory lent from heaven,
To form an angel for the sky.

Oh God!—so fair—so beautiful,
So joyous, yet so gently meek—
A brow like snow where sun-rays fall—
A smile forever on her cheek.
I've seen her in the lighted hall,
With diamonds flashing in her hair,
Glittering amid its raven folds,
Like meteors through the midnight air;
And seen her turn aside and dash
A gushing tear-drop from her eye,
When this world's empty splendour chilled
Her dreams of immortality—
Yet beautiful! when those high thoughts
The spirit's whispings enthralled,
Soared up to holy heaven and God,
Resumptive to its golden shrine—
Yet beautiful——

At eventide,
When star-gems lit the deep sky high
And sparkled round the moon's pure throne;
When every note was hushed and stilled,
Save the bright waves, where moon-light shone,
I've seen her bend before the shrine,
Made holy by her constant prayer,
And clasp her lily fingers o'er
A cross upon her bosom fair,
Then hold it in the silver light,
And scan with rapt devotion's eye,
The image of her suffering Lord,
Her hope of immortality.
Once—I remember well—I stole
Away from sleeping dreams and rest,
To gaze on thee, my angel-child,
And clasp thee once more to my breast.
Beside her couch in robes of white,
My Mary kneeled—her raven hair
Looked blacker in the moon-ray's light,
Her brow and cheeks more snowy fair;
Her dark eyes rested on the stars,
Yet dared not trace her spirit's flight;
One graceful hand hung motionless;
One clasped the cross now gleaming bright
Above her sinless heart—I saw
Her sweet lips move, yet not a word
Escaped—*Her soul communed with God*—
I listened, for I thought I heard
Her weave my name within the link
Of prayer, which reached from earth to heaven—
Again the sound—I wonder now
My very heart cord was not riven—
She whispered, "Soon, oh Mother bright!
Who reignest with thy Son above,
My spirit weary of its clay,
Will like a long imprisoned dove,
Unfurl her wings and soar to thee.
Hail! Mother, hail!—receive thy child,
Be thou the star of hope to guide
My footsteps through death's shadows wild!"

* * * * * * *

And all was o'er! Rest, rest awhile
My Mary on thy glittering wings;
Thy spirit-breath will steal along
Thy harp, like music o'er its strings;—
And let me see thee with mine eyes,
Which ache and burn to see thee now.
Oh God! 'tis vain! a ring of fire
Seems pressing round my throbbing brow.
Yet why? be still, and ponder soul!
'Tis but a few short years at best,
When this oppressed and wearied frame
Will gently sink in death to rest.
Then when the shadowy veil is rent
Between me and Eternity,
My Mary's golden wings shall bear
Me upwards to the blessed sky.
Ave Madonna! thou who saw
The sufferings of thy sinless Son,
And heard the wail of agony,
When from his side life's torrent run,
Plead for me at his holy throne,
That I may bow beneath the rod,
And yielding humbly to his will,
Feel that the chastening comes from God.

A. H. D.

Communicated.

MR. GREEN: In looking over the "Maryland Republican" this morning (Tuesday, Jan. 16,) I was astonished to find that the Editor was so regardless of the truth as he is. No less than *three misrepresentations* are expressed by him in speaking of Treasury Notes, viz.

No. 1. Mr. Hughes says—"The Van Buren administration exact payment in specie *in* all cases *from the people*, and PAY in TREASURY NOTES or drafts, which when drawn, *it is well known*, will be *protested*." Now the warmest supporters of the Whig party at Annapolis know and *admit* this assertion to be incorrect. No Treasury Note has yet been protested, nor will they, unless they should unfortunately fall into the hands of some of the enemies to the best interests of the country—some of *Biddle's votaries*.

No. 2. The Editor quotes from his kindred spirit, the Baltimore *Patriot!* and says that "the public officers in Baltimore have refused to receive Treasury Notes in payment, because they were now below par." This is also incorrect, and the Editors of the Republican at Annapolis and Patriot at Baltimore, must have known it to be so at the time they gave publicity to the paragraph. They never have been refused by the officers in Baltimore, although, as is well known, *many* of them are Federal Whigs, who would if they could, disgrace the very administration that is now feeding them.

No. 3. The Republican says—In New York "Treasury Notes are at 1½ per cent *discount in exchange for Bank paper!*" Now, I question very much whether a single reader of his believes this assertion, although he makes it as boldly as if he had the proof at his finger's end. The facts show that Treasury Notes are *one per cent* above par in New York.

Some people misrepresent for profit—some for mischief, and some to deceive; but it appears to me, sir, that the Whig editors do so "for the love of it."

A VISITER.

For the Maryland Gazette.

TO THE PEOPLE OF MARYLAND.

By the last annual Report of the Treasurer of the Western Shore it appears that the debts of the State, as of Dec. 1, 1837, amount to upwards of five millions of dollars, as will be shown in a subjoined statement. That they are represented by securities bearing interest at various rates from 4½ to 6 per cent, and redeemable at periods of time more or less distant.

An exposition of these liabilities and the means provided for their extinguishment, with a view to elucidate a subject which is believed to be not generally understood, may be satisfactory to many of you—it is, therefore, essayed by an humble individual who has long laboured to improve the finances of his State.

1. The loan of 1827, at 5 per cent, per act of 1826, ch. 252, for the purchase of real estate, payable at pleasure after August 9, 1837, out of the tobacco inspection revenue, if not already paid is provided for by funds in hand, and may be considered as redeemed, $48,000 00

2. The principal of the loan of 1828, at 5 per cent per act of 1826, ch. 229, for $30,000, payable at pleasure after Dec. 31, 1842, for the erection of an additional penitentiary building, is provided for by an investment of premium obtained for the loan, and the interest which accrues on the stock is regularly paid, and will probably continue to be so paid unless a change in the mode of punishment or other circumstances, should impair its means, in which event the charge for interest would devolve upon the Treasury.—The like remarks may substantially apply to the loan of 1822, per act of 1821, ch. 150, for $27,947 30—and to those of 1835, per chs. 109 and 350, for $20,000, and $30,000, and to that of 1836, ch. 300, for $30,000, together amounting to 127,947 30

3. The interest of the University 5 per cent stock, per act of 1821, ch. 88, payable in 1852, is charged upon the Medical Professors. The payment of the principal is secured by a safe investment of capital. But this being a literary institution, and its valuable grounds, buildings and other properties being vested in the State, it might be deemed just and proper to cancel the obligations of the Medical Professors, in which event the Treasury would be subject to the charge of interest, 30,000 00

4. The Rail-road 5 per ct. stock per act of 1827, ch. 104, payable at different dates from 1844 to '78, is also provided for by investments according to the said act, 256,189 00

5. As is that contracted for the Washington branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail-road per ch. 33 of '33 payable after 1859—beside the increasing tax on that improvement already exceeding $30,000 annually, 500,000 00

6 And that created in virtue of the act of 1833 ch. 105, payable in 1849 and '59, 125,000 00

7 Also the Canal 5 per cent stock of 1827, ch. 195, and of 1833, ch. 239, payable in 1844, '45, '46, '47 and '49, amounting together to 387,500 00

8 Likewise to the State stock of 5 per cent per act of 1830, ch. 46, payable in 1846, '47, '48 and 49, 350,311 00

9. And to the Rail-road 4½ per cent of 1830, ch. 119, payable in 1846, '47, 100,000 00

10. The State 6 per cent stock, per act of 1834, ch. 241, payable in 1871, is secured by the bonds of the corporations for which it was created—the *interest* is charged upon those corporations, and the reimbursement of the *principal* is provided for by adequate redeeming capital, 3,000,000 00

11. The Monument stock, for act of 1829, ch. 165, is charged upon the receipts of the State lotteries, and will be redeemed by their operations, 10,000 00

12. The Indemnity 5 per cent stock, per acts of 1835, chs 148 226, and of 1836, ch. 34 is redeemable out of the annual donation of $20,000 for deepening the harbour of Baltimore—which donation will be withheld for that purpose until its final extinguishment, 77,033 43

Making a total of $5,011,980 73

Of which $292,980 73 is for funds raised for the purchase of real estate, and the erection of Penitentiary buildings, and Tobacco Inspection Warehouses—the establishment of the University—the completion of the Washington Monument and to indemnify the sufferers by Baltimore riots—and $4,719,000 for the promotion of internal improvement, whereof $1,719,000 is held in stock of different companies, and $3,000,000 in bonds of the corporations upon the security of their respective works and revenues.

Over and above the funds specifically appropriated by the several acts, which are particularly referred to for the more authentic elucidation of the matter, a large amount has been specially assigned and set apart for the redemption of the different debts, within their periods of maturity—inasmuch that *the effective means of the sinking fund* ALREADY EXCEED AN AGGREGATE OF MORE THAN EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS—which is esteemed a sum sufficient (if executed in good faith) *by its accumulative operations*, to avoid any probable demand upon the Treasury on account of the *principals* of those debts; and the payment of *interest* being also secured, you are well protected *by existing laws* against additional taxation for the support of government, and to sustain your credit for a term of time which may be safely computed to reach beyond the productive operation of great improvement now in progress or prospective, and it cannot be believed that any enactment will be interposed to counteract or impair the wise provisions which have been made for those inestimable purposes

In future numbers the writer will essay to exhibit the wealth and income which have accrued to the State, or are in prospect, from the creation of the debts enumerated; and to demonstrate the deeply injurious consequences which would result from adverse cause of policy, by which the improvements would be retarded or destroyed.

A MARYLANDER.

P. S.—Editors friendly to internal improve-

ment or favorable to the diffusion of correct information on the financial concerns of the State, are requested to insert the foregoing, and such future essays as may follow on the same subject. A. M.

FURTHER FROM FLORIDA.

Extract of a letter

"FORT FOREAS, Dec. 31—8½ A. M.

"Dear Sir: Lieut. Ker, of the Dragoons, has just arrived from Tampa; left at 10 P. M.; brings news of a battle between Topakaliky and Kissimee Lake, in advance and east of the position at Kissimee. On the 25th Col. Taylor advanced with the 1st and 6th infantry and Missourians, &c. &c. met three Seminoles on the road; they informed him that Sam Jones had taken a strong place near, in a hammock, and cleared away the front. Of course the Colonel did not confide in the statement, pushed on, found the place as described, charged the hammock, drove the enemy, encamped on the ground, or near, and next day fell back on the depot at Kissimee. Our loss is heavy. Killed—Gen. Gentry, Missouri volunteers, Col. Thompson, Capt. Van Sweeringen, Lieuts. Center and Brooks, and 26 rank and file. Wounded—Capt. Andrews, supposed mortally, Lieut Walker, and Serg't. Frazier, 6th infantry, and 116 rank and file. Nearly all the Surgeons are ordered from Tampa to Kissimee. Jumper and band, and some others, are in, including Alligator's family. Wild Cat, the defenu, who escaped from St. Augustine, was fiercest in the battle.

"We have heard it stated that the Indians retreated through the hammock; after some skirmishing, and formed again, and when our troops, who followed them, came out they poured in upon them a deadly fire. We wait anxiously for further particulars, which we will lay before our readers at the earliest moment.

"An express arrived here this morning from Mosquito, by which we learn that Gen. Hernandez was at the Haulover, and was to leave immediately on an expedition south, and to penetrate as far as Cape Florida, if possible.

"Col. Pierce has moved with his forces, to establish a post on or near the mouth of the St. Lucie."

ST AUGUSTINE, Jan. 6, 1838.

The following extract of a letter gives all the information of interest that we have heard since Wednesday. We have no further particulars of the action on Pease creek.

PICOLATA, Jan. 4, 1838.

A boat this morning arrived from above. I have letters dated 30th and 31st, from Forts McNiel and Christmas. All the foot are engaged ditching, delving, bridging, &c. to get supplies, previous to starting. Capt. Winder, with 30 dragoons, surprised and took prisoners 5 warriors, 2 negroes, and 23 women and children. The warriors and families have just passed here on their way to Charleston via Garey's Ferry. Of course they had not heard of Taylor's affair. What steps it will cause Gen. Jesup to take it is quite impossible to conjecture.

An express has just arrived, and we have been politely favoured with the following extract of a humorous letter, dated

PICOLATA, Jan. 9, 1838.

Sir: The steamboat Forester has this moment passed up, leaving despatches, from which I gather the following information:

The only additional information relative to Col. TAYLOR's affair, is that he was informed that SAM JONES had chosen and prepared his ground, which proved true. The Indians commenced the attack, and after fighting several hours, were driving off, leaving eight dead upon the field.

The next day Col. TAYLOR fell back a considerable distance towards Tampa. An express who arrived at Fort Dade on the 3d inst. states that at Tampa, Col. TAYLOR's cannon were heard on the 1st, from which it is inferred that he fought them again on that day. This is keeping Christmas and New Year *a la Seminole.*

Gen. Nelson, of the Georgia volunteers, has had two battles or fights on the Suwanee, and expected another on the 31st ult. Whether he has been whipped or not I cannot say; I presume so, of course.

Gen. Smith, of the Louisana volunteers, who has been operating in the neighbourhood of Charlotte Harbour, has captured 40 Indians; among them Holatoochee, the Simon pure Seminole heir-apparent. Most of the aristocracy of the nation are now in Gen. Jesup's possession. Sam Jones, at best, is but a disloyal democrat. Jumper, rumor states, has come in with twenty-six families; I don't believe it.

The Managers of the Female Orphan Society of the City of Annapolis hereby give notice to the public, that they intend holding their

ANNUAL FAIR

early in February. They call upon their friends generally to aid them by preparing Articles for the Exhibition, which are much needed, and will be thankfully received. Those who wish materials to work up will be supplied by application to any of the Managers.

December 7, 1837.

A MANAGER WANTED,

FOR the ensuing year, on the Farm of Commodore Henry E. Ballard, near Annapolis. A person that can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, will find a desirable situation. None other need apply. Application can be made to Mrs. Ballard, at the Farm, or to

TH. FRANKLIN, Annapolis.

December 7, 1837.

FIRE ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the Citizens is requested at the City Hall on SATURDAY EVENING NEXT, at 8 o'clock, to re-organise the Fire Companies. All interested in this important subject are especially invited to attend.

JNO. MILLER, Mayor.

January 18, 1838.

IN CHANCERY,

12th January, 1838.

Benjamin Coxe
vs.
William Rothwell, Adm'r. of John R. Francis.

THE object of the bill filed in this cause is to obtain a decree to permit the complainant to redeem the negroes hereinafter mentioned, and that the defendant reconvey and reassign to complainant the said negroes, and that the defendant account for the hire, wages and value, of the services of said negroes.

The bill states, that three judgments were rendered against the complainant in Cecil County Court, and writs of fieri facias issued thereon, and three negroes, to wit—two negro men and one negro woman, the property of complainant, amongst things were seized and advertised for sale by the sheriff of Cecil county to satisfy said judgments—That complainant applied to a certain John R. Francis to lend him money to pay said judgments, or to attend the sale, and purchase said negroes for complainant, and hold the same, and receive the hire, wages and services, of the same, until he the said Francis had been repaid the price for which he should purchase them, with interest—That said Francis did agree with complainant that he would attend the sale of said negroes under said executions, and would purchase said negroes for complainant, and hold the same until he was repaid their price, with interest, out of their hire, wages or services, and as soon as he was repaid he would return and restore said negroes to complainant—That said Francis attended said sale, and stated and proclaimed to sundry persons who were present for the purpose of bidding for said negroes, that he the said Francis was bidding for said negroes for the benefit of complainant, and that he intended and had agreed to return them to the complainant as soon as he Francis was repaid, in consequence of which declaration the persons who attended the sale for the purpose of purchasing said negroes refused to bid, and said negroes were struck off to said Francis for the small sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, and said negroes were then and there delivered to said Francis, whereas the said negroes were worth a much greater sum of money, and under other circumstances would have commanded a much larger price—That said Francis departed this life intestate, in 1836, and letters of administration on his personal estate were granted to the defendant William Rothwell, who undertook the execution of said trust, and has included the said negroes as the property of the said Francis, in the inventory which he has returned, and that said negroes are still so held and possessed by said Rothwell, as administrator aforesaid—That said Francis did receive the wages of the two negro men for the year 1834, which amounted to one hundred dollars, and that he ever afterwards, up to his death, received the wages, hire or services, of the said men and woman, which were reasonbly worth one hundred and twenty-five dollars per annum, over and above all charge for clotning and food, and that since his death the same have been received by said Rothwell as his administrator—that the whole amount and value of the said hire, wages, or services of said negroes, greatly exceed the sum or price paid for said negroes, together with the interest that has accrued thereon, and that according to said agreement complainant is entitled to have and repossess said negroes—That complainant demanded said negroes from said Francis in his lifetime, and since his death from said Rothwell, the administrator aforesaid, but that said Francis in his lifetime, and said Rothwell since the death of said Francis, wholly neglected and refused to deliver up said negroes to the complainant. The bill also states, that the said William Rothwell resides out of the state of Maryland.

It is thereupon Ordered, That the complainant by causing a copy of this order to be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 19th day of February next, give notice to the said nonresident defendant of the substance and object of the bill, that he may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by a solicitor, on or before the 12th day of June next, to shew cause, if any he hath, why a decree should not be passed as prayed.

True copy—Test,

RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

January 18. 3w.

INFORMATION WANTED.

THE subscriber wants the following information:

Some time in the year 1821 or 22, a certain OLIVER POLLOCK, formerly a resident of Baltimore, Maryland, but at the above time a resident of Annapolis, Maryland, left Annapolis for the western country. The said O. Pollock is now dead. Any person that knows of his death, will confer a favour on the subscriber by enclosing him a few lines to Annapolis, Maryland.

N. B. Will the Editors of papers be so good as to insert the above, and by so doing they will confer a great favour on an aged man, with a large family.

WM. CATON.

Annapolis, Md. Sept. 18th, 1837.

A TEACHER WANTED

FOR PRIMARY SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 13, North Side of Severn, near Annapolis. A person qualified will find immediate employment, if application be made to

JOHN ARNOLD,
ZACHARIAH MERRIKEN, } Trustees.
PHILIP PETTEBONE,

January 18. 3w.

The Baltimore American will insert the above to the amount of one dollar and forward their account.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the Members of the General Assembly, and the citizens of Annapolis, that they have on hand a superior assortment of LIQUORS and WINES, consisting of the most approved Brands, both in Wood and in Glass, and at the most reasonable Prices. The following will exhibit their selection:

LIQUORS.

Pale, Cognac & Peach } BRANDY, Henessy, J. J. Dupuy, and other brands.
Old Rye & Irish } WHISKEY, warranted 10 years old.
Holland GIN, Strawberry brand.
Jamaica SPIRIT.

WINES.

Extra fine Old Burgundy MADEIRA.
Do do do Sercial do
do do Madeira.
Very fine old Pale and Brown SHERRY.
Do do do PORT.

WINES IN GLASS.

L. P. MADEIRA.
Blackburn's MADEIRA.
Extra fine Old MADEIRA.
Fine do do
Old Brown SHERRY.
Do Pale do
Extra fine Old PORT.

CHAMPAIGNES of the following Brands:

Orange, pts. and qts
Star, qts.
A. Y qts.
Forrest Fourneaux, pts.
Anchor, pts.
Lausserre, qts.

HOCKHEIMER.

Maraschino and Imperial Curracoa CORDIALS.
ROYAL PUNCH SYRUP.
CIGARS, CHEWING TOBACCO, &c.
CASES loaned in good order to Members of the Legislature purchasing their Liquors of the subscribers.

DUBOIS & WEEMS.

January 18.

WILLIAM BEAN,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS just received a handsome assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, or to suit customers, at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His stand is directly opposite to Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel.

October 5.

NOTICE.

THE creditors of John M. Robinson, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, are hereby notified to meet the subscriber at the Orphans Court of said county on the 1st of February 1838, to receive their respective dividends of said deceased's estate.

JOHN S. SELLMAN, Adm'r.

Note. All persons having books belonging to the deceased, are requested to leave them with Mrs. Shaw in Annapolis.

January 11.

I know of no pursuit in which more real or important services can be rendered to any country, than by improving its Agriculture.

WASHINGTON.

SUBSCRIPTION

FOR THE

FIFTH VOLUME OF

THE CULTIVATOR,

CONDUCTED BY J. BUEL

Office, No. 3, Washington-street, Albany.

THE CULTIVATOR is a monthly publication of 16 pages, devoted to agriculture, on a sheet of the largest size of paper—28 by 40 inches. The price is ONE DOLLAR per annum, payable in advance. The postage on a volume of the *Cultivator* will not exceed 18¾ cents to any part of the Union, and within the state, and a circle of 100 miles, it will be but 12½ cents. A volume will contain more than 200 pages *quarto*, will be illustrated with cuts of animals, implements, &c. and be furnished with a copious index. It will comprise as much letter press print as 1500 pages of common duodecimo—as much as the Penny Magazine, published by the British Society for the Promotion of Useful Knowledge, and which, at two dollars per annum, has been reputed to be the cheapest periodical any where published.

The *Cultivator* will continue to treat of the science of agriculture, to furnish instructions for the best models of practice in all the departments of husbandry, in horticulture, and other rural affairs, and to furnish useful lessons for the improvement of the young mind. The Conductor will endeavour to render it a *present help*, and a volume of *useful reference*, to all who have the ambition to distinguish themselves in rural labours and rural improvements—to help themselves and to benefit society

☞ Subscriptions to the above work received by

A. COWAN, Annapolis.

JACOB BASFORD,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS taken a Shop opposite Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, where he has just arrived with an elegant assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which he offers to his friends and the public, and will have them made up in the most fashionable style, at low prices for Cash, or at short dates, to be met when due. He has adopted this method of business, and shall endeavour to pursue this course, and hopes by strict attention and punctuality to give general satisfaction.

☞ TWO or THREE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

BASIL SHEPHARD,

Having declined business in favour of Mr. J. Basford, who has removed his Shop directly in front of Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, wishes those that are indebted to him either by note, bond or open account, on his old business, or to the firm of Basil Shephard & Co. to call at his old stand, opposite Mr. J. Hughes', and settle the same. All who may have claims against him or the firm, will present them for settlement.

Any orders that may be sent to me, I will have them attended to.

B. S.

Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE McNEIR & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a lot of superior

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.

November 18. tf.

A Supplement to the By Law entitled, A Supplement to the By Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise-Street, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th of September 1837.

[Passed January 8th, 1838.]

Whereas by the By Law passed on the 11th day of December 1837, entitled, A supplement to the By-Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise-street in the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th day of September 1837, it was provided that the Mayor should appoint three Commissioners to ascertain the damages which will be sustained by the owners of property on the line of said street; And whereas the Mayor was himself interested in the matters involved—Therefore,

Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That Andrew Slicer, Philip Clayton, and Aaron Duvall, be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners to assess said damages, and that they be and they are hereby vested with the same powers and authorities, and subjected to the same duties, as if they had been appointed by the Mayor in virtue of the By Law to which this is a supplement.

JNO MILLER, Mayor.

January 11.

A STRAY COW

TAKEN UP trespassing on the Farm of the subscriber, near Annapolis, about the 1st December 1836, A RED COW about four years old, marked with a hole in each year. The owner of the above Cow is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

CHARLES SEARS.

January 4.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court,

December 5th, 1837.

ON application by petition of Jane Gamble, Administratrix of Andrew Gamble, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L BROWN, Jun'r.,
Reg. Wills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel County, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Andrew Gamble, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 5th day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 5th day of December 1837.

JANE GAMBLE, Adm'x.

December 7. 6w.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Mrs. Sarah R. Murray, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, legally authenticated, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment.

DANIEL MURRAY, Adm'r.

December 14.

A NEW AND CHEAP PERIODICAL.

Attention is requested from our readers to the following prospectus of a new, and even a cheaper book periodical, which will be issued from this office in the first week of next January. It will not be in so convenient a form for binding as the present, with which it will in no way interfere, but it will make books cheap *beyond all precedent*. It will contain the works of the day, which are much sought after, but are *comparatively* dear, and which cannot penetrate the interior in any mode half so rapidly as by mail, in which *volumes* of books are prohibited. A fifty cent American reprint will be furnished entire for from *four to six cents*; a Marryat novel for twelve cents, and others in proportion.

As but very few copies will be printed but what are actually subscribed for, those who wish the Omnibus, must make their remittances at once.

Books at Newspaper Postage.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS.

NOVEL AND IMPORTANT LITERARY ENTERPRISE!!

NOVELS, TALES, BIOGRAPHY, VOYAGES, TRAVELS, REVIEWS, AND THE NEWS OF THE DAY

IT was one of the great objects of "Waldie's Literary," "to make good reading cheaper, and to bring literature to every man's door." That object has been accomplished; we have given to books wings, and they have flown to the uttermost parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the secluded, occupation to the literary, information to all. We now propose still further to reduce prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall continue to give in the quarto library a volume weekly for two cents a day; we now propose to give a volume in the same period for less than *four cents a week*, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a few columns of shorter literary matters, and a summary of the news and events of the day. We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of reduction, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim at offering to an increasing literary appetite that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great a favourite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the same. But we shall, in the first week of January 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on very superior paper, also *filled with books* of the newest and most entertaining, though in their several departments of Novels, Tales, Voyages, Travels, &c., select in their character, joined with reading such as usually *should* fill a weekly newspaper. By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enliven and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, at an expense which shall be no consideration to any, a mass of reading that in book form would alarm the pockets of the prudent, and to do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall acknowledge "the power of concentration can no farther go." *No book which appears in Waldie's Quarto Library will be published in the Omnibus*, which will be an *entirely distinct* periodical.

TERMS.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS will be issued every Friday morning, printed on paper of a quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and of the largest size. It will contain,

1st. Books, the newest and the best that can be procured, equal every week to a London duodecimo volume, embracing Novels, Travels, Memoirs, &c., *and only chargeable with newspaper postage.*

2d. Literary Reviews, Tales, Sketches, notices of books, and information from "the world of letters," of every description.

3d. The news of the week concentrated to a small compass, but in a sufficient amount to embrace a knowledge of the principal events, political and miscellaneous, of Europe and America.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five subscribers where the paper is forwarded *to one address.* To clubs of two individuals, five dollars; single mail subscribers, three dollars. The discount on uncurrent money will be charged *to the remitter*; the low price and superior paper absolutely prohibit paying a discount.

On no condition will a copy ever be sent until the payment is received in advance

As the arrangements for the prosecution of this great literary undertaking are all made, and the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a generous public for many years, no fear of the non fulfilment of the contract can be felt. The Omnibus will be regularly issued, and will contain in a year reading matter equal in amount to two volumes of Ree's Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned above.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,
46 Carpenter St. Philadelphia.

☞ Editors throughout the Union, and Canada, will confer a favour by giving the above one or more conspicuous insertions, and accepting the work for a year as compensation.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE AND EASTON.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND, leaves Baltimore, every TUESDAY & FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock for the above places, starting from the lower end Dugan's wharf, and returns on Wednesday and Saturday.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

Fourth Year of Waldie's Library.
BOOKS BY MAIL!
PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circulating Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesome.

The fourth year will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1836, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only from January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can be given of its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere per centage of their former cost; it has outlived more than thirty puerile attempts at imitation; and has now an extensive list of patrons who are of the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, its use and purpose, is enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, without being compelled to depend on places of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying polite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor, himself a reader from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of an elevated standard of intellect which may be admitted into every family without hesitation by the most fastidious, and become a rallying point for all its members, promoting social belles lettres reading and conversation. The variety thus collected from the whole mass of published works, mostly new, embraces Biography, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Select History, personal memoirs of extraordinary individuals, and curious adventure, &c. &c. An amount equal to fifty London duodecimo volumes is thus annually furnished in weekly numbers, at a cost only equal to one of the London works. The plan thus embraces the whole range of popular literature, and the work has now become so universally diffused in every part of the Union as to form no inconsiderable portion of the literature of the country, and with which an acquaintance has become really necessary for those who mix in society.

The Library as now conducted disseminates books to all parts of the country in from five to six weeks after their issue in London. Five dollars per annum expended in this way will supply good reading for a whole circle or family; for a *cent and a half a day*, postage included, a duodecimo book is sent every week, making in the course of the year more than three volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be bound at an expense little exceeding that of binding either separately, and constitutes a concentrated collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and uncongenial society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk or idle listlessness so apt to employ a large portion of the time of the many.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four quarto pages, entitled, The Journal of Belles Lettres, containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for $5 00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals obtain five copies for $20 00, a reduction which pays the postage. *Payment always in advance.*

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

THIS periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; or *both* are furnished to clubs of five for $6 00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chamber's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, combined in such a manner as to enlist the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation; price to single subscribers not taking the Library, $2 50, postage paid.

*** A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio one; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1836 of the Library, and the Port Folio for 1835 and 1836, the whole can be had for $20 00. For this an amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its kind. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance.

Address, post paid,
ADAM WALDIE,
Seventh, two doors south of Chestnut street, Phila.

The Museum of Foreign Literature and Science, price $6 00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for $12 00.

Oct. 21.

NEW PAPER TODAY.
THE BALTIMORE KALEIDOSCOPE,
And Weekly Express,

RECENTLY commenced, and now published every *Saturday*, by YOUNG & ABRAHAMS, at the South East corner of Market and Gay streets, Baltimore. *L. A. Wilmer*, editor. Price $2 per annum.

This paper will contain a great variety of original and selected matter, news, literary and scientific articles, notices of new books, and animadversions on the most popular topics of the day. The publishers have made such arrangements as enable them to promise with confidence that the *Kaleidoscope* shall not be surpassed by any other similar paper in the Union, not only in point of utility, but in the various qualities which make a newspaper attractive and desirable.

One Dollar, in advance, will be received as payment in full for six months. The terms of advertising are moderate. Letters or communications to the editor or publisher, *if post paid*, will receive prompt attention; and the paper will be forwarded to any part of the country, where it may be ordered.—Subscribers at a *distance* are requested to enclose the amount of their subscription, (at least for six months,) when they order the paper.

Baltimore, Nov. 9. 1837.

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

On the 1st of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good paper, of an extra large royal octavo size, and neatly stitched in a coloured cover, the first number
OF A NEW PERIODICAL WORK,
ENTITLED,
THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE,
Edited by WILLIAM E. BURTON, Philadelphia.
To whom all original Communications will be addressed.

THE announcement of a new periodical in the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise but having contemplated an alteration in the nature of a very popular monthly publication, "Every Body's Album," the proprietors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome parts of the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor, will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation equal to that of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the proprietors.

The contents of the Gentleman's Magazine will, in every respect, be answerable to the meaning of the title. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly as "eagles soar, above the ken of man," nor shall we be content with merely skimming the surface of the ground; our pages will not be filled with abstruse predictions, nor shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acumen in letters "caviare to the million." In short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreeable book—an epitome of life's adjunctives—a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlour table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of contents attached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found, from some of the most celebrated writers of the day—essays humorous and didactic—graphic delineations of men and manners—free and spirited translations of the lighter portions of the Literature of continental Europe. A series of original biographical notices of the principal stars in the Dramatic hemisphere. The current Literature will be reviewed in full, and liberal extracts made from rare and valuable works. An original copy right song, not otherwise to be obtained, will be given, with the music, in every number.

The Gentleman's Magazine will contain seventy-two extra size octavo pages, of two columns each, forming, at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight columns, each column containing one third more than an octavo page of average proportion. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year; and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be *THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAPEST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE UNITED STATES.*

To induce subscribers to forward their names immediately, the publisher begs leave to offer the following inducements for Clubbing, the advantages of which proposition can remain in force for a few months only. The subscription to the Gentleman's Magazine will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum, payable in advance—but a five dollar bill will produce two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dollars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to *Charles Alexander*, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet with the earliest attention.

June 39.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, ST. MICHAELS, AND WYE LANDING.

The Steamboat MARYLAND will leave Baltimore on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, at eight o'clock, for the above places from the lower end of Dugan's wharf. Returning the next day, leaving Wye Landing at 8 o'clock for St. Michaels, Annapolis and Baltimore. She will continue this route throughout the season. Passage to Annapolis $1 50, to St. Michaels and Wye Landing $2 50.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.
LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

November 9.

CASH FOR
ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,
Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into this market. I can at all times be found at Mrs. Hunter's Tavern in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC F. PURVIS.

Sept. 12.

P. S.—Any communications left with Mr. John Leab, will be promptly attended to.
I. F. P.

SEVENTEEN OF THE POPULAR NOVELS,
VIZ:

Peter Simple,
Jacob Faithful,
Pirate and Three Cutters,
Frank Mildmay,
King's Own,
— BY CAPTAIN MARRYATT.

Pelham,
The Disowned,
Devereux,
Paul Clifford,
Eugene Aram,
Newton Forster,
Pacha of Many Tales,
Rienzi,
Last Days of Pompeii,
Falkland,
Pilgrims of the Rhine,
— BY E. L. BULWER.

Will be given as a premium to any person who will send the names of Ten Subscribers, and Twenty Dollars in cash, to the publisher of

The Saturday News and Literary Gazette.

And to every person who will send Five Subscribers, and Ten Dollars in cash, a complete set of either Bulwer or Marryatt, as may be preferred.

The prices of the novels above mentioned, if purchased of the booksellers, would be $21 25; and in Godey's cheap and uniform edition they cost $6 50. They can be had of the publisher, at $3 50 for Bulwer, $3 for Marryatt, complete.

The SATURDAY NEWS contains more reading matter than any other paper published in the United States. It is devoted to general Literature, Criticism, the Drama, Agriculture, Intelligence, News, &c. Many of the best writers of Philadelphia are contributors to its columns; and its selections are made from the whole range of English literature. A correspondence is maintained with the principal cities of the Union, and letters are expected from a gentleman of high talent about to travel in Europe.—The subscription price is $2 per annum, payable in advance, or three copies for $5.

L. A. GODEY & Co.

The following notices are taken from many of a similar character, made by the leading presses of this city:—

SATURDAY NEWS—The weekly paper with the above title, which we foretold a few weeks since came to light on Saturday last, under the auspices of Messrs. Godey, McMichael & Neal. Such a trio never got together before.—Neal and McMichael beat all for writing, and Godey beats all for publishing; and a capital job they made of their first number, worthy all that was promised. We prophesy for them great success, and for their readers great satisfaction.—*United States Gazette.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS—We have been favoured with a copy of the first number of this new paper. It is creditable to all concerned. The literary matter is far above the ordinary standard and would not discredit the columns of the most popular newspaper of the British metropolis. Sustained in the same spirit, the News will soon win liberal patronage and enviable reputation. An amusing extract will be found in a subsequent column.—*Inquirer and Courier.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.—The first number of a new weekly paper, with the above title, issued in Philadelphia on Saturday last—it is of the largest size of newspapers published in that city, and succeeds the Gentleman's Vade Mecum, formerly issued by Mr. Charles Alexander, which has been by him transferred to Messrs. L. A. Godey, J. C. Neal, and M. McMichael, three gentlemen very favourably known as possessing the requisite qualifications for conducting such a periodical in the most advantageous manner. The first number is a highly satisfactory specimen of what may be expected from the paper, especially as a literary Gazette. The annual subscription is at the very moderate rate of two dollars.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

We have received the first number of the Saturday News, a weekly paper of the largest class, issued by the Messrs. Godey, Neal and McMichael, able and experienced newspaper editors, who will not fail to give a due share of entertainment and interest to their sheet. The Gentleman's Vade Mecum has been transferred to Messrs. Godey & Co., and will be continued under the title of the Saturday News, which will contain besides a large amount of interesting intelligence and literary matter, in addition to that heretofore embodied in the Vade Mecum. We intended to publish their prospectus to-day, but have been prevented by want of room.—*Berks and Schuylkill Journal.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—We have received the first number of a new weekly paper, of the above title, edited by Louis A. Godey, conductor of the Lady's Book; Joseph C. Neal, editor of the Pennsylvanian and Morton McMichael, the late editor of the Saturday Courier. Judging from the first number we should conclude that it will far exceed, for *original* matter, and new selections, any weekly paper in Philadelphia. It is not a *reprint* of any other Gazette, which is too much the case with the mammoth sheets of that city.—*Newcastle Gazette.*

The first number of the Philadelphia Saturday News has been received at this office, and promises to be one of the very best weekly papers in the Union. The number before us is very creditable to the enterprising publisher and editors, its contents being various, entertaining and instructive. Those who wish a good family paper from the city cannot do better than to subscribe for the Saturday News. It is published by L. A. Godey, and edited by Morton McMichael, and Joseph C. Neal, Esqrs.—*Darby Republican.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—The new Journal advertised in our paper under the above title, made its appearance last week, and is, very unequivocally on the "go ahead" system.—There is no doubt, but that the publisher, our friend Godey, whose Lady's Book we have in times past laboured to make our *fair* readers *fairly* in love with, will gain troops of friends in his new enterprise, and line his pockets to some purpose with the "needful." Very well. We are glad of it. The sketch under our police head is by Mr. Neal, and is in his inimitable style. We hope to be able to treat our friends often to such exquisite touches of sly and quiet humour.—*Saturday Courier.*

Sept. 1.

A BY-LAW,

Entitled, A Supplement to the By-Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise Street in the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th of September 1837.

[Passed 11th December, 1837.]

SECTION 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That three Commissioners be appointed by the Mayor for the purpose of ascertaining, by competent evidence, and in the usual way, what damages will be sustained by the owners of property on the line of said street, and that they shall report to this Board what damage will accrue to each of the said owners by opening the same.

Sec. 2. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That in making the said assessment and valuation, the said Commissioners shall take into consideration the benefits which will in their judgment, result to said owners by opening the aforesaid street, and that said benefits shall be deducted from the damages which the commissioners may be of opinion the aforesaid owners would otherwise be entitled to.

Sec. 3. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That after the said commissioners shall have made their report to this Board in manner aforesaid, it will be for this Board to decide whether the said street shall be opened, any thing in the by-law, to which this is a supplement, to the contrary notwithstanding.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

MAMMOTH SHEET.

OFFICE OF THE SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE,
Philadelphia, November 25, 1836.

THE very liberal patronage bestowed on the SATURDAY NEWS, since its commencement in July last, and a desire to meet that patronage by corresponding exertions, have induced us this week to publish a *Double Number*—being the largest sheet ever printed in Philadelphia for any purpose, and the largest literary paper ever printed in the United States. To those of our friends who are practical printers, it need not be mentioned that this undertaking has involved serious mechanical difficulties. The largest—or one of the largest presses in Philadelphia is used for our ordinary impression—but this would accommodate only a single page of the mammoth sheet, and we were obliged, therefore, to work four forms at different periods. The care used in preparing the paper—in removing and folding the sheets, &c., can only be estimated by those who have seen the experiment made; and, added to the necessarily increased amount of composition, press work, &c., these supplementary expenses have made an aggregate cost, which would have deterred many from engaging in the enterprize. A gain of two thousand new subscribers will not repay the actual cost of this single number.

We flatter ourselves that, besides its extraordinary size, this number presents attractions that entitle it to some attention.—It contains the whole of *Friendship's Offering* for 1837, the London copy of which costs $4, and has 384 closely printed pages of letter press. Distinguished as the present age, and particularly our own country, has been for cheap reprints, we believe this surpasses any former instance. For *four cents* subscribers to the *Saturday News* receive, in addition to their ordinary supply of miscellaneous matter, an English annual, the largest yet received for the coming season; and they receive it, moreover, in a form that, from its novelty, gives it additional value.

Of the general character of the *Saturday News* we need not speak. That has now become so well known as to require no comment. We may take occasion to say, however, that in enterprize and resources we yield to no other publishers in this city or elsewhere, and we are determined that our paper shall not be surpassed. We have entered the field prepared for zealous competition, and we stand ready in every way to realize our promise, that no similar publication shall excel that which we issue. Our articles, both original and selected, we are not ashamed to test by any comparison which can be adopted; and there is no periodical in the United States, monthly or weekly, which might not be proud of many of our contributors.

The issuing of this number may be regarded as an evidence of our intention and abilities to merit success. Nor will it be the only effort—From time to time, as opportunity offers, we propose to adopt extraordinary means for the interest and gratification of our subscribers.

L. A. GODEY, & Co.

THE SALMAGUNDI,
AND NEWS OF THE DAY.
EMBELLISHED WITH A MULTITUDE OF
COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

A NEW PERIODICAL, of a novel character, bearing the above appellation, will be commenced on the beginning of January, 1836. While it will furnish its patrons with the leading features of the news of the day, its principal object will be to serve up a humorous compilation of the numerous lively and pungent sallies which are daily floating along the tide of Literature, and which, for the want of a proper channel for their preservation, are positively lost to the Reading world. Original wits and humorists of our time will here have a medium devoted to the faithful record of the scintillations of their genius. It is not necessary to detail the many attractions which this journal will possess, as the publisher will furnish a specimen number to every person who desires it—(those out of the city, will forward their orders, postage paid)—☞ and he pledges himself that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to make each succeeding number superior in every respect to the preceding ones.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be printed on large imperial paper, equal in size and quality to that which is at present used for the Gentleman's Vade Mecum. It is calculated that MORE THAN

500 ENGRAVINGS

will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one year—these, in addition to an extensive and choice selection of Satire, Criticism, Humour and Wit, to be circulated through its columns, will form a Literary Banquet of a superior and attractive order; and the publisher relies with perfect confidence on the liberality of the American public, and the spirit and tact with which this expensive undertaking will be prosecuted, to bear him successfully and profitably along with it.

The Terms of THE SALMAGUNDI will be TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable invariably in advance. No paper will be furnished unless this stipulation is strictly adhered to. ☞ Clubs of three will be supplied with the paper for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note, postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. ☞ The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

☞ THE SALMAGUNDI will be published on alternate weeks, otherwise it would be impossible to procure the numerous embellishments which each number will contain—and the general interest it will afford, must be enhanced by this arrangement.

☞ Address, CHARLES ALEXANDER, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

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Attention is requested from our readers to the following prospectus of a new, and even a cheaper book periodical, which will be issued from this office in the first week of next January. It will not be in so convenient a form for binding as the present, with which it will in no way interfere, but it will make *books cheap beyond all precedent*. It will contain the works of the day, which are much sought after, but are *comparatively* dear, and which cannot penetrate the interior in any mode half so rapidly as by mail, in which *volumes* of books are prohibited. A fifty cent American reprint will be furnished entire for from *four* to *six cents*; a Marryat novel for twelve cents, and others in proportion.

As but very few copies will be printed but what are actually subscribed for, those who wish the Omnibus, must make their remittances at once.

Books at Newspaper Postage.
WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS.
NOVEL AND IMPORTANT LITERARY ENTERPRISE!!
NOVELS, TALES, BIOGRAPHY, VOYAGES, TRAVELS, REVIEWS, AND THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

IT was one of the great objects of "Waldie's Literary," "to make good reading cheaper, and to bring literature to every man's door." That object has been accomplished; we have given to books wings, and they have flown to the uttermost parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the secluded, occupation to the literary, information to all. We now propose still further to reduce prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall continue to give in the quarto library a volume weekly for two cents a day; we now propose to give a volume in the same period for less than *four cents a week*, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a few columns of shorter literary matters, and a summary of the news and events of the day. We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of reduction, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim at offering to an increasing literary appetite that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great a favourite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the same. But we shall, in the first week of January 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on very superior paper, also *filled with books* of the newest and most entertaining, though in their several departments of Novels, Tales, Voyages, Travels, &c., select in their character, joined with reading such as usually *should* fill a weekly newspaper. By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enliven and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, at an expense which shall be no consideration to any, a mass of reading that in book form would alarm the pockets of the prudent, and to do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall acknowledge "the power of concentration can no farther go." *No book which appears in Waldie's Quarto Library will be published in the Omnibus*, which will be an *entirely distinct* periodical.

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WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS will be issued every Friday morning, printed on paper of a quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and of the largest size. It will contain,

1st. Books, the newest and the best that can be procured, equal every week to a London duodecimo volume, embracing Novels, Travels, Memoirs, &c., *and only chargeable with newspaper postage.*

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FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE AND EASTON.

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LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. XCIII. ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1838. No. 4.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE McNEIR & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a lot of superior

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.

November 18. 4t.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office, Annapolis, on the 1st of January, 1838.

Rev. Henry Asquith, (2)
Charles C. Beale, (2)
Md S. Basford.
Wm. A. Bradley,
Tobias Bourke, (2)
Maurice Baker,
Dr. Wm. Brogden,
Thos. Birmingham,
Gustavus E. Barber,
Philip Clayton, (2)
Mrs Coyle,
Wm. Caton,
Marmaduke Conner, (2)
Thos. R. Cross, (2)
Col. Wm. A. Dulany, (2)
Jno. W. Duvall, (2)
Jno. Duvall,
Professor Ducatel,
Dubois & Weems,
Priscilla Duff,
Miss Margaret Davis,
Sally Davis,
J. D. Evans,
John Field,
John B. Gilpin,
John M. Guither,
Mary Ann Gosler,
Charlotte Gray,
John H. Hall, (17)
Jonathan Hutton, (2)
Joshua Hitch,
Henry Hunt,
Daniel T. Hyde,
Francis M. Jarboe, (67)
Mr. Jones,
Alfred Jenks,
Miss Katharine Kirby, (2)
Wm. Kirby, (2)
George Latifford,
Stephen L. Lee,
S. Maynard,
—— Mockbee,
Bushrod W. Marriott, (2)
Zedekiah Moore,
Miss Ellen Ann Merriken, (2)
Abraham Man,
Miss Sarah Mills,
Rev. Jno. McKenny,
Elizabeth McGill,
Mrs. Rebecca Nicholson,
Thos. A. & Wm. B. Norris, (2)
J. S. Owens,
President of St. John's College,
Benjamin Proud,
John T. Phillips,
Mrs. Ann Ridout,
Miss C. N. Ridout,
Martin F. Revell,
George W. Ritter,
Miss Sarah Stewart,
William Stewart, (5)
Capt. John Sewell,
Vachel Sewell,
Mrs. A. A. Stewart,
B. Smith,
Joseph Sellaway,
Samuel Tyler,
O. Taylor,
Joseph M. Tate,
Rev. R. S. Vinton, (2)
Dr. Waters,
Dr. James Waters,
Jacob Waters,
Richard Weems,
Richard H. Williams,
Dr. J. B. Wells,
John C. Weems,
Lawrence Washington,

A.
Mr. Isaac Anderson.

B.
Mrs. Susan Brewer,
Mrs. Charity Bishop,
Mrs. Rebecca E. Beard,
Mr. Wm. Brewer,
Dennis Boyd,
Mary Bright,
J. D. Bowling.

C.
Miss Rebecca Cross,
Cornelia Lodge,
Miss Martha E. Coulter,
Charles Carroll,
Mrs. Sarah Chesney.

D.
Henrietta Davis, (3)
Enoch Duvall,
George Dunn,
Geo. & Henry Dunn,
Gabriel H. Duvall,
Samuel Dell,
Abigail Duff,
Henry Darnall.

E.
Hugh D. Evans.

F.
Thos. Furgison.

G.
Miss Mary Green,
Rev. Robt. W. Goldsborough.

H.
Rev. Hector Humphreys, (2)
Miss Henrietta M. Hall,
Sarah A. Hardesty,
Mrs. Holland.

J.
Gen. Walter Jones,
Mr. Johnson,
Samuel Johnson.

K.
Dr. R. M. Kilty.

L.
Mrs. P. A. Lovely, (4)
P. Leichleiter,

M.
Henry Matthews, (2)
Dr. Jeremiah Merriott,
Francis Mayer,
T. D. Marriott,
J. H. T. Magruder,
Miss N. N. Fishbugh,
Jno. V. L. McMahon,
Rev. George McIlhenney,
Wm. McNeir, (2)
Gilbert Murdock, (3)

N.
Wm. B. Norris, (2)
Wm. Norris,
J. Nicholson.

O.

P.
Nathan Dapper,
Henry Price, (3)
Caroline Parker,
Mrs. Amelia Pinckney.

R.
M. Robison,
Mrs. Mary Robinson,
Stephen J. Raphael.

S.
Edward Summerkamp,
Wm. Shallus,
Mrs. Harriet Teresa Smith,
Charles O. Sheper,
Catharine Sharpe,
Abraham Simmons,
Levi Shockley.

T.
Richd. E. Thomas,
Mary Ann Terry.

V.
Mary St. Margaret's Fa.

W.
Clement Weedon,
Elizabeth Williams,
Richard White,
Elijah Wells, (5)
N. E. Watkins, (4)
Benj. Weedon & Jno. Lee,
Jonathan Weedon,
Margaret Weedon.

E. C. CRABB, P. M.

January 4.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, Set.

ON application to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing of Peter McRoberts, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Peter McRoberts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Peter McRoberts having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Beale Gaither his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Peter McRoberts a conveyance and possession of all his property real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Peter McRoberts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter McRoberts should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

NICH'S. BREWER,
Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, Anne-Arundel County.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
A. A County Court.

December 29. 4 3m

Anne-Arundel County, Set.

ON application to the Judges of Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition, in writing, of William Murdock, of Anne Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said William Murdock having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said William Murdock having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Robert Welch of Ben. his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said William Murdock a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, it is therefore hereby ordered and adjudged, that the said William Murdock be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months before the third Monday of April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said William Murdock should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this 24th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.

January 4. 3m.

Maryland, Anne-Arundel County, Sc.

THIS DAY CERTIFY, that Richard Nicholson has this day brought before me as Strays two HORSES, one a black about ten years old with a short nicked tail, has a white spot on his back, very gay, paces, trots and canters, has only one old shoe on; the other is a bay five years old, long tail, trots and canters, a little white on both hind feet, and no shoes on. Given under my hand and seal this 16th December 1837.

BASIL OWINGS,
one of the Justices of the Peace for the Fifth Election District for the County aforesaid.

The owner of the above property is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

RICHARD NICHOLSON,
Bond's Tavern, 5th Election District, A. A. County.

Dec. 21.

JOURNAL OF PROCEEDINGS
Of the House of Delegates of the State of Maryland,
DECEMBER SESSION, 1837.

WEDNESDAY, January 17th.

Mr. Duke presented a petition of sundry citizens of Calvert county, praying that the law in relation to the inspectors of tobacco may not be repealed.

Mr. Iglehart, a petition of sundry citizens of Anne Arundel county, praying that the law of December session, 1836, as relates to Tobacco Inspectors, may not be repealed.

Mr Witmore, a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying to repeal an act passed in 1798, chapter 105, wherein certain medical gentlemen therein-named are invested with certain exclusive privileges of practising medicine in this State.

Mr Gallagher, a memorial of Samuel Roberts praying to be divorced from his wife Mary Ann Roberts.

Also, a memorial of John McMillan, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from his wife, Mary Ann McMillan.

Mr. Nelson, a petition of Ann Dotten, of Harford county, praying to be placed on the pension roll of said county.

Mr. Roberts, a petition of Robert B. A. Tate, praying compensation for extra services, as clerk to the levy court of Queen Anne's county.

Mr Brown, a petition of sundry citizens of the fifth election district, in Anne Arundel county, praying that the law of December session, 1836, as relates to tobacco inspectors, may not be repealed.

On motion of Mr. Duke,

Ordered, That the committee on the inspection of tobacco enquire into the expediency of changing the manner of paying the inspectors of tobacco of this State, so as to allow them so much per hogshead, instead of a certain salary, and report by bill or otherwise, also whether there is not a portion of the warehouses in the city of Baltimore, that might be rented out without injury to the interests of the tobacco sections of the country.

Mr. Blocher submitted the following preamble and resolution:

Whereas, the Treasurer of the Western Shore of Maryland is about being instructed to pay the interest accruing on the bonds of this State, in gold and silver, a large proportion of which appears to be due to foreigners;—Therefore,

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the said Treasurer of the Western Shore of Maryland, be, and he is hereby directed to provide gold and silver to pay the per diem of the members of this General Assembly.

Which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Berret reported a bill, entitled, an act to provide for electing commissioners for Carroll county, and prescribing their powers and duties,—And

Mr. Powder reported a bill, entitled, a supplement to an act, entitled, an act, for the establishment of the orphans court of Carroll county.

Which were severally read the first, and by a special order the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Geyer reported a bill, entitled, an act to authorise Nathan Nelson, trustee of Michael Mealy, to convey by deed to James Smith, certain real estate therein mentioned.

Which was read the first, and by a special order the second time and passed.

The hour having arrived for taking up the order of the day, the house proceeded to consider the bill reported by Mr. Bowie, entitled, an act, supplementary to an act, entitled, an act, to limit the time for which tobacco inspectors shall continue to hold their offices, passed at December session, 1836.

Mr. White from the minority of the committee delivered the following report, which he offered as a substitute for said bill,

The undersigned, a minority of the Select Committee, to whom were referred memorials from sundry citizens of Prince George's, Anne Arundel and Baltimore, praying the repeal of an act passed at the last session of the General Assembly, to limit the tenure by which Tobacco Inspectors in the city of Baltimore hold their offices, beg leave respectfully to

REPORT:

That they have carefully considered the prayer of the memorialists, and have come to the conclusion that it is unreasonable and ought not to be granted. The undersigned feel confident that the policy of this act is in strict conformity with the spirit of those provisions of the Constitution, which require rotation in office; and while free to condemn the removal from office, of faithful and well-tried public servants, for slight and frivolous causes, they regard a proper system of changes in office, as the best guaranty for official fidelity on the one hand, and the public good upon the other. Such a system looks to fair participation by the people in the benefits of Government, and by laying restraints upon patronage, places the rewards of office in a proper relation to public merit.

Offices, the undersigned believe, are created by law for the convenience of the people, and are to be regarded as public property in which no one has vested rights beyond the time of his appointment: when therefore the Legislature attempts in the performance of a sheer duty to make such changes in their tenure as are necessary to insure the greatest amount of public usefulness, she commits no violence upon private rights.

The undersigned do not apprehend any danger to the Tobacco interest from the occasional changes of inspectors proposed by this law: for it is but fair to suppose that the risk of bad appointments will be fully obviated by a proper vigilance in the appointing power.

In regard to the right of the General Assembly under the Constitution, to prescribe by law the tenure of office of Tobacco Inspectors, the undersigned, upon much reflection, with a sincere desire to be correct, can find no just ground for doubt. The whole system of protection to this branch of the industry of our people, owes its existence to the Legislature, and the undersigned therefore respectfully submit whether it is not competent for that body, not only to abolish, but also to adopt such modifications as may be found important to its efficiency, without invading the constitution.

The attitude in which a repeal of the act would place the present to the last General Assembly, involves, as the undersigned conceive, a want of proper respect, and should not be taken without good and sufficient cause. It is but justice to the late session of the General Assembly, to presume that her proceeding on this subject was dictated by a sense of duty, and it is only reasonable that her action should be subjected to a fair trial. In the absence of such trial, by which alone, we could judge correctly of its merits, we should be wrong to anticipate its failure, and prevent its being carried into effect.

Such a course of legislation, the undersigned hold to be both inconsistent and unjust, and therefore beg leave to dissent from the recommendation of your committee.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
S. N. C. WHITE, in behalf of the Minority.

Which was read.

On motion of Mr Ghiselin, said bill and substitute were laid on the table, and made the order of the day for Wednesday, the 31st instant.

The house then adjourned.

THURSDAY, January 18th.

Mr. Parran presented a petition of sundry citizens of Calvert county, praying an alteration in the donation to Lower Marlboro' academy.

Mr. Evans, a petition of sundry citizens of Cecil county, praying that an act may pass authorising the commissioners to levy a sum of money, to build a bridge in said county.

Mr. Gallagher, a memorial of Emilie W. Noble, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband, Nathaniel G. Noble.

Mr. Carter, a petition of William W. Medford, praying that a law may pass, authorising him to bring into this State, from the State of Delaware, his negro girl Tamor, for a term of years.

Also, a petition of Henry Black, a free negro, praying the passage of an act, authorising him to bring into this State his wife Eliza.

And, Mr. Risteau, a memorial of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying the licensing of auctioneers for said county.

The clerk of the senate returned an additional supplement to the act, to incorporate the Baltimore and Port Deposite Rail Road Company.

Also, the bill, to lay out and open a new road in Frederick and Carroll counties; severally endorsed, "will pass," and severally ordered to be engrossed.

And, delivered a bill originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, an act for the benefit of the children of John Murray, late of Baltimore county, deceased.

Also, a petition of sundry citizens of the town of Cumberland, counter to the petition, praying the repeal of the act of assembly, incorporating said town, endorsed, "referred to the consideration of the house of delegates,"

Mr. Roberts obtained leave to bring in a bill, for the encouragement of agriculture.

On motion of Mr. Kent,

Ordered, That the committee on the coloured population enquire into the expediency of compelling all free people of colour, to hire themselves by the year, and report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Hearn,

Ordered, That the committee on the coloured population be instructed to enquire into the expediency of abolishing the colonization tax on the several counties and cities of this state, and report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. White, chairman of the committee on agriculture, delivered the following report:

The committee on agriculture, to whom was referred an order of the house, directing them to enquire into the expediency of providing for the establishment of Agricultural Schools in the several counties in this State, beg leave to report:

That they have bestowed upon the subject of said order, the most careful consideration; and have come to the conclusion that it is inexpedent at this time to pledge the funds of the State in aid of that object; the committee therefore beg to be discharged from further consideration of the subject.

All which is respectfully submitted,
STEPHEN N. C. WHITE, Chairman.

Which was read the first, and by special order the second time and concurred in.

Mr Risteau, chairman of the committee on divorces, made an unfavourable report upon the petition of Jesse Updegrove, praying to be divorced from his wife Lavey Updegrove.

Which was read the first, and by special order the second time, and concurred in.

Mr. Risteau, chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill, entitled, an act to divorce James Lynch, of Cecil county, from his wife Mary Ann Lynch.

Which was read the first and by special order the second time and passed.

The house then resumed the consideration of the bill, entitled, an act to confirm an act, entitled, an act to amend the constitution and form of government of the State of Maryland, passed at December session, 1836, chapter 197.

Mr. White moved to postpone said bill and make it the order of the day for Thursday next, 25th inst.;

Mr. Goldsborough moved as a substitute for said motion, to make it the order of the day for the 1st of February next.

On the question being put, will the house adopt the substitute, and make said bill the order of the day for the 1st of February next.

It was resolved in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Comegys, the yeas and nays were ordered and appeared as follows:—

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. Tuck, Speaker, Hopewell, McDaniel, Welch, Gale, Simmons, Duke, Beall, Carpinter, Kerr, Denny, Boyle, of Tal. Jump, of Tal. Adams, Lemmon, Frazier, Goldsborough, Tall, Parker, Simpers, Ghiselin, Coombs, Swann, Alexander, Townsend, Hearn, Powell, Carter, Boon, Turn, of Caro. Hillen—31.

NEGATIVE.

Messrs. Brown, Higgins, Parran, Kent, Risteau, Ely, Jones, Eccleston, Comegys, Evans, Roberts, Geyer, Ent, Cramer, Williams, Forwood, Nelson, Gallagher, Swingley, Wilmot, Beam, Griffith, White, Dawson, Blocher, Boyd, of Car. Berrett, Powder—28.

So the bill was made the order of the day for the 1st of February next.

The bill reported by Mr. Tall, entitled, a supplement to an act, entitled, an act to prohibit the owners of vessels, and others from navigating the same, by and under the sole command of negroes or mulattoes, passed at December session 1836, chapter 150,

Was taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

FRIDAY, January 19th.

The speaker laid before the house the following communication:

To the Honourable
the House of Delegates,

The undersigned, two of the commissioners appointed under the act for the promotion of internal improvement, to negotiate the loan of eight millions of dollars authorised by that act, beg leave to report to your honourable body, that having in conformity with an assurance given in a former communication, made to the Executive a detailed report of their proceedings under the trust reposed in them, and of the reasons governing them in the execution of that trust, which they suppose will be submitted to the Legislature, and to which they ask permission to refer, they presume that the object of the order of the 29th ult. requiring a report to be made to your body, will thereby be gratified, and trust that a further report which could only be a copy of that made to the Executive, will not be required or deemed necessary.

Which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN BUCHANAN,
THO. EMORY.

Which was read.

Mr. Berrett presented a petition of the president and secretary of Springfield Academy, in Carroll county, praying a donation from the State to said academy.

Mr. Witmer, a petition of Jos. T. Boterbenner, of Washington county, praying for an act allowing her to receive the interest on a certain fund therein mentioned, instead of her husband;

And, Mr Roberts, a petition of Thomas H. Ford, sheriff of Queen-Anne's county, praying the passage of an act for the relief of sheriffs, in the safe keeping of negro and mulatto slaves committed to jail.

Mr. Hopewell, a petition of Jonathan Marsh, of St. Mary's county, praying to be divorced from his wife, Hannah Marsh.

Mr. Gallagher, a memorial of Susan Lupton, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband, Cyrus C. Lupton,

Mr. Hopewell, a petition of sundry citizens of St. Mary's county, praying an additional supplement to an act to prevent the destruction of oysters, passed at December session 1835, chapter 280.

On motion of Mr. Blocher, Ordered,

Whereas it appears from the last annual report of the Treasurer of the Western Shore of Maryland, that $4,338 13 were paid out as "Contingent Expenses," and $20,039 17 as "Miscellaneous Expenses" during the year ending on the 25th December, 1837; and whereas, it is but just and right that the people of this State should know to whom paid, and on what

objects said sums have been expended,—Therefore,

Ordered, That the Treasurer of the Western Shore of Maryland be, and he is hereby, requested to inform this house to whom, and for what purposes the money under the head of "Contingent" and "Miscellaneous Expenses" have been paid.

The clerk of the senate returned the resolution relating to certain arms therein mentioned, to be delivered by the Governor to Captain Thomas Dowdon, at Cumberland, endorsed, "assented to with the proposed amendment."

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

SATURDAY, January 20th.

Mr. Shower, presented a petition of the trustees of Deer Park academy, and others, praying for a donation from the State to said academy.

Mr. Shower, also a petition of Doctor John Rose, and others, of Carroll county, praying the passage of an act authorising the Botanical or Thompsonian system of medical practice, to be used and administered by persons not members of the Medical Faculty.

Mr. Comegys reported a bill, to prevent the destruction of wild fowl, in the head waters of the Chesapeake Bay, in the several counties therein mentioned.

Which was read the first, and by special order the second time, and passed.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, entitled, an act, to compensate Robert B. A. Tate, for extra services, as clerk of the levy court of Queen Annes county, endorsed, "will pass," ordered to be engrossed.

Also the bill, entitled, a supplement to an act, to prohibit the owners of vessels, and others, from navigating the same, by, and under the sole command of negroes or mulattoes, passed at December session, 1836, chapter 150.

Also the bill, to make valid certain deeds therein mentioned, severally endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments," which amendments were severally read assented to, and the bills ordered to be engrossed.

Also the bill, entitled, a supplement to an act, to accept the provisions of an act of Congress, for the continuation and repair of the Cumberland road, in the States of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, endorsed, "will not pass."

The house adjourned until Monday morning, ten o'clock.

MONDAY, January 22d.

Andrew Rentch, Esquire, a delegate returned from Washington county, appeared, qualified and took his seat.

Mr. Hillen presented petitions of James Chalmers and Christopher Lambert, of the city of Baltimore, soldiers of the revolution, severally praying to be placed on the pension roll of this State.

Mr. Kerr a petition of Ann Weston, of Talbot county, praying to be divorced a vinculo matrimonii, from her husband James Weston.

Mr. Parker, a petition of Col. Benjamin Smith of Cecil county, praying to be divorced from his wife Rebecca Smith.

Mr. Geyer presented a memorial of farmers, planters and others, of Frederick county, praying the Legislature to pass a law to make it obligatory upon the Baltimore and Ohio rail road company to transport produce immediately upon delivery at any depot on said road.

Mr. Geyer also presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Frederick county praying for a donation to an academy in New Market in said county.

The clerk of the senate returned the additional supplement to the act, for the relief of the poor of Saint Mary's county.

Also, the bill, to divorce James Lynch, of Cecil county, from his wife Mary Ann Lynch.

Also, the bill, to divorce Lydia Moore of the city of Baltimore, from her husband John Moore.

Also, the bill, to divorce Elijah Brittingham, of Worcester county, from his wife Juliann Brittingham.

Also, the bill, to divorce Mary Corner, of Dorchester county, from her husband Solomon Corner.

Also, the bill, to divorce George W. Maxwell, severally endorsed, "will pass."

Also the bill, entitled, a further supplement to the act, to incorporate the George's Creek Mining Company, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendment," which was read assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

And, delivered a bill, originated in, and passed by the senate, entitled, an act, to limit the sessions of the General Assembly in every alternate year.

Also, the bill, entitled, a supplement to the act, entitled, an act to amend and reduce into one system the laws to direct descents.

On motion of Mr. Huddleson,

Ordered, That the committee on the currency be instructed to correspond with similar committees of the several States' Legislatures, (now in session,) relative to the proper time for a general resumption of all the payments by the banks.

Mr. McDaniel obtained leave to bring in a bill, to incorporate the Union Silk Company of Kent county.

Mr. Williams obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled an act to confirm an act, entitled, an act providing for the appointment of clerks of the several county courts, the clerks of the courts of Appeals for the Eastern and Western Shores, the clerk of Baltimore city court, and the registers of wills in the several counties of this State.

The bill reported by Mr. Alexander, entitled, an act, relating to mortgages was taken up for consideration.

On motion of Mr. Alexander, said bill was ordered to lie on the table.

The bill reported by Mr. Gallagher, relating to the city of Baltimore, was taken up for consideration.

On motion of Mr. Barret said bill was amended by striking out in the first section thereof the words "a major part," and inserting in lieu thereof, the words "two thirds," and the second section amended and passed.

The house adjourned.

TUESDAY, January 23d.

Mr. Rentch presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying the passage of a law authorising the practice of the Botanical or Thompsonian system, to be used and administered by persons not members of the medical faculty.

Mr. Rentch, also a petition of William Peterson, a free man of colour, of Berkley county, Virginia, praying the passage of an act, to authorise him to remove from the State of Virginia, to settle and reside in Maryland.

Mr. Harrison, a petition of Rebecca Mott, of Queen Anns county, praying to be divorced from her husband William Mott.

Mr. Geyer, a memorial of farmers, graziers, and other citizens of Frederick county, praying the passage of an act, authorising the appointment of a weigh master for live stock, in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Hillen, a petition of Elizabeth Burke, widow of Nathan Burke, a revolutionary soldier, praying to be placed on the pension roll.

Mr. Biser, a petition of the Hon. A. Shriver, and others, praying the General Assembly to enlarge the power and duties of the Mayor, in the city of Frederick.

Mr Biser, also a petition of the Hon. A. Shriver, and others, praying the General Assembly to extend and enlarge the duties and powers of the Mayor, in the city of Frederick, so far as relates to constables in said city.

Mr. Mann a petition of Jane Hilleard, of Washington county, praying the passage of an act to make valid her title to several negro slaves for a term of years.

Mr. Turner of Baltimore county, of Mary Pearce, praying to be placed on the pension list of said county.

Mr. Orrick, a petition of Samuel Painter, of Baltimore county to be divorced from his wife Elizabeth Painter.

Mr. Orrick also presented a petition of Thomas Pearce of Baltimore county, complaining of the commissioners of the tax of said county, and praying for the redress of grievances therein mentioned.

Also, a petition of the trustees of the Govanstown Academy, in Baltimore county, praying for a transfer of the donation to the Garrison Forrest Academy, until the rebuilding of the said academy

Also, a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying for an additional appropriation of six hundred dollars to complete the bridge at Monkton Mills.

Also, a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying an act of incorporation for the Hereford Academy in said county.

Mr. Nelson, a petition of William Rampley, and others, of Harford county, praying the passage of a law authorising the commissioners of said county, to levy a sum of money expended by said William Rampley, in building of a bridge.

On motion of Mr. Selby,

Leave was given to the committee on internal improvement to bring a bill to incorporate the Atlantic Rail Road Company.

Mr. Lemmon reported a bill, to alter and change the name of Charles Ricketts, of Somerset county, to that of Charles Evans.

Which was read the first, and by a special order the second time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Orrick,

The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

FOR SALE.

THE OLD PRINTING OFFICE, standing on the subscribers' Lots, (just below George Mackubin, Esq.) will be offered at Public Auction, on FRIDAY, 2d day of February next, on the premises, to the highest bidder for cash, the purchaser obligating himself to remove or cause the same to be removed from said Lots immediately. Sale to take place at 11 o'clock

R. W. GILL,
JAS. IGLEHART.

January 25.—ts.

JACOB BASFORD,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS taken a Shop opposite Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, where he has just arrived with an elegant assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which he offers to his friends and the public, and will have them made up in the most fashionable style, at low prices for Cash, or at short dates, to be met when due. He has adopted this method of business, and shall endeavour to pursue this course, and hopes by strict attention and punctuality to give general satisfaction.

☞ TWO or THREE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

BASIL SHEPHARD,

Having declined business in favour of Mr. J. Basford, who has removed his Shop directly in front of Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, wishes those that are indebted to him either by note, bond or open account, on his old business, or to the firm of Basil Shephard & Co. to call at his old stand, opposite Mr. J. Hughes', and settle the same. All who may have claims against him or the firm, will present them for settlement.

Any orders that may be sent to me, I will have them attended to.

B. S.

Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS,
Thursday, January 26, 1837.

A FAIR for the benefit of the Female Orphan Society of the City of Annapolis, will be held at the Assembly Room, on

TUESDAY, the sixth day of February next,

to which public attention is invited, and for which public patronage is solicited. The doors will be opened at 12 o'clock, M., and tickets for admission had at the time and place of exhibition. As usual, a variety of useful as well as ornamental articles will be offered for sale; the formation of which is now furnishing occupation to a number of benevolent ladies, who will rejoice to see the proceeds of their taste and ingenuity transferred to the Orphans Treasury. The means now resorted to for the support of this Society have so often been attended with success, that it seems scarcely necessary to press their claims further at present. The managers having experienced for the last ten years the most gratifying results to their exertions, feel that it would be unreasonable in them to be distrustful of the future, and relying upon the support of Him who has styled Himself the Father of the Fatherless, are fully resolved to continue their efforts. To most of those who will visit the exhibition, the character of the Society is known, and by them, the object for which it was instituted, will be appreciated — To those who are strangers, it may be advisable to say, that it was formed a few years ago for the purpose of rescuing from poverty and probable vice, female children deprived of their parents, and with them, of support—such exist in every community, who have even in the sunny hours of childhood the weight of misery laid upon their hearts. Unprotected childhood is a melancholy sight to contemplate, yet its sadness is far less distressing than its danger. It is hard to lose in life's earliest years the cheering influence of a parent's smile, but harder still to be exposed to poverty and vice, without the shield of a parent's care. To soothe such youthful mourners, to protect such destitute beings from the evil that surrounds them, the Orphan Asylum opens its doors. To support such an Institution is both a duty and a privilege—to do so is in accordance with His will, "who went about doing good," while on his mission of mercy to a ruined world. It is from His hand we derive all our blessings, and we can never make a more appropriate use of our treasures than by imparting, in obedience to His commands, relief to the destitute.

TO BENEVOLENCE.

The Orphaline School of Annapolis maintains and educates a limited number of destitute female children, at an annual cost of about sixty dollars for each child. It has no certain revenue, nor any patronage. It claims no share of political power for its advancement, and is exclusively dependant on voluntary contributions. It is in every respect essentially a charity. *Its design is to snatch from the fangs of* destitution and want, the children of poverty, desolation and despair. What can more claim our pity and assistance than a female child bereft of both parents, without a father to protect, or a mother to guide it, in the exposed and slippery paths of life? At an age when protection and *sympathy are indispensible to happiness—by the* course of nature deprived of every hope—while the prospects of life are full of thorns and briers — with present starvation in view, and the chances of future degradation awfully increased, this God like charity steps forth, and taking a little sufferer by the hand supplies it with food and raiment; shelters it from the storms of life; teaches it industry; cultivates its tender intellect; directs its young hopes to purity and virtue, and fulfils at once, almost, the place of father and mother. This kindness is done with no hope of reward, save that which springs from doing good for its own sake. When such a charity is considered; the subjects of its pity and guardianship contemplated; the present good it confers, and the future evils it avoids, does it not call loudly upon the generous benevolence of all for aid?

Every human creature is liable to the ills of life. The fortunate and prosperous of this generation are often progenitors of the needy, suffering, and miserable. Who will not then feel in aiding this work, that in its fruits they may be providing friends for children less fortunate than their parents? more unhappy—and perchance more vicious, only because more exposed to the toils and temptations of this life.

In Baltimore, where the objects of such a charity abound, we have witnessed the persevering efforts of a generous female spirit providing a home, food and instruction for hundreds of desolate little ones—succeeding by steady industry in a most laudable purpose, until its whole society attracted and captivated by the zeal and devotion which sustain such enterprises, with willing and liberal hands from year to year pour out their treasures into the lap of this holy cause. Not content with the good it does at home, the Orphans here share the influence of its beneficence, and each season brings its kind offerings. "This however is but the widow's mite. The little sufferers cannot exist upon those charitable gleanings. They call with beseeching voices upon all here still to sustain those who overlook their interest. They call upon the friends of the poor—the most lamentable of the poor—the young—helpless—unprotected—houseless orphan; for a pittance from the bounties of Providence—Who will refuse that call? Not one—There is not one who would not gladly reflect, in a communion with his own thoughts, that in some mode he had contributed his just portion to feed and educate those females whom heaven has placed in the care of charity and mercy.

The subject from the Baltimore Patriot, relative to the sale of the Maryland Gazette, we copy from the "Pioneer," a neat and well conducted paper, published at Greenville, S. C. the following article. It is gratifying to the many friends of Mr. Leary in Annapolis to learn that the capacity as a first rate teacher, is duly appreciated at the South. This gentleman for several years, was a professor of St. John's College in this City, and from his correct and gentlemanly deportment, secured the esteem and regard of many of our most respectable citizens.

GREENVILLE ACADEMIES.

It is with unfeigned pleasure that we call the attention of our readers to the Advertisements respecting the Male and Female Academies, at this place, which will be found in another column of our paper. It will be observed that the Male Academy is still under the general superintendance of W. B. LEARY, Esq. who takes charge of the Classical department himself. As to Mr. L.'s superior qualifications as a teacher, it is unnecessary for us to remark, as it is acknowledged by every one, who has had the least opportunity of judging, that he is unexcelled.

The Mathematical branch is to be under the management of Mr. McVICAR, late Professor of Mathematics in Hampden Sydney College. The high standing of this distinguished gentleman, is a sufficient guarantee that he will fill the station he is to occupy, to the entire satisfaction of the public. The Rev Mr. SPALDING continues to preside over the English classes. This gentleman's abilities as a teacher are well known in this community, and his services duly appreciated. Where, we would enquire, can a School be found that opens under such favourable auspices, taking every thing connected with it into consideration, as the Greenville Male Academy? *There is none within our knowledge* that can be compared to it.

The Female Academy, it will be seen, is still under the management of Mr. and Mrs. HALLONQUIST, whose well-known and undisputed qualifications, great experience, and unremitted application to the arduous duties of the important station they occupy, render it annecessary for us to say any thing further in their favour, than to call attention to their Advertisement It will be seen that three Female Assistants have been employed for the ensuing year, which will insure constant and proper attention to any number of pupils that may apply for admission. We understand, also, that it is the intention of the Principal to erect an addition to the Academy building this Spring, which will greatly add to the comfort and convenience of both teachers and pupils.

Both Academies were opened on Monday last, with a larger number of Scholars than has ever attended at the same season of the year. During a considerable portion of last Summer, the two institutions had upwards of two hundred pupils.

For the Maryland Gazette.

TO THE PEOPLE OF MARYLAND.
No. II.

In a late communication the writer exposed the debts of the State, as of Dec. 1, 1837, and exhibited "the funds specifically appropriated by the several acts, which are particularly referred to for the more authentic elucidation of the matter," besides which, as he showed, "a large amount has been specially assigned and set apart for the redemption of the different debts, within their periods of maturity," insomuch that *the effective means of the sinking fund* ALREADY EXCEED AN AGGREGATE OF MORE THAN EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, which is esteemed a sum sufficient, *by its accumulative operations*, to avoid any probable demand upon the Treasury on account of the *principals* of those debts; and the payment of *interest* being also secured, you are protected *by existing laws*, (if executed in good faith) against any additional taxation for the support of government, and to sustain your credit for a term of time which may be safely computed to reach beyond the productive operations of great improvements now in progress, or prospective—and it cannot be believed that any enactment will be interposed to counteract or impair the wise provisions which have been made for those inestimable purposes"—and he promised in future numbers to "exhibit the wealth and income which have accrued to the State, or are in prospect, from the creation of the debts enumerated —and to demonstrate the deeply injurious consequences which would result from an adverse course of policy, by which the improvements would be retarded or destroyed."

Of the aggregate of debts, amounting to $5,011,980 73, a capital of $292,980 73 has been raised for "the purchase of real estate, and the erection of Penitentiary buildings, and Tobacco Inspection Warehouses—the establishment of the University—the completion of the Washington Monument, and to indemnify the sufferers by Baltimore riots—and $4,719,000 for internal improvement, whereof $1,719,000 is held in stock of different companies, and $3,000,000 in bonds of the corporations upon the security of their respective works and revenues."

The catalogue of wealth which has accrued to the State from the liberal extension of her credit, will embrace the valuable realities on which have been erected splendid edifices for Penitentiary punishment, and Inspection Warehouses—the University with an infirmary and cabinets and libraries—and that magnificent column, arising from its trophied base, and surmounted by its colossean statue, "towering to the skies," in commemoration of him who was "first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen," as if pointing to his beatification in another world. Also, the capacious Hospital for lunatics, and some spacious Temples dedicated to the Deity, towards which the means of the public prosperity have been extensively bestowed—as well as for the promotion of literature, proportionately to her population of any country;—with ample provisions for the education of the deaf and dumb—for the support and solace of surviving officers and soldiers of the War of Independence, and their widows —the Colonization of the free people of colour, and for Topographical and Geological surveys to promote improvements in agriculture, and to develope the mineral riches of her territory. All of which, although not sources of direct revenue, are monuments of munificence highly creditable to the State—eminently calculated to foster and preserve her republican institutions, and to solve the great problem of man's capacity for self-government in a mode most satisfactory to every admirer of the world's hope in this sublime experiment in human polity.

The investments for those beneficial purposes in permanent property, and charges on capital, have exceeded four millions of dollars, exclusive of disbursements for various progressive improvements amounting to $4,719,000, subject to an interest of $265,450 per annum, for which the State is secured, as appears by the last report of the Treasurer, to the amount of $215,000—to wit:

From the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company for one fifth of their receipts for the transportation of passengers on the Washington branch,	$35,000 00
The Baltimore and Susquehanna Rail Road, for interest,	60,000 00
And the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, for interest,	120,000 00
Constituting a total of	215,000 00
And leaving to be supplied from "special deposites," reserved for that deficit, the sum of	50 450 00
	$265,450 00

Until the dividends from these improvements shall prove sufficient for those supplies, which are computed to become so at the end of November 1840—to which time sufficient funds have been provided by adequate enactments in advance.

Over and above the permanent property and other valuable investments enumerated, to an amount exceeding four millions of dollars, without including the public buildings and other property at the seat of government, the State possesses in stocks and specialties, estimated immediately operate, or prospectively productive, as follows—to wit:

In the Farmers Bank of Md.	$190,000 00
Bank of Baltimore,	174,000 00
Mechanics Bank of Balt.	46,500 00
Union Bank of Maryland,	31,800 00
Commercial and Farmers Bank of Baltimore,	21,666 66
Farmers and Merchants Bank of Baltimore,	15,000 00
Franklin Bank of Balt.	15,000 00
Marine Bank of Balt.	10,000 00
Hagerstown Bank,	25,000 00
Canal & Rail Road Stock,	1,938,724 44
Bonds and Loans,	3,054 731 14
Making together,	$5,523,422 24

Besides other stocks and specialties to a considerable amount, of a less substantial or productive character, composing altogether an aggregate of nearly ten millions of dollars in value, or more than the double of the actual liabilities of the State on account of internal improvements.

From all which it appears that the financial legislation of Maryland has not only evinced a wise foresight but has been calculated to elicit her resources and afford the means of your substantial prosperity in future time. And the appropriate response to an invocation from the patriotic advocates of internal improvement—"*laissez nous faire!*" would seem to be the encouraging language of "*go ahead*"—for it needs not the faculty of second sight to depict the injurious consequences of incalculable depth and breadth which would certainly ensue from "an adverse course of policy" by which the adopted system of amelioration would be deranged or retarded, and consequently deteriorated or destroyed. "We are," indeed, "so far slept in that going back were worse than going o'er."

A demonstration of the appalling picture will be reserved for another essay.

A MARYLANDER.

For the Maryland Gazette.

Mr. Editor: A Real Estate Bank, or a State Bank, seems to be a pervading object of desire, and many imagine that the present epoch is peculiarly propitious for such a purpose. But, while it is admitted that, *under proper restrictions and limitations*, the one or the other might be adopted, and made *eminently subservient to the general welfare*, it is believed that, *under existing circumstances*, it would be *inexpedient* to attempt the establishment of a Real Estate Bank, inasmuch as its principle of vitality would necessarily require *a large extension of the public credit*, the beneficial employment of which, for some years to come, might be found impracticable, and thus an *insuperable obstacle* would be, temporarily, interposed. That objection, however, does not apply to the alternative proposition; as, for *a public institution of such a character, the State possesses abundant means within the control of her Legislature*, and the accredited action of her peoples' bank might make productive her latent resources, and prove essentially auxiliary to her fiscal ability, and beneficial to every interest and class of society.

The elements on hand for a STATE BANK would consist of *the several funds and cash deposited*, together with *all investments of the public moneys for revenue, and debts due from individuals and corporations*, which, without including the unproductive capital in the treasury, would constitute EFFECTIVE MEANS TO A GREATER EXTENT THAN ARE POSSESSED BY ALL THE

EXISTING BANKING CORPORATIONS WITHIN THE STATE. And for the two-fold purpose of securing the advantages of such corporate capital, and of securing the creation of a STATE BANK in harmony with the general will, one of the largest Banks in Baltimore, and the Farmers Bank of Maryland, might be purchased, and paid for with State Stock, and MADE IN FULL PUBLIC INSTITUTION. That such an arrangement could be effected, to the common benefit of all parties, cannot be doubted.

The subject is now been fully discussed at preceding sessions, and the results of successive investigations in relation to it being on record in the archives of your legislature, but little labour need be required to comprehend and act upon it. And, if more desirable at some future period, under more auspicious circumstances, the institution now proposed might be converted into A REAL ESTATE BANK; and, in the mean time, its operations as contemplated, might be made *promotive of the landed interest extensively*. The matter is commended to the consideration of liberal and intelligent legislators.

A. M

N. B. The principle proposed has been in practice, with full success, in several States, and many more are now engaged in improving it for the benefit of their people, in their respective legislatures.

A. M

We understand that *John A. Matthews*, has been elected a Delegate from Charles County to supply the vacancy in the State Legislature occasioned by the election of *Mr. Merrick*, to the Senate of the United States.—*Nat. Int.*

The Cincinnati Whig states that there will be nearly *two hundred thousand* hogs slaughtered this winter, at that place and its vicinity.—The highest number any previous season, was one hundred and sixty-two thousand.

A most melancholy accident occurred in this city on Sunday last, under the following circumstances: A respectable physician prescribed for a lady of this city, who had nearly recovered from illness, an ounce of *phosphate of soda*, and wrote his prescription that no mistake might occur. It was sent to an apothecary, and the messenger received from him what was afterwards discovered to be *white precipitate of mercury*, a most deadly poison. The case is rendered still more aggravated from the fact that the patient refused to take the medicine until it had been sent back to the apothecary with a request that he would examine the written prescription and the dose, which he did, and pronounced it correct. The medicine was taken, we regret to say, with the most fatal consequences. The patient died on Sunday, notwithstanding every effort to countervail the effects of the poison.—*Balt. Amer.*

THE EXPLORING EXPEDITION.

The National Intelligencer says:—"We learn that a new difficulty has arisen, as to the character of the vessels intended to compose the squadron for this expedition. According to the *last* plan, it is to be reduced to a sloop of war; one ship of about 450 tons, (the *Relief*;) one brig, and the schooner *Active*. In the opinion of Captain KEARNEY, (who had accepted the command after Captain JONES's retirement,) and the officers associated with him, there would not be on board these vessels, sufficient accomodation for so large a scientific corps as that appointed by the President. We regret to add, that Captain KEARNEY, on the 18th instant, resigned the command of the squadron, and that his resignation has been accepted."

GEORGIA CONFERENCE,

The following Resolutions have been adopted by the Georgia Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, at its late meeting, held at Athens:

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Georgia Annual Conference, that slavery, as it exists in the United States, is not a moral evil.

Resolved, That we view slavery as a civil and domestic institution, and one with which, as Ministers of Christ, we have nothing to do, further than to ameliorate the condition of the slave, by endeavouring to impart to him and his master, the benign influences of the religion of Christ, and aiding both on their way to Heaven.

There are fifty seven clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the cities of New York and Brooklyn.

A WAGONER'S RETORT.

A rich merchant named Hogg, once requested a wagoner to bring him a load of corn, in a stated time, which he failed to do, and did not take the corn till the next day after that which he had promised. The merchant, as might be expected, refused it. "Well," replied the wagoner, "you are the first hog even I knew to refuse corn!"

ADVERTISING EXTRA.

The Editors in Augusta, Georgia, have resolved to publish no advertisement hereafter for a man advertising his wife, unless it is accompanied with *fifty dollars in cash*.

EXTRAORDINARY LEAP FROM A SHIP'S MAST.

Upward of 100,000 persons lately assembled at the Waterloo Dock at Liverpool, to witness an extraordinary feat by a man named Samuel Scott, a native of Philadelphia. For a considerable time before the event took place bets ran high, and much doubt and speculation were abroad, the affair being considered a hoax, practised by the publicans, to get together a crowd of persons in the neighborhood. At twelve of which however, the hour fixed for its taking place, he was considered, ascended the rigging, and amidst the shouts and cheers of thousands, plunged headforemost into the basin from a height of 152 feet. At half past two he announced another leap, which was accomplished without accident. A considerable sum of money was collected among the spectators.

FIRES.

We noticed yesterday, in a postscript, the destruction by fire on Sunday night, about ten o'clock, of the leather store of Messrs. Birely & Kolb, on Cheapside street. We learn that the house they occupied, as well as a part if not the whole of their stock, was covered by a policy of insurance.

The firemen had scarcely returned from the above, when the alarm was again given, and the extensive Beef and Pork packing warehouse of Mr. T. Van Brunt, in Lexington near Paca street, was found to be on fire in the inside.—The warehouse was a large three story building, recently erected, and contained a heavy stock of bacon and lard, which, when ignited, soon caused the whole interior to be enveloped in flames, and prevented the firemen from saving any part of the contents. The tavern of Mr. J. Emmert, separated from Mr. Van Brunt's warehouse by a narrow lane, was several times on fire in the roof, but the timely application of water preserved it from much damage. One of the Lexington market houses was also in great danger from the falling sparks, but sustained no injury.

Mr Van Brunt is an enterprising and industrious man, and although his stock was partially protected by a policy of insurance in the Firemen's Office, his loss will still be heavy.

From the Little Rock (Arkansas) Times.

ANOTHER MURDER.

Wm. McKinney was shot dead by John Wells, on the 1st of December last, in Hot spring county. Wells fled immediately after the murder was committed. The widow of the deceased has offered a reward for the apprehension of the murderer. It would appear from the frequency of these occurrences in our state, that such deeds were licensed. The only way to put a stop to them, is to enforce the law. Let *justice* be done between the criminals and the state. The law is made to condemn the rich as well as the poor, and defend the poor as well as the rich; yet how seldom is *even handed* justice dealt out in cases of murder in our state. Hang two horse thieves for one murderer.—Let us change the thing awhile and hang two murderers for one horse thief, and then law as well as justice will be accomplished.

Correspondence of the Albany Argus.

FROM THE FRONTIER.

BUFFALO, January 16—Dear Sir: The encampment on Navy Island, as I told you, broke up the night before last. The arms, artillery, &c. belonging to this State having been returned. The militia force was concentrated at the crossing from Grand Island to the main land on our shore, at which point the Marshal, under the direction of the District Attorney, arrested the chief of the patriot force, Van Rensselaer. He was taken to Buffalo, and instantly bailed, and left here again at 12 o'clock to join his command, which report says was then straggling through the country, on their way to a point up the Lake where it is said transportation is in readiness to embark them for the Canada shore, in the direction of *Detroit, about 750 strong*. Lt. Col. Hughes is in command at Chippewa—McNabb retired.

From the Buffalo Com. Advertiser, Jan. 16.

THE PATRIOT ARMY DISBANDED.—*The Barcelona.*—Night before last the *soi disant* patriot army on Navy Island, evacuated their position crossing in their boats to Grand Island, surrendered their arms to the United States authorities, and disbanded their forces. The cannon belonging to the State were returned in a scow to Schlosser, and on the way, with all the men on board, came near going over the Falls. She had fallen far down the current, and the men had given up the case as hopeless, when a gale from the northwest sprang up, and by the aid of their blankets wafted them on shore.

The British flag was yesterday morning hoisted on Navy Island.

The Barcelona went down to Schlosser yesterday morning. Three armed British schooners, upon the supposition that she was there to bring up the munitions of war of the disbanded army, were stationed below Black Rock to intercept her, with orders to hail her, and upon her refusing to lay to and be searched, to fire upon her.

We understand that the proper representations having been made to the British Commander by General Scott, she came up early this morning without molestation to Black Rock Dam, where she now lies. We trust that this vexatious war, so far as the Navy Island men are concerned, is ended, and that no measures will be taken to reconcentrate the disbanded forces.

Gen. Van Rensselaer, of the late Patriot army, Navy Island, was arrested last night by one of the U. S. Deputy Marshals, and liberated on giving bail for his appearance at the next session of the United States Circuit Court.

The bail taken was Mr. Van R's own recognizance in the sum of $2,000, with Dr. F. Johnson, George P. Barker, and H. K. South, Esqrs. in the additional sum of $1000 each.

The disbanding of the force at Navy Island has furnished an opportunity for ascertaining the number who were there assembled. They mustered in all 510, who were enrolled. Besides these there were something like 150 supernumeraries.

The U. S. Revenue Cutter, which lay at Erie, was cut out of that place, and arrived here last night, in accordance with an order to that effect from the Secretary of the Treasury.—The lake is still open, and in fine order for navigation.

MILITARY.

Yesterday forenoon, orders were issued by the commander of the forces, for the immediate departure of the Hon. Col. Maitland, of the 32d regiment, to take command of the forces on the Niagara frontier, and that gentleman, accompanied by his Secretary and by Adjutant Kelly, left town about one o'clock. Lt. Col. Wetherell is now in command of the garrison.

The remainder of the 32d regiment, consisting of the Staff, and Light Company, and also one company of the 83d, leave this morning in sleighs for the same destination.

The whole of the 43d Light Infantry Regiment has arrived at Chambly.

The detachment of the 32d Regiment, which left this city on the 5th and 7th inst. and a detachment of the 24th, which left Carrillon about the same time have arrived at Niagara.

[*Montreal Courier, Jan. 15.*

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.

The theatre of war having been shifted from at or near Navy Island to near Fort Malden, my Canada news will, henceforth, be uninteresting. We have nothing later from Buffalo. *Governor Marcy* has returned home. If my hint the other day met with the eye and approval of authority, General Scott is already on his way to Detroit; but before he gets there, in all probability he will be wanted in Vermont, and, it may be, on the Kennebec road region of Maine.

DISTRESSING INCIDENT.

A young girl, the daughter of John Leonard of this city, was sitting up with a dead body on the morning of the eighth, and as many persons in similar circumstances give way to superstition, it is probable the mind of the girl had been labouring at the time, under vague fears, when the discharge of the cannon threw her into convulsions, which were renewed every time the platoon firing was heard, until the circumstance was made known to the officers, and it was discontinued. Since that time she has been very ill, and any sudden sound such as the slamming of a door, immediately brings on the spasms, and it is feared by her friends, that her reason has sustained a shock from which, she may never recover.—*Lancaster Journal.*

HYMENEAL.

Married, on Tuesday the 16th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Waters, Mr. CHARLES C. BRICE, to Miss SUSAN SELBY, all of Anne-Arundel county.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Saturday, after a short but painful illness, Mr. GEORGE MCNEIR, in the 70th year of his age. Mr McNeir was born in Annapolis, Md. but for the last fifty years has been a resident of this city.—*Balt. paper.*

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY, the 5th day of March next, for the purpose of ascertaining the expenses of the county, and laying the levy for 1837.

By order,

R. J. COWMAN, Clk.

January 25 tm.

IN CHANCERY,

23d January 1838

ORDERED, That the sale of the real estate of Luther Moxley and others, as made and report filed by Isaac P Ijams, the trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 23d day of March next, provided a copy of this order be published once in each of three successive weeks before the 23d day of February next in some newspaper.

The report states the amount of sales to be eleven hundred and ninety-seven dollars.

True copy—Test,

RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur Can.

January 25. 3w.

AN ESTRAY COW

TAKEN UP, trespassing on the Farm of the subscriber, near Annapolis, about the 1st December 1836, A RED COW about four years old, marked with a hole in each ear. The owner of the above Cow is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

CHARLES SEARS.

January 4.

A Supplement to the By Law entitled, A Supplement to the By Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise-Street, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th of September 1837.

[Passed January 8th, 1838.]

Whereas by the By-Law passed on the 11th day of December 1837, entitled, A supplement to the By-Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise-street in the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th day of September 1837, it was provided that the Mayor should appoint three Commissioners to ascertain the damages which will be sustained by the owners of property on the line of said street; And whereas the Mayor was himself interested in the matters involved—Therefore,

Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That Andrew Slicer, Philip Clayton, and Aaron Duvall, be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners to assess said damages, and that they be and they are hereby vested with the same powers and authorities, and subjected to the same duties, as if they had been appointed by the Mayor in virtue of the By-Law to which this is a supplement.

JNO MILLER, Mayor.

A TEACHER WANTED

FOR PRIMARY SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 10, North side of Severn, near Annapolis, a person qualified with first immediate employment, if application be made to

JOHN ARNOLD,
ZACHARIAH MERRIKEN,
PHILIP PETTEBONE, } Trustees.

January 18. 3w.

The Baltimore American will oblige the above to the amount of one dollar and forward their account.

IN CHANCERY,

12th January, 1838.

Benjamin Gore
vs.
William Rothwell, Adm'r. of John R. Francis.

THE object of the bill filed in this cause is to obtain a decree to permit the complainant to redeem the negroes hereinafter mentioned, and that the defendant reconvey and reassign to complainant the said negroes, and that the defendant account for the hire, wages and value, of the services of said negroes.

The bill states, that three judgments were rendered against the complainant in Cecil County Court, and writs of fieri facias issued thereon, and three negroes, to wit—two negro men, and one negro woman, the property of complainant, amongst things were seized and advertised for sale by the sheriff of Cecil county to satisfy said judgments—That complainant applied to a certain John R. Francis to lend him money to pay said judgments, or to attend the sale, and purchase said negroes for complainant, and hold the same, and receive the hire, wages and services, of the same, until he the said Francis had been repaid the price for which he should purchase them, with interest—That said Francis did agree with complainant that he would attend the sale of said negroes under said executions, and would purchase said negroes for complainant, and hold the same until he was repaid their price, with interest, out of their hire, wages or services, and as soon as he was repaid he would return and restore said negroes to complainant—That said Francis attended said sale, and stated and proclaimed to sundry persons who were present for the purpose of bidding for said negroes, that he the said Francis was bidding for said negroes for the benefit of complainant, and that he intended and had agreed to return them to the complainant as soon as he Francis was repaid, in consequence of *which declaration the persons who* attended the sale for the purpose of purchasing said negroes refused to bid, and said negroes were struck off to said Francis for the small sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, and said negroes were then and there delivered to said Francis, whereas the said negroes were worth a much greater sum of money, and under other circumstances would have commanded a much larger price—That said Francis departed this life intestate, in 1836, and letters of administration on his personal state were granted to the defendant William Rothwell, who undertook the execution of said trust, and has included the said negroes as the property of the said Francis, in the inventory which he has returned, and that said negroes are still so held and possessed by said Rothwell, as administrator aforesaid—That said Francis did receive the wages of the two negro men for the year 1834, which amounted to one hundred dollars, and that he ever afterwards, up to his death, received the wages, hire or services, of the said men and woman, which were reasonably worth one hundred and twenty five dollars per annum, over and above all charge for clothing and food, and that since his death the same have been received by said Rothwell as his administrator—that the whole amount and value of the said hire, wages, or services of said negroes, greatly exceed the sum or price paid for said negroes, together with the interest that has accrued thereon, and that according to said agreement complainant is entitled to have and repossess said negroes—That complainant demanded said negroes from said Francis in his lifetime, and since his death from said Rothwell, the administrator aforesaid, but that said Francis in his lifetime, and said Rothwell since the death of said Francis, wholly neglected and refused to deliver said negroes to the complainant. The bill also states, that the said William Rothwell resides out of the state of Maryland.

It is thereupon Ordered, That the complainant by causing a copy of this order to be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 19th day of February next, give notice to the said nonresident defendant of the substance and object of the bill, that he may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by a solicitor, on or before the 12th day of June next, to shew cause, if any he hath, why a decree should not be passed as prayed.

True copy—Test,

RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

January 18. 3w

INFORMATION WANTED.

THE subscriber wants the following information:

Some time in the year 1821 or 22, a certain OLIVER POLLOCK, formerly a resident of Baltimore, Maryland, but at the above time a resident of Annapolis, Maryland, left Annapolis for the western country. The said O. Pollock is now dead. Any person that knows of his death, will confer a favour on the subscriber by enclosing him a few lines to Annapolis, Maryland.

N. B. Will the Editors of papers be so good as to insert the above, and by so doing they will confer a great favour on an aged man, with a large family.

WM CATON.

Annapolis, Md. Sept. 12th, 1837.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Annapolis, that they have on hand a superior assortment of LIQUORS and WINES, consisting of the most approved Brands, both in Wood and in Glass, at the most reasonable Prices. The following will exhibit their selections:

LIQUORS.

Pale, Cognac & Peach } BRANDY, Hennessy, J. J. Dupuy, and other brands.
Old Rye & Irish } WHISKEY, warranted 10 years old.
Holland GIN, Strawberry brand.
Jamaica SPIRIT.

WINES.

Extra fine Old Burgundy MADEIRA.
Do do do Sercial do
do do Madeira.
Very fine old Pale and Brown SHERRY.
Do do do PORT.

WINES IN GLASS.

L. P. MADEIRA.
Blackburn's MADEIRA.
Extra fine Old MADEIRA.
Fine do do
Old Brown SHERRY.
Do Pale do
Extra fine Old PORT.

CHAMPAIGNES of the following Brands:

Orange, pts and qts.
Star, qts.
A. Y. qts.
Forrest Fournesse, pts.
Anchor, pts.
Lossenne, qts.

HOCKHEIMER.

Maraschino and Imperial Curraçoa COCKDIALS.

ROYAL PUNCH SYRUP.

CIGARS, CHEWING TOBACCO, &c.

CASES loaned in good order to Members of the Legislature purchasing their Liquors of the subscribers.

DUBOIS & WEEMS.

January 18.

WILLIAM H. BRIAN,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS just received a handsome assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, or to suit customers, at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His stand is directly opposite to Messrs. Shaw & Hughart's Hotel.

October 5.

A MANAGER WANTED,

FOR the ensuing year, on the Farm of Commodore Henry E. Ballard, near Annapolis. A person that can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, will find a desirable situation. None otherwise need apply. Application can be made to Mrs. Ballard, at the Farm, or to

TH. FRANKLIN, Annapolis.

December 7, 1837

NOTICE.

THE creditors of John M. Robinson, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, are hereby notified to meet the subscriber, at the Orphans Court of said county on the 1st of February 1838, to receive their respective dividends of said deceased's estate.

JOHN S. SELLMAN, Adm'r.

Note. All persons having books belonging to the deceased, are requested to leave them with Mrs. Shaw in Annapolis.

January 11.

I know of no pursuit in which more real or important services can be rendered to any country, than by improving its Agriculture.

WASHINGTON.

SUBSCRIPTION

FOR THE

FIFTH VOLUME OF

THE CULTIVATOR,

CONDUCTED BY J. BUEL

Office, No. 3, Washington-street, Albany.

THE CULTIVATOR is a monthly publication of 16 pages, devoted to agriculture, on a sheet of the largest size of paper—28 by 40 inches. The price is ONE DOLLAR per annum, payable in advance. The postage on a volume of the *Cultivator* will not exceed 18¾ cents to any part of the Union, and within the state, and a circle of 100 miles, it will be but 12½ cents. A volume will contain more than 200 pages quarto, will be illustrated with cuts of animals, implements, &c. and be furnished with a copious index. It will comprise as much letter press print as 1500 pages of common duodecimo—as much as the Penny Magazine, published by the British Society for the Promotion of Useful Knowledge, and which, at two dollars per annum, has been reputed to be the cheapest periodical any where published.

The *Cultivator* will continue to treat of the science of agriculture, to furnish instructions for the best modes of practice in all the departments of husbandry, in horticulture, and other rural affairs, and to furnish useful lessons for the improvement of the young mind. The Conductor will endeavour to render it a *present help*, and a volume of *useful reference*, to all who have the ambition to distinguish themselves in rural labours and rural improvements—to help themselves and to benefit society.

☞ Subscriptions to the above work received by

A. COWMAN, Annapolis.

N. B. Those who wish the Cultivator will please send their subscription by the 10th of February next.

Second Call to Waldie's Library.

BOOKS BY MAIL.

PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circulating Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesome.

The fourth year will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1836, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only from January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can be given of its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere per centage of their former cost; it has outlived more than thirty puerile attempts at imitation; and has now an extensive list of patrons who are of the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, its use and purpose, is enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, without being compelled to depend on places of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying polite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor himself a resident from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of an elevated standard of intellect which may be admitted into every family without hesitation by the most fastidious, and become a rallying point for all its members, promoting social belles lettres reading and conversation. The variety thus collected from the whole mass of published works, mostly new, embraces Biography, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Select History, personal memoirs of extraordinary individuals, and curious adventure &c &c. An amount equal to fifty London duodecimo volumes is thus annually furnished in weekly numbers, at a cost truly equal to one of the London works. The plan thus embraces the whole range of popular literature, and the work has now become so universally diffused in every part of the Union as to form no inconsiderable portion of the literature of the country, and with which an acquaintance has become really necessary for those who mix in society.

The Library as now conducted disseminates books to all parts of the country in from five to six weeks after their issue in London. *Five dollars per annum expended in this way* will supply good reading for a whole circle or family; for *a cent and a half a day*, postage included, a duodecimo book is sent every week, making in the course of the year more than three volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be bound at an expense little exceeding that of binding either separately, and constitutes a concentrated collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and uncongenial society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk or idle listlessness so apt to employ a large portion of the time of the many.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four quarto pages, entitled, The Journal of Belles Lettres, containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for $3 00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals obtain five copies for $20 00, a reduction which pays the postage. *Payment always in advance.*

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

THIS periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; or *both* are furnished to clubs of five for $6 00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chamber's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, combined in such a manner as to enlist the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation; price to single subscribers not taking the Library, $2 50, postage paid.

*** A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio once; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1836 of the Library, and the Port Folio for 1835 and 1836, the whole can be had for $20 00. For this an amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its kind. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

Seventh, two doors north of Chestnut street, Philad.

The Museum of Foreign Literature and Science, price $6 00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for $12.

Oct. 6.

NEWSPAPER.

THE BALTIMORE KALEIDOSCOPE,

And Weekly Express,

RECENTLY commenced, and now published every *Saturday*, by YOUNG & ABRAHAMS, at the South East corner of Market and Gay streets, Baltimore, *L. A. Wilmer*, editor. Price $2 per annum.

This paper will contain a great variety of original and selected matter, news, literary and scientific articles, notices of new books, and animadversions on the most popular topics of the day. The publishers have made such arrangements as enable them to promise with confidence that the *Kaleidoscope* shall not be surpassed by any other similar paper in the Union, not only in point of utility, but in the various qualities which make a newspaper attractive and desirable.

One Dollar, in advance, will be received as payment in full for six months. The terms of advertising are moderate. Letters or communications to the editor or publishers, *if post paid*, will receive prompt attention, and the paper will be forwarded to any part of the country, where it may be ordered.—Subscribers at a *distance* are requested to enclose the amount of their subscription, (at least for six months,) when they order the paper.

Baltimore, Nov. 9, 1837.

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

On the 1st of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good paper, of an extra large royal octavo size, and neatly stitched in a coloured cover, the first number

OF A NEW PERIODICAL WORK,

ENTITLED,

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE,

Edited by WILLIAM E. BURTON, Philadelphia.

To whom all original Communications will be addressed.

THE announcement of a new Periodical in the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise but having contemplated an alteration in the nature of a very popular monthly publication, "Every Body's Album," the proprietors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome points of the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor, will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation equal to that of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the proprietors.

The contents of the Gentleman's Magazine will, in every respect, be answerable to the meaning of the title. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly in "eagles soar, above the ken of man," nor shall we be content with merely skimming the surface of the ground; our pages will not be filled with abstruse predilections, nor shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acumen in matters "caviare to the million." In short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreeable book—an epitome of life's adjunctives—a [illegible] and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlour table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of contents attached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found, from some of the most celebrated writers of the day—essays humorous and didactic—graphic delineations of men and manners—free and spirited translations of the lighter portions of the Literature of continental Europe. A series of original biographical notices of the principal stars in the Dramatic hemisphere. The current Literature will be reviewed in full, and liberal extracts made from rare and valuable works. An original copy-right song, not otherwise to be obtained, will be given, with the music, in every number.

The Gentleman's Magazine will contain seventy-two extra sized octavo pages, of two columns each, forming, at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octavo page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year; and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be *THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAPEST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE UNITED STATES.*

To induce subscribers to forward their names immediately, the publisher begs leave to offer the following inducements for Clubbing, the advantages of which proposition can remain in force for a few months only. The subscription to the Gentleman's Magazine will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum, payable in advance—but a five dollar bill will produce two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dollars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to *Charles Alexander*, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet with the earliest attention.

June 30.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, ST. MICHAELS, AND WYE LANDING.

The Steamboat MARYLAND will leave Baltimore on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, at eight o'clock, for the above places from the lower end of Dugan's wharf. Returning the next day, leaving Wye Landing at 8 o'clock for St. Michaels, Annapolis and Baltimore. She will continue this route throughout the season. Passage to Annapolis $1 50, to St. Michaels and Wye Landing $2 50.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L G. TAYLOR.

November 9.

CASH FOR

ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,

Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into the market. I can at all times be found at Mrs Hunter's Tavern in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC F. FURVIS.

Sept. 12.

P. S.—Any communications left with Mr John Lamb, will be promptly attended to.

I. F. F.

SEVENTEEN POPULAR NOVELS,

VIZ.

Peter Simple,
Jacob Faithful,
Pirate and Three Cutters,
Frank Mildmay,
King's Own,
Newton Forster,
Pacha of Many Tales,
Japhet in Search of his Father,
Rattlin the Reefer,
Tilbury Nogo,
The Discovered,
Devereux,
Paul Clifford,
Eugene Aram,
Last Days of Pompeii,
Rienzi,
Falkland,
Pilgrims of the Rhine,

BY E. L. BULWER.

Will be given as a premium to any person who will send the names of Ten Subscribers, and Twenty Dollars in cash, to the publisher of

The Saturday News and Literary Gazette.

And to every person who will send Five Subscribers, and Ten Dollars in cash, a complete set of either Bulwer or Marryatt, as may be preferred.

The prices of the novels above mentioned, if purchased of the booksellers, would be $21 25; and in Godey's cheap and uniform edition they cost $8 50. They can be had of the publisher, at $3 50 for Bulwer, $3 for Marryatt, complete.

The SATURDAY NEWS contains more reading matter than any other paper published in the United States. It is devoted to general Literature, Criticism, the Drama, Agriculture, Intelligence, News, &c. Many of the best writers of Philadelphia are contributors to its columns; and its selections are made from the whole range of English literature. A correspondence is maintained with the principal cities of the Union, and letters are expected from a gentleman of high talent about to travel in Europe.—The subscription price is $2 per annum, payable in advance, or three copies for $5.

L. A. GODEY, & Co.,

The following notices are taken from many of a similar character, made by the leading presses of this city:—

SATURDAY NEWS—The weekly paper with the above title, which we foretold a few weeks since came to light on Saturday last, under the auspices of Messrs. Godey, McMichael & Neal. Such a trio never got together before.—Neal and McMichael beat all for writing, and Godey beats all for publishing; and a capital job they made of their first number, worthy all that was promised. We prophesy for them great success, and for their readers great satisfaction.—*United States Gazette.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS.—We have been favoured with a copy of the first number of this new paper. It is creditable to all concerned. The literary matter is far above the ordinary standard and would not discredit the columns of the most popular newspaper of the British metropolis. Sustained in the same spirit, the News will soon win liberal patronage and enviable reputation. An amusing extract will be found in a subsequent column.—*Inquirer and Courier.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.—The first number of a new weekly paper, with the above title, issued in Philadelphia on Saturday last—it is of the largest size of newspapers published in that city, and succeeds the Gentleman's Vade Mecum, formerly issued by Mr. Charles Alexander, which has been by him transferred to Messrs. L. A. Godey, J. C. Neal, and M. McMichael, three gentlemen very favorably known as possessing the requisite qualifications for conducting such a periodical in the most advantageous manner. The first number is a highly satisfactory specimen of what may be expected from the paper, especially as a literary Gazette. The annual subscription is at the very moderate rate of two dollars.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

We have received the first number of the Saturday News, a weekly paper of the largest class, issued by the Messrs. Godey, Neal and McMichael, able and experienced newspaper editors, who will not fail to give a due share of entertainment and interest to their sheet. The Gentleman's Vade Mecum has been transferred to Messrs. Godey & Co. and will be continued under the title of the Saturday News, which will contain besides a large amount of interesting intelligence and literary matter, in addition to that heretofore embodied in the Vade Mecum. We intended to publish their prospectus to-day, but have been prevented by want of room.—*Berks and Schuylkill Journal.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—We have received the first number of a new weekly paper, of the above title, edited by Louis A Godey, conductor of the Lady's Book, Joseph C. Neal, editor of the Pennsylvanian, and Morton McMichael, the late editor of the Saturday Courier. Judging from the first number we should conclude that it will far exceed, for *original* matter, all new selections, any weekly paper in Philadelphia. It is not a *reprint* of any other Gazette, which is too much the case with the mammoth sheets of that city.—*Newcastle Gazette.*

The first number of the Philadelphia Saturday News has been received at this office, and promises to be one of the very best weekly papers in the Union. The number before us is very creditable to the enterprising publishers and editors, its contents being serious, entertaining and instructive. Those who wish a good family paper from the city, cannot do better than to subscribe for the Saturday News. It is published by L. A. Godey, and edited by Morton McMichael, and Joseph C. Neal, Esqrs.—*Darby Republican.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—The new Journal advertised in our paper under the above title, made its appearance last week, and is, very unequivocally on the "go ahead" system.—There is no doubt, but that the publisher, our friend Godey, whose Lady's Book we have in times past laboured to make our *fair* readers *fairly* in love with, will gain troops of friends in his new enterprise, and fine his pockets to some purpose with the "needful." Very well. We are glad of it. The sketch under our police head is by Mr. Neal, and is in his inimitable style. We hope to be able to treat our friends often to such exquisite touches of sly and quiet humour.—*Saturday Courier.*

Sept. 1.

A BY-LAW,

Entitled, A Supplement to the By-Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise Street in the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th of September 1837.

[Passed 11th December, 1837.]

SECTION 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That three Commissioners be appointed by the Mayor for the purpose of ascertaining, by competent evidence, and in the usual way, what damages will be sustained by the owners of property on the line of said street, and that they shall report to this Board what damage will accrue to each of the said owners by opening the same.

SEC. 2. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That in making the said assessment and valuation, the said Commissioners shall take into consideration, the benefits which will in their judgment, result to said owners by opening the aforesaid street, and that said benefits shall be deducted from the damages which the commissioners may be of opinion the aforesaid owners would otherwise be entitled to.

SEC. 3. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That after the said commissioners shall have made their report to this Board in manner aforesaid, it will be for this Board to decide whether the said street shall be opened, anything in the by-law, to which this is a supplement, to the contrary notwithstanding.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

MAMMOTH SHEET.

OFFICE OF THE SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.

Philadelphia, November 25, 1836.

THE very liberal patronage bestowed on the SATURDAY NEWS, since its commencement in July last, and a desire to meet that patronage by corresponding exertions, have induced us this week to publish a *Double Number*—being the largest sheet ever printed in Philadelphia for any purpose, and the largest literary paper ever printed in the United States. To those of our friends who are practical printers, it need not be mentioned that this undertaking has involved serious mechanical difficulties. The largest—or one of the largest presses in Philadelphia, is used for our ordinary impression—but this would accommodate only a single page of the mammoth sheet, and we were obliged, therefore, to work four forms at different periods. The care used in preparing the paper—in removing and folding the sheets, &c., can only be estimated by those who have seen the experiment made; and, added to the necessarily increased amount of composition, press work, &c., these supplementary expenses have made an aggregate cost, which would have deterred many from engaging in the enterprize. A gain of two thousand new subscribers will not repay the actual cost of this single number.

We flatter ourselves that, besides its extraordinary size, this number presents attractions that entitle it to some attention.—It contains the whole of *Friendship's Offering* for 1837, the London copy of which costs $4, and has 384 closely printed pages of letter press. Distinguished as the present age, and particularly our own country, has been for cheap reprints, we believe this surpasses any former instance. For *four cents* subscribers to the *Saturday News* receive, in addition to their ordinary supply of miscellaneous matter, an English annual, the largest yet received for the coming season; and they receive it, moreover, in a form that, from its novelty, gives it additional value.

Of the general character of the *Saturday News* we need not speak. That has now become so well known as to require no comment. We may take occasion to say, however, that in enterprize and resources we yield to no other publishers in this city or elsewhere, and we are determined that our paper shall not be surpassed. We have entered the field prepared for jealous competition, and we stand ready in every way to realize our promise, that no similar publication shall excel that which we issue. Our articles, both original and selected, we are not ashamed to test by any comparison which can be adopted; and there is no periodical in the United States, monthly or weekly, which might not be proud of *many* of our contributors.

The issuing of this number may be regarded as an evidence of our intention and ability to merit success. Nor will it be the only effort—From time to time, as opportunity offers, we propose to adopt extraordinary means for the interest and gratification of our subscribers.

L. A. GODEY, & Co.

THE SALMAGUNDI,

AND NEWS OF THE DAY.

ENRICHED WITH A MULTITUDE OF COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

A NEW PERIODICAL, of a novel character, bearing the above appellation, will be commenced on the beginning of January, 1836. While it will furnish its patrons with the leading features of the news of the day, its principal object will be to serve up a humorous compilation of the numerous lively and pungent sallies which are daily floating along the tide of Literature, and which, for the want of a proper channel for their preservation, are positively lost to the Reading world. Original wits and humorists of our time will here have a medium devoted to the faithful record of the scintillations of their genius. It is not necessary to detail the many attractions which this journal will possess, as the publisher will furnish a specimen number to every person who desires it—(those out of the city, will forward their orders, postage paid)—☞ and he pledges himself that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to make each succeeding number superior in every respect to the preceding ones.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be printed on large imperial paper, equal in size and quality to that which is at present used for the Gentleman's Vade Mecum. It is calculated that MORE THAN

500 ENGRAVINGS

will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one year—these, in addition to an extensive and choice selection of Satire, Criticism, Humour and Wit, to be circulated through its columns, will form a Literary Banquet of a superior and attractive order; and the publisher relies with perfect confidence on the liberality of the American public, and the spirit and tact with which this expensive undertaking will be prosecuted, to bear him successfully and profitably along with it.

The Terms of THE SALMAGUNDI will be TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable invariably in advance. No paper will be furnished unless this stipulation is strictly adhered to. ☞ Clubs of three will be supplied with the paper for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note, postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. ☞ The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

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